

**THE FAMILY
OF
WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE
1756-1820
OF
HALIFAX COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA AND WAXHAW, SOUTH CAROLINA**



"Davie was soldier, jurist, statesman and patriot and a great man in the age of great men". William Gaston

Portrait done by Charles Willson Peale in April 1826 with permission from Davie's son, Allen.

**AND
HIS CONNECTIONS TO FAMILIES
OF
RICHARDSON, CRAIGHEAD, DESAUSSURE, JONES, LONG, EATON, MONTFORT, MCKINNIE, RICKS, EELBECK,
BRADFORD, BRANCH, AND OTHERS**

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION p.4

THE TIMELINE OF WR DAVIE p. 6

THE DAVIE FAMILY p. 11

RELATED FAMILIES

- +Richardson Family p. 25
- +Craighead Family p. 27
- +DeSaussure Family p. 33
- +Jones Family p. 34
- +Long Family p. 47
- +Eaton Family p. 53
- +Montfort Family p. 56
- +McKinnie/Mackquinney Family p. 59
- +Eelbeck Family p. 61
- +Ricks Family p. 62
- +Bradford Family p. 63
- + Branch Family p. 67

THE WILL OF WR DAVIE p. 69

THE TOMB OF WR DAVIE p. 73

MAP-LANDS ALONG CATAWBA RIVER p. 75

THE LITIGATION INVOLVING THE WR DAVIE
HOUSE IN LANDFORD, SC p. 76

DAVIE FAMILY HOUSES p. 84

SOURCES p. 88

EPITATH p. 88

- Portrait of WR Davie by Karen
Vaughan

Famed Tiger Lilies of Landsford Canal, near “Tivoli”, the
plantation of William Richardson Davie in South Carolina.



INTRODUCTION

First, apologies for any mistakes. Anyone who does research in ancestry understands that much that has been written in old books and on the Internet, is incorrect, confusing, and/or contradictory. Just because you see it in writing does not make it true. However, searching authentic documents and using logic can attribute to good inferences. Most often I used ancestry.com but many other sources.

I have also read many books on WR Davie. The preeminent biography was *William Richardson Davie* by Blackwell Pierce Robinson which had currently been reprinted by Friends of Historic Halifax and Historical Halifax Restoration Association. Paperback books are available on the University Press website.

William Richardson Davie is noted today as a founding father of the United States of America. Judge Gaston, eulogizing Davie, said he was “*a great man in the era of great men.*” Although born in England, WR Davie lived for large periods of his life in two specific areas, the Waxhaws (border area of NC and SC) where he spent his young, formative years and later, his retirement years and Halifax, NC where he practiced law, delved in politics, and raised a family.

The town of Halifax in North Carolina was a significant town during the Revolutionary War period for many reasons. Located on the Roanoke River, the town was strategically located for commerce. It served as a defacto capital of NC, hosting several Provincial Congresses and serving as an armament center for the militia. The Halifax Resolves was unanimously approved by statewide delegates to the 4th Provincial Congress. This was the first documented official action by a colony to direct their delegates at the Congressional Congress in Philadelphia to vote for independence from England. The year before, on May 20, 1775, a group of citizens from Mecklenburg County (originally part of the Waxhaws) had drafted a Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence. It is important to note that three signers of the Mecklenburg Declaration, John Phifer, John McKnitt Alexander, and Robert Irwin, were present at the 4th Provincial Congress in Halifax a year later. The original MeckDec document was lost when the home of John McKnitt Alexander burned but remaining notes and other evidence support this endeavor although it continues to be controversial. John Adams became involved and actually accused Thomas Jefferson of “borrowing” some of the language for the American Declaration of Independence. Regardless, NC commemorates both events with their dates on the NC flag and their slogan of “First in Freedom.

The Waxhaws was settled around the 1750s mostly by Scot-Irish Presbyterians seeking freedom of worship and living away from political centers. These settlers, came first to Philadelphia, then to Augusta County, Virginia, and further down the Old Wagon Trail to the Waxhaws. As a result of their long history of warring with English rule, this area became a hotbed of resistance. Several books/articles document the involvement of the Scottish Presbyterian ministers who preached independence and freedom to their congregations. One of these ministers, the **Reverend William Richardson, was the uncle to William Richardson Davie**, and was a pastor of the Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church. Reverend Richardson financed the transport of his sister Mary Richardson Davie and her family to America as he hoped to have the young WR Davie follow in his footsteps. Davie’s mother allowed Reverend Richardson to manage the education of her son. She died when WR was eight. Seven years later in 1771, when Davie was fifteen, his uncle mysteriously died. The onset of revolutionary unrest resulted in Davie’s involvement in military service and subsequently, choosing a career in law and politics. In 1785, Davie married the daughter of one of his commanding officers, General Allen Jones of Northampton County, NC, and moved to North Carolina, eventually building his home across the Roanoke River in the town of Halifax.

Why am I interested in WR Davie?

First I knew the name from attending the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. Davie had introduced a bill in congress in 1789 to charter the first state school, but continued his involvement was many years by securing funding, selecting the location, developing curriculum, hiring teachers, and serving on the board of directors. As a mason, he laid the cornerstone of the first building on the campus, Old East. There is also a commemorative tree on campus, the Davie Poplar Tree, where it is said that Davie lunched while considering the site for the school.

Secondly, my ancestors, my father's family, the Dunlaps, lived in the Waxhaws for five generations in close proximity to the family of WR Davie. They were Presbyterian Scot-Irish and many including my ggggrandfather, Samuel Dunlap, are buried in the church yard of the Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church. Nearby, about fifteen feet away, are the graves of WR Davie, his parents, two sons, and a granddaughter. This church was organized in the 1750s and is considered the oldest church in the area. Tombstones in the cemetery date from 1759 and the church was entered into the National Register of Historic Places in 1975. WR Davie's uncle, Reverend William Richardson, was the first minister of the Waxhaw Presbyterian Church although his ministry took him to other churches in the area.

Thirdly, I currently live in Halifax County in North Carolina near the historic town of Halifax where there is a state historic site on which the family home of WR Davie still stands and is open for tourists. Davie lived in Halifax from 1785-1805. He moved here to marry a daughter of a general but after her death and a loss of a contested election, he returned to his plantation in South Carolina.

This research focuses on the DAVIE family and the connections to many other families. The contributions of WR Davie are well documented and a timeline summarizing them is included in the first several pages. This profile documents the network of connections of a 18th Century family with many of the notable families in the area. How intricate a tapestry it is. This should be of no surprise that many prominent families had marital ties since social occasions revolved around family functions, political connections, and church activities. But it is interesting how the descendants were connected to other notable events and people over time.

This is not a definitive work but a deep dive into the rabbit hole of a family ancestry with an invitation of others to follow. I invite corrections. kjdvaugha@aol.com

Karen Dunlap Vaughan, Winter 2025

THE TIMELINE OF WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE 1756-1820

1756	WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE was born on June 22 in Egremont Parish, Cumberlandshire, England to Scottish Presbyterian parents, Archibald Davie 1724-1800 and wife, Mary Richardson 1723-1767. Archibald was involved in the business, “manufactory of damask” at Whitehaven in England. One credible source asserts that in 1764, only Archibald immigrated only with his son WR Davie, leaving Mary and the two younger children in England. There is an immigration document dated 1766 for Archibald Davie arriving in Charleston SC with children. Soon after, Archibald’s partner in the damask business absconded with the money, resulting in financial problems for the business and the family which prevented the father’s return to England. His wife, Mary, sold all family property to raise funds for their immigration and came to America with the two younger children, entering through Charleston, SC where they encountered a yellow fever epidemic. Mary died three days after arriving in the Waxhaws. (Source: Robinson)
1764	Most likely the Reverend William Richardson, the brother of Mary Richardson, financed the transportation of Archibald and Mary, along with their three children, to America to settle in the Waxhaw area along the Catawba River along the border of NC and SC. Reverend Richardson was is the minister at the Waxhaw Presbyterian Church, an early church that was mostly populated with “backwoodsmen” Scot-Irish or Scottish Presbyterians.
1765	Archibald Davie purchased three hundred acres of land and was engaged in agricultural interests.
1767	Mary Richardson Davie, wife of Archibald, dies leaving a husband with eleven-year-old son William Richardson, eight-year-old daughter Mary Magdalene, and five-year-old son Joseph. Around this time, there are documents stating that Archibald borrowed 200 English pounds from his brother in law, Reverend William Richardson.
1771	The Reverend William Richardson, died at age forty-two, mysteriously and controversially. In his will, the Reverend bequeathed to his nephew, WR Davie, 150 acres of land and a large library. The reverend’s wife was Nancy Agnes Craighead, a daughter of a famous Presbyterian minister, Alexander Craighead who pastored two churches in Mecklenburg County and was known as a fierce minister preaching “with a sword in hand” against England and its restrictions on the settlers. There were subsequent accusations against Nancy Agnes for responsibility in the early death of her husband. She was cleared by a primitive Scottish ritual trial that involved her touching the face of the corpse. At this time, the fifteen-year-old WR Davie was enrolled in Queen’s Museum (later Liberty Hall), a school in Mecklenburg County, NC.
1772	Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson), the widow of the reverend, married Captain George Dunlap (1736-1800). There are indications that WR and his younger siblings, Mary and Joseph, were residing in this household even though their father, Archibald, continued to live on his farm in the area.
1774	Davie enrolled in the College of New Jersey (later Princeton University) whose president was Reverend John Witherspoon, a Presbyterian with family connections in the Waxhaws area. Witherspoon was a signer of the Declaration of Independence, the only minister to do so.
1775	A group of mostly Scottish Presbyterian residents of Mecklenburg County near the area of the Waxhaws declare their desire for independence from England with the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence (MeckDec) . May 20, 1775 (date on NC flag)
1776	Battle of Moore’s Creek Bridge near Wilmington, a conflict between loyalists and patriots, was the first instance of blood being shed on North Carolina soil. The 4 th Provincial Congress, made up of 83 delegates from counties and towns, met in Halifax NC, and unanimously approved a resolution, the Halifax Resolves , which directed the three representatives from the state at the Continental Congress in Philadelphia to vote for independence from England. With blessings from the president of the College of New Jersey’s, Dr. Witherspoon, Davie left school to volunteer with the militia in the Waxhaws. Six months later, he returned to school to take his exams and received a degree in the first honor.
1777	Davie moved to Salisbury, Rowan County, NC, to read law with Judge Spruce Macay, a noted attorney and judge. In later years, Macay also provided legal training to familiar connections of Davie, such as Andrew Jackson, childhood friend of Davie’s, and later, the president of US. Macay was read law with Reverend

	David Caldwell, husband of Rachel Craighead, sister to Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) (Dunlap). Caldwell was another Presbyterian minister known to support independence from England.
1778	Davie interrupted his legal training to serve with a detachment of NC militia raised under General Allen Jones of Northampton County , NC to defend the early settlement of Charlotte. In a few months, he returned to legal studies, but, once again, in December, he was involved in military service after inducing Captain William Barnett of Mecklenburg County, NC to raise a troop of horse around Salisbury (Rowan County) with Davie serving as lieutenant.
1779	After the resignation of Barnett, Davie was promoted to Captain of a NC Light Dragoons Regiment and shortly thereafter, Major of Calvary in 2 nd Mecklenburg County Regiment. At the Battle of Stono (Stono Ferry, SC) on June 20, Davie received a substantial wound to his thigh which required a year to heal. While convalescing, he resumed his law studies and obtained his license to practice law in Rowan County at the special request of Richard Caswell who later became the first governor of the state of NC.
1780	Davie sold his inheritance from his uncle and used the proceeds to reenters military action again as major commanding a troop of cavalry and two companies of mounted infantry. He served in military skirmishes along the NC/SC line against General Lord Charles Cornwallis including at Wahab's Plantation where they routed the enemy. He was promoted to Colonel over NC State Cavalry-Western District. Davie used unusual guerilla fighting techniques against the British advanced on Charlotte which resulted in Lord Cornwallis' remarking that this area of the country was a " Hornet's Nest ". In May, Davie served in the Battle of Waxhaws against Lt. Col. Banaster Tarleton where the older brother of Andrew Jackson died. He continued service at Ramsour's Mill in Lincoln County, NC in June, the Battle of Hanging Rock in August, the Battle of Charlotte in September, and the Battle of Kings Mountain in October. At Hanging Rock, Davie fought along with thirteen-year old Andrew Jackson who recalled Davie as one of the best soldiers that he had ever known. During this year, Davie also received his license to practice law in Superior Court.
1781	General Nathanael Greene appointed Davie to be commissary-general for Carolina campaign with the challenging mission of furnishing arms and supplies to the troops. Davie was present at Guilford Courthouse in March, Hobkirk Hill in April, the evacuation of Camden, and the Siege of Ninety-Six in May and June. In July, he became Commissary General of North Carolina with headquarters at Halifax. The state's credit had fallen so low that often Davie had to pledge his own funds to continue to supply the troops. His headquarters was Halifax so it is probable that he met Sarah Jones, the daughter of General Allen Jones, at this time.
1782/3	Davie married Sarah Jones, the daughter of General Allen Jones, and moved to her home county of Northampton County, NC, but a year later, Davie and his wife purchased land on the south side of the Roanoke River in Halifax County in the town of Halifax which was the most populous town in the area at that time, and build his family home, "Loretta" on land previously owned by Joseph Montfort, whose daughter, Mary, had married Willie Jones, the brother of Allen Jones. Willie Jones and WR Davie were aligned politically, working on many projects, including the founding of the first state university, but also found themselves on opposite sides later during the process of ratification of the US Constitution. Jones was an anti-Federalist who opposed a strong central government. Davie engaged in the practice of law, traveling circuits, eventually practicing in five of the six judicial districts in NC.
1784	Davie won his first seat in the NC House of Commons where he would ultimately serve ten terms, twice representing Northampton County and eight times representing the town of Halifax. He also purchased additional land in Halifax County.
1785	Davie and his wife have their first child, a son, Allen Jones Davie.
1786	Davie continued to serve in the NC House of Commons where he focused on revising and codifying NC Laws, investigating boundary issues, reviewing monetary issues, and promoting education. Davie obtained a charter to establish Warrenton Academy . Davie and his wife have their second child, Hyder Ali Davie.
1787	Davie was chosen as one of NC's five delegates to the Constitutional Convention in Philadelphia along with Governor Richard Caswell, Willie Jones, Alexander Martin and Richard Dobbs Speight Sr. Willie Jones refused to serve and the governor appointed Hugh Williamson. Davie was influential in resolving the difficult issue of equalizing representation for states with smaller white populations in the senate by suggesting each state having two senators and recommending the number of representatives be determined by a population count that included counting enslaved people as 3/5ths of a person instead of

	omitting them. He also was instrumental in adding the article for impeachment. Davie left the convention early to return to commitments of his legal practice and the fall circuit so did not sign the document. At this time, he also was a lieutenant colonel commander of a militia regiment in the district of Halifax.
1788	Davie was elected to the state convention at Hillsborough where they considered ratification of the newly proposed Federal Constitution. Key Federalists were James Iredell Sr., William Davie, and William Blount. Anti-Federalists included Willie Jones, Samuel Spencer, and Timothy Bloodworth. Governor Samuel Johnston presided. The Constitution was neither ratified nor rejected by North Carolina.
1789	An advocate for education and aware of a provision in the 1776 state constitution which specified establishment of affordable schools and universities, Davie introduced a bill in the state legislature to charter the first state university which later became the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. A previous attempt had been made by the Reverend Samuel Eusebius McCorkle in 1784 but the bill was rejected due to financial restraints and political turmoil. Later, McCorkle planned for Judge Spruce Macay, Davie's former law teacher, to introduce the bill, but Macay had conflicting judicial duties. After getting his bill accepted, Davie became involved with all aspect of establishing the school. Davie attended the convention at Fayetteville to reconsider ratification of the US Constitution and compromised with the anti-Federalists by agreeing to a Bill of Rights that placed some restrictions on the US government The US Constitution was ratified, allowing NC into the union. During this year, President George Washington offered Davie a position as district judge of Federal Court of NC, but he declined and recommended John Sitgreaves, the husband of Sarah Cobb Jones (Green), daughter of Allen Jones, and sister to WR Davie's wife.
1790	Davie and his wife have a third child, a daughter, Mary Haynes Davie.
1791	Davie became a member of the free masons. He was also elected as a member of the NC House of Commons serving additional terms in 1793, 1794, 1796, and 1798. He was appointed by the legislature as one of the commissioners to work on resolving the boundary dispute between NC and SC, serving again in 1796 and 1803. It was through this work that the territory now known as Tennessee was ceded by North Carolina to the United States. George Washington visited Halifax, NC. It was also during this year that WR Davie was almost involved in a duel with John Hamilton of Edenton over his support for the return of loyalist property.
1792	Davie was elected as Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons in NC and Tennessee , serving for seven consecutive years. He also was selected as part of a committee to "seat the university" ultimately selecting a location near "Newhope Chappel Hill". Davie introduced a bill to establish a permanent residence for officials of NC which resulted in the purchase of the Joel Lane plantation where the new capital of Raleigh was laid out.
1793	As the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, Davie presided over the laying of cornerstone for the first building , "Old East" on the campus of the new state school on October 12 th in Chapel Hill. Davie and his wife have their fourth child, a daughter Sarah Jones Davie.
1794	Davie was commissioned by Governor Spaight as a Major General of the third division of the NC Militia.
1795	The first student arrived at the university in Chapel Hill and instruction began.
1796	Davie is appointed by the legislature to settle boundary issue between SC and NC. Davie and wife have a fifth child, a second daughter, Martha Rebecca Davie.
1797	He is appointed Commander of the state militia by NC Governor Samuel Ashe. He began to write a 180-page military training manual which was printed in 1799 by Abraham Hodge 1755-1805, who operated a traveling press for George Washington while he was encamped at Valley Forge, Pa. In 1784, Hodge was a resident of Halifax NC where he established a printing office and in 1785, was elected the state printer by the General Assembly in North Carolina.
1798	WR Davie was elected by the General Assembly on the Federalist ticket as the 10th governor of NC . He is appointed by President John Adams as brigadier general in the US Army . During his administration, the state settled the boundary dispute with South Carolina and Tennessee. Davie also become involved with the Roanoke Navigation Company with the intent to further inland navigation of the river.
1799	Before his term as governor was completed, President Adams appointed Davie as a special envoy to France to negotiate agreements on amity and commerce to resolve the XYZ affair, an undeclared naval war with France. On the way to NY, Davie called on George Washington at Mt. Vernon. Joseph Blount

	Littlejohn, wife of Ann Maria Jones, daughter of Willie Jones, traveled with him as his assistant. In France, they met with Joseph Bonaparte, brother of Napoleon, and French Foreign Minister Talleyrand. After several months, Napoleon signed the official document. Back home in Waxhaw, his uncle, Elijah Crockett, husband to Davie's sister, Mary Magdalene, died.
1800	Davie returns from France. Davie and his wife have a sixth child, son Frederick William Davie. Davie's father, Archibald Davie, died in SC. Davie has his portrait painted by John Vanderlyn.
1801	Davie is appointed by President Thomas Jefferson to head a commission that will arbitrate a treaty with the Tuscarora Native Americans , who had mostly moved out of the state. The resulting treaty of 1802 allowed a tract of land in Bertie County NC, named <i>Indian Woods Reservation</i> , to be leased out until 1916. At the conclusion of the term, it was difficult for the Native Americans to recover ownership or compensation of the land from the white settlers so additional litigation was needed for resolution.
1802	Davie's wife, the thirty-nine year old Sarah Jones Davie, died in Halifax leaving Davie with children Allen, age 17, Hyder, age 16, Mary Hayes, age 13, Sarah, age 10, Martha Rebecca, age 7, and Frederick, age 3. The care and education of his children became his primary concern. His first two sons were enrolled in the university that he founded, his 3 daughters attended Moravian schools, and his last son, who came of age after Davie moved back to the Waxhaws, enrolled in the University in South Carolina. Also during this year, WR met with Eli Whitney regarding his new invention, the cotton gin.
1803	In Halifax County, the federalist Davie lost an election to incumbent democratic-republican Willis Alston Jr. 1770-1837, a nephew of Nathanael Macon, Speaker of the House, and a follower of Thomas Jefferson. Davie was appointed by legislature to assist in settlement of another issue of the boundary between SC and NC
1804	After an absence of seven years, Davie attended meetings of the Board of Trustees at the University in Chapel Hill.
1805	Discouraged with politics, Davie retired and moved from Halifax NC to his South Carolina plantation, "Tivoli" in the Waxhaws, overlooking the Catawba River where the "famed Spider Lilies bloom". Davie gave his son Allen his five-acre home plot in Halifax, a large plantation on the Quanky Creek, and a thousand acre farm in Chatham County.
1807	Davie ends his eighteen years of service on the Board of Trustees for the university.
1809	Davie purchased a champion race horse, Sir Archie , from William Ransom Johnson of Warren County, NC, for the impressive sum of \$5000. Davie gave the horse to his son Allen who kept him at the stables near Halifax, NC but in 1816, Allen had to sell the horse to settle financial debts. In 1955, this stallion was among the first class of horses inducted into the National Museum of Racing and Hall of Fame in Saratoga Springs, New York.
1810	Davie was cited as the " Father of the University " in the board's official minutes which recognized his 23 years of unceasing efforts.
1811	WR Davie received the first honorary doctorate of laws from the University.
1812	Davie declined an offer from President James Madison to become major general in command of the American forces in the War of 1812. The Federalists failed in their attempt to put forth Davie on a ballot as vice-president along with Rufus King for president of the United States.
1815	Hampered now with rheumatism, Davie began to make regular visits to the Warm Springs, now called Hot Springs, a resort in Madison County in the western part of North Carolina NC for treatments. Davie's sister, Mary Magdalene, died.
1819	Davie was appointed by governor of SC as a commissioner on the Board of Public Works in South Carolina.
1820	At age 64, WR Davie died at "Tivoli" Plantation , Landsford Canal, Chester SC, and was buried the Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church cemetery in Lancaster County, SC just across the Catawba River from his plantation. William Gaston 1788-1884, Justice of NC Supreme Court and author of the NC official state song, wrote the eulogy for him. His son Frederick, inherited his Catawba plantation.
1831	Davie's daughter, Martha Rebecca, wife of Dr. Churchill Benjamin Jones, died in South Carolina.
1848	Son, Hyder Ali Davie, husband of Elizabeth Jones, died in South Carolina.
1849	Daughter, Mary Haynes Davie, wife of John Crockett, died in Alabama.
1850	Son, Frederick William Davie, husband of current wife, Mary Frederick Frazier, died in South Carolina.

1851	Son, Allen Jones Davie, husband to Mary Elizabeth Wall, died in unknown area of western US.
1854	Daughter, Sarah Davie, wife of William Ford DeSaussure, US Senator, died in Columbia, SC.

THE FAMILY OF WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE, beginning with a grandfather....

The surname of this family is spelled Davy, Davie, Dave, Davie

The biography, *William Richardson Davie* by Blackwell Pierce Robinson is an important source of information. Robinson asserted that WR Davie had a grand uncle, William Davie/Davey, whose son Gabriel eventually resided in Person Co. NC. Blackwell also commented that the family coat of arms for the Maryland family and the South Carolina family was identical and indicated English roots.

WILLIAM DAVEY b. 1700 Gloucestershire, England, was said to be the first of this family to come to America and who settled in the Williamsburg, VA area. William Davey married Mary Ashburn 1699-1770 in 1720, in Annapolis, MD.

Children of William Davie and Mary Ashburn include:

1. GABRIEL DAVIE/DAVEY b. 1720/36 Maryland d. 1792 Person Co. NC married Elizabeth Bumpass 1738-1808 and moved to Person Co. NC. Gabriel's western lands in Madison Co. TN were divided in 1827 among his heirs including Robert Davey, Robert Gill (spouse of Elizabeth Davey), John Davey, Gabriel Davey, heirs of Edward Davey and spouse Margaret Nicks, William Davey, Ashbourn Davey, James Davey, heirs of Isaac Vanhook (spouse of Sarah Davey).

Children of Gabriel Davey and Mary Ashburn:

1. Gabriel Davey 1767-1853 TN married Tabitha Jane Faulkner 1777-1855,
2. Ashburn Davey 1769-1810 TN married 1794 Elizabeth Winstead,
3. John Davey 1772-1842,
4. Edward Bumpass Davey 1773-1826 TN married Elizabeth Winstead 1755-1852,
5. James Davey 1753-1813 Person Co. NC,
6. Sarah Davey married Isaac Vanhook,
7. Elizabeth Davey married Robert Gill,
8. Robert Davey,
9. John Davey.

From this line descends, **COLONEL PRESTON DAVIE** of NY b. 1881 Louisville KY d. 1967 NY. Blackwell asserted that Preston Davie was a collateral descendant of William Richardson Davie and gave him credit as a valid resource.

Colonel Preston Davie donated a substantial amount of documentation, known as the *Preston Davie Collection of Early Americana*, to the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and stated that these materials were owned by Colonel William Richardson Davie 1843-1921, the grandson of the William Richardson Davie, who passed them to one of his ancestors before Colonel Preston Davie moved to Austin, Texas where he later became Secretary of State.

Preston Davie first married Emily Bedford, and secondly, Eugenie Mary "May" Ladenburg.

The father of Colonel Preston Davie was George **Montgomery** Davie b. 1848 KY d. 1887 KY who married Margaret Howard Preston, daughter of Major General William Preston and Margaret Wickcliff. George Montgomery Davie's father was Winston Jones Davie b. 1824 KY d. 1887 KY who married Sarah Ann Phillips b. 1827 South Carolina d. 1859 KY. Winston's father was Major Ambrose Davie b. 1786, planter from Creswell Co. NC(?), who died in 1863 in Kentucky. Ambrose Davie was married to Elizabeth Ann (?West). The parentage of Ambrose Davie could not be determined so there is not a substantiated link to the line of WR Davie.

It is noted that the brother of WR Davie, Joseph Davie b. 1784 married a Montgomery which is similar time period as Ambrose Davie b. 1786 but again no linkage was located.

FATHER OF WR DAVIE, ARCHIBALD DAVIE 1724-1800:

There is a copy of a birth certificate on ancestry.com from Abercorn, West Lothian, Scotland dated 8-31-1725 documenting the baptism of **ARCHIBALD DAVIE**, son of JAMES DAVIE 1686-1760 and KATHERIN SHAW/SCHAW 1707-1770, daughter of James Patrick Shaw 1674-1726 Scotland and Isobel Milne. The record indicated that James Davie is the son of James Samuel "The Black" Davie 1655-1765 and Jennet Cairncross Lane b. 1659 d. Scotland. There is suggestion that this family came to NC/Rowan/Caswell Counties. This could possibly refer to the father of WR Davie.

ARCHIBALD DAVIE b. 1724 Scotland d. 3/4/1800 SC. There is a tradition that Archibald was educated by the Duke of Argyll, but after joining with the rebels during the Battle of Culloden in 1746 where the English defeated the Scots, he had to seek refuge in Holland for a considerable amount of time until all concerned were pardoned. During the time in exile, he supported himself by writing for an extensive mercantile firm. After pardons were issued to the rebels, Archibald returned home and eventually sought the hand of marriage with Mary Richardson whose stern father would not give his consent until Archibald had established himself in a business. The future father-in-law was said to have contributed, in lieu of a dowry for his daughter, to the establishment of a damask (cloth) business in Egremont, near Whitehaven, England, a town which is located on the western side of England near the Isle of Man, across the Solway Firth from Dumfriesshire, Scotland. Archibald Davie had learned the process for making damask while exiled in Holland.

Archibald was described in his later years by a granddaughter-in-law as "a man of great personal beauty, highly intelligent, fond of literary pursuits and hunting, in which tastes he indulged himself". (Robinson book, p.3-4).

Archibald Davie eventually married Mary Richardson b. 1723, the daughter of David Richardson 1693-1734 and Janet Johnstone 1699-1741, in Ruthwell Parish, Scotland. Janet Johnstone was the daughter of Walter Johnstone of Dumfries. David Richardson was an agent merchant for the East India Company. When Mary's father died, he left a substantial estate and eight children, three of which were underage and placed under the care of guardians. Mary was twenty-years-old but delayed her wedding to Archibald Davie in order to care for her younger brothers, a fourteen-year-old William and a thirteen-year-old Joseph. The brother William eventually attended university and completed certification as a minister and around 1751/4, he traveled to America. In 1752, William was appointed minister of the Waxhaw Presbyterian Church and purchased 300 acres on the east side of the Catawba River to build his "two story manse with glass windows". On his travels to the Waxhaws, he was tasked with the ordination of the minister at the Sugaw Creek Presbyterian Church in Mecklenburg Co. NC. Alexander Craighead had a number of children, one of which, a daughter, Nancy Agnes Craighead married Reverend William Richardson and moved to the Waxhaws area. They were no children of this marriage. William Richardson paid passage for his sister, Mary, her husband Archibald Davie, and her three children including the young WR Davie to cross the ocean and settle with him in the Waxhaws. There is a possibility that the father first brought the young WR over and Mary traveled later to America with the other two children after settling the affairs of the damask business. Whether she caught an infectious disease during this travel or not, Mary died in 1767 when her children were very young. Although Archibald continued living and farming, it appears that the young children, Mary Magdalene, age 8, WR, age 11, and Joseph, age 5, went to live in the household of the uncle Reverend William Richardson and wife Nancy Agnes Craighead.

3 known children of Archibald Davie 1724-1800 and Mary Richardson Davie 1723-1767:

1. **MARY MAGDALENE RICHARDSON DAVIE** b. 12/15/1759 Whitehaven, England d. 11/19/1815 Waxhaws, South Carolina, buried in Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church Cemetery, Lancaster County SC. Mary married in 1782, **ELIJAH CROCKETT** b. 10/16/1757, born at sea, d. 3/3/1798 Waxhaw, Lancaster County, SC.

ADDITIONAL NOTES: CROCKETT FAMILY

Elijah Crockett b. 10/16/1757 d. 3/3/1798 Waxhaw, Lancaster, SC was the son of **Lt. John Crockett 1730-1800 Waxhaws and Margaret McClanahan** b. 1736 Augusta Co. VA d. 1796 Waxhaws, daughter of Elijah McClanahan b. 1718 Ireland d. 1794 Augusta Co. VA and Ann Ewing d. 1760, who was killed during conflicts with Native Americans in Virginia along with one of her sons. John Crockett was the son of Colonel Robert Watkins Crockett and Margaret Alexander Ramsey. The famous hero of the Alamo fame, Davy Crockett was a descendant of a brother of Lt. John Crockett, Archibald Crockett.

Children of Lt. John Crockett and Margaret McClanahan

1. John Alexander Crockett 1754-1776 Waxhaws, SC married first, Nancy Priscilla, married secondly, Dorcas Eliza **Walkup/Wauchope/Wahab**, daughter of Captain James Alexander Walkup b. 1724 Ireland d. 1798 Waxhaws and Margaret Nancy Pickens b. 1740 Augusta Co. VA d. 1793 Waxhaws, sister to Brig. General Andrew Pickens 1739-1817 who was a military leader in the Revolutionary War and later a representative to the Constitutional Convention. **The Walkup house was the location of the Battle of the Waxhaws** which was fought in May of 1780 with **WR Davie** commanding the patriots. A grandson of the Walkups was William Belk who started the Belk Department Stores in Charlotte, NC.
2. Robert Hugh Crockett 1755-1820 married Laura Janet McClanahan, (cousin)
3. **Elijah Crockett 1757-1798 married Mary Magdalene Richardson Davie**, sister of WR Davie.
4. Margaret Pickens Crockett 1760-1764 married John Vandigriff,
5. Archibald Crockett 1764-1797 Waxhaws married Deborah Wilson,
6. Andrew Crockett 1769-1853 married **Nancy Agnes Dunlap 1779-1846**, daughter of Captain George Dunlap 1736-1800 and **Nancy Agnes Craighead, widow of Reverend William Richardson, brother of Mary Richardson (Davie), wife of Archibald Davie. Mary Richardson Davie was the mother of WR Davie.**

Children of Andrew Crockett and Nancy Agnes Dunlap: (Most are buried in Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church, Lancaster County, SC where WR Davie is buried.)

1. Eli Dunlap Crockett 1806-1875,
2. George Hyder Crockett 1807-1843, no marriage,
3. John McKenzie Crockett 1801-1873 married Levicy Catherine Barnett.
4. Minerva Jane Crockett 1802-1823
5. Margaret Catherine Crockett 1809-1876 married first, William G. Massey 1806-1841, son of James Massey and Mary, son of **William Massey and Elizabeth Rives**. Margaret Catherine Crockett (Massey) married secondly, Thomas Walker Huey 1798-1854 (his second wife). His first wife was Martha Lynn McMurray 1803-1841. William G. Massey and Margaret Catherine Crockett had a daughter Molivia Nancy Massey who married Dr. Robert Lafayette Crawford and they had a son Dr. Martin Phifer Crawford. **Martin Phifer** and his brother **John Phifer** were involved in the Revolutionary War and the Mecklenburg Declaration of May 20, 1775. John Phifer also was a delegate to the 4th Provincial Congress in Halifax, NC which approved the *Halifax Resolves* on April 12, 1776. A daughter of Martin Phifer, Ann Beard Phifer 1788-1855 married John Crawford 1778-1834, son of Major Robert Crawford 1728-1801 Waxhaw SC and Jean White.
7. Robert Hamilton Crockett 1811-1877
8. Mary Ann Louisa Crockett 1813-1823
9. Nancy Elizabeth Dunlap Crockett 1813-1900 married Henry R. Price
10. Rachel Archana Crockett 1815-1897 married Dr. Samuel L. Strait.
11. Elijah Jones Crockett 1818-1897

12. David McKenzie Crockett 1821-1896 married Louisa L. Huey, daughter of Thomas Walker Huey 1798-1854 and his first wife, Martha Lynn McMurray 1803-1841

7. William John Crockett 1766-1806 married Agnes Nancy **Walkup/Wauchup/Wahab** 1774-1831, another daughter of Captain James Alexander Walkup b. 1724 Ireland d. 1798 Waxhaws and Margaret Nancy Pickens b. 1740 Augusta Co. VA d. 1793 Waxhaws, sister to Brig. General Andrew Pickens 1739-1817 of Revolutionary War fame.

Children of Mary Magdalene Richardson Davie and Elijah Crockett:

1. Mary Davie Crockett 1784
2. Archibald Davie Crockett 1786-1815 Lancaster Co. SC
3. Margaret McClanahan Crockett 1785-1853 Pickens Co. ALA, married John McKnitt Alexander Wallis 1790-1851 ALA., son of Reverend James Wallis and Mary Alexander, daughter of **John McKnitt Alexander** and Jean Bane. John McKnitt Alexander was secretary to the Mecklenburg patriots who were responsible for the *Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence* on May 20, 1775. The original MeckDec document was lost when John McKnitt Alexander's house burned, but another was recreated from McKnitt's notes. Phraseology in this document attributed to concerns by President John Adams that President Thomas Jefferson had used the MeckDec in his creation of the Declaration of Independence. The brother of John McKnitt Alexander was Hezekiah Alexander whose stone home is part of the Charlotte Museum of History complex in Charlotte, NC. It also is noted that John McKnitt Alexander of Mecklenburg County was also a delegate to the 4th Provincial Congress in Halifax, NC that unanimously approved the *Halifax Resolves*.
4. William R. Davie Crockett 1789-1792.
5. Sarah Davie Crockett b. 1794 Lancaster Co SC d. 1849 ALA married John Stuart McKenzie b. 1790 Scotland d.1874 TX.

Children of Sarah Davie Crockett and John Stuart McKenzie:

1. William Allen McKenzie 1821-1862 ALA.
2. Mary Ann McKenzie 1822-1857 ALA.
3. Sarah Rebecca McKenzie 1824-1867 married in ALA, **Dr. William Richardson Davie II** 1815-1854 ALA, son of **Allen Jones Davie** and his first wife, Mary Elizabeth Wall. Allen Jones Davie was son of **WR Davie and Sarah Jones**.

Children:

1. WR Davie III 1843-1921 married Henrietta Christmas Waltham 1848-1932,
 2. John M. Davie 1847-1910)
 4. Elijah Alexander McKenzie 1825 ALA.
 5. Scott Henrietta McKenzie 1829-1867 ALA.
 6. Hyder Ali McKenzie 1831-1860 married Rosa A. Davie 1831-1894, daughter to **Allen Jones Davie** and his second wife, Rosa L. Norwood. Allen Jones Davie was the son of **WR Davie**.
 7. John Crockett McKenzie 1835-1878 married Francis Eliza Parks 1839-1865
 8. Isabel McKenzie 1836-1870 TX.
6. Elijah F. "Eli" Crockett 1797-1930 Mobile, ALA married Martha Durden 1795-1860 TX, daughter of John Durden and Sarah Elizabeth Holland.

Children of Elijah F. Crockett and Martha Durdino:

1. Sarah Crockett 1816-1855 TX married Daniel Mallet Lowe
2. Lettie Crockett 1822-1896 TX married Elias W. Whitmire
3. Andrew David Crockett 1825-1865 TX married Clarissa Ann Foster

Child of Andrew David Crockett and Clarissa Ann Foster:

1. Leonard Lewis Crockett 1852-1944 of Waco, TX.
7. John Elijah Crockett 1785-1853
8. Ann Crockett 1791-1862

9. Robert Kerr Crockett 1792-1852 ALA married Angerona/Angerosa Richardson 1800-1883, daughter of Edward Richardson 1753-1843 ALA and Mary Lock.
10. Elizabeth Crockett 1795-1866 TX married Joseph Edmund Wallis Jr. and had son John Crockett Wallis who married Catherine McLeod.

2. CAPTAIN JOSEPH DAVIE b. 1762 Whitehaven, England d. 1834 Muscogee, Georgia. In 1767, at the death of his mother when he was age five, he went to live in the household of his aunt, **Nancy Agnes Craighead** (Richardson) and uncle, **Reverend William Richardson** 1729-1771 (his mother's brother). When Reverend William Richardson died in 1771, he continued to live with Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) who married Captain George Dunlap b. 1736 Augusta Co. VA. d. 1807 Waxhaws a year later. There is at least one record on the Internet that lists his parents as George Dunlap and Nancy Craighead (Richardson) although no legal adoption papers have been located. Joseph Davie served in the Revolutionary War under his uncle, Captain George Dunlap and filed a pension paper.

Information regarding Joseph Davie is limited. In a pension application, he states that he was recruited by the militia in 1783 under Colonel Marshall and Captain George Dunlap (adopted father/guardian) and received about four pounds sterling in the pension. In 1812 he moved to Jones County, Georgia and in 1828 to Muscogee County, Georgia where he resided until his death. He is listed on the 1790 and 1800 census papers in Chester County, SC. On the 1810 York County, SC census, the household of Captain Joseph Davie is listed 1Male <10, 1Male 10-15, 1Male 26-44, 3 Female <10, 1Female >25. He is listed in 1820 on the Jones County, GA census. He was involved in agriculture.

There is little information about the several marriages of Joseph Davie: a first marriage to Susan Sarah "Sally" **Montgomery** b. 1760 York County SC and a second marriage in 1789/90 to Lucinda Jane Smith 1770-1833, daughter of James Smith and Lillis Patton 1745-1830 of York, SC, daughter of Robert Patton and Sarah. Robert Patton sold 1248 acres of land in SC to WR Davie. Joseph may have married a third time in 1806 in Tennessee, to Annie Demos.

(Possible) Children of Joseph Davie (conflicting information on the Internet):

1. Jonathan Davie 1795-1851 GA married Healy Davis
2. Nancy Susanne Davie 1802-1858 GA married Jacob Parker
3. Elizabeth Davie (Davy) 1782-1840 TN married Samuel Carroll Jr 1788-1840, son of Samuel Carroll b. 1740 Pickens SC d. 1784 Camden SC and wife Margaret Lesslie.
4. John Jehu Davie 1784-1848 TN married Elizabeth Helenia Carroll 1790-1851, sister to Samuel Carroll Jr. and had son John Thomas Davy 1809-1883 Hardin Co. TN who married Mahala Rutledge Akin 1822-1890 and they subsequently had a daughter Alice Emily Davy 1860-1939 DC.
5. ?Richard Densmore Davie 1793-1839 married Hulda Barham 1809-1849 TN, m2 Elizabeth Hill 1795-1964.
6. ?Robert Davy/Davie

Of interest is the will dated September 1808 of John Workman of Lancaster, SC who mentions wife Joanna Wylie, several children, and "son Joseph Davie". It is witnessed by John Crockett.

3. **WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE** b. 6/22/1756 Egremont, Whitehaven, Cumbria, England d. 11/18/1820, at Plantation "Tivoli" in Land's Ford, Chester County, SC, buried in Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church, Lancaster County, SC. Probably soon after his mother died, he began his education by his namesake uncle. His uncle died when WR was fifteen. At some point, Davie enrolled in Queen's Museum in Charlotte, NC and afterwards, attended the College of New Jersey (now Princeton).

WR Davie married in 1782/3 **Sarah Jones** b. 9/23/1762 Surry, VA. d. 4/14/1802 Halifax, NC, daughter of **General Allen Jones** 1739-1798 of "Mt. Gallant" in Northampton County, NC and his wife Mary Haynes, daughter of Thomas Haynes b. 1686 and Martha Jones, the daughter of Herbert Jones and wife, Martha. Davie and his wife lived initially in Northampton County with Sarah's parents, but soon after, built a

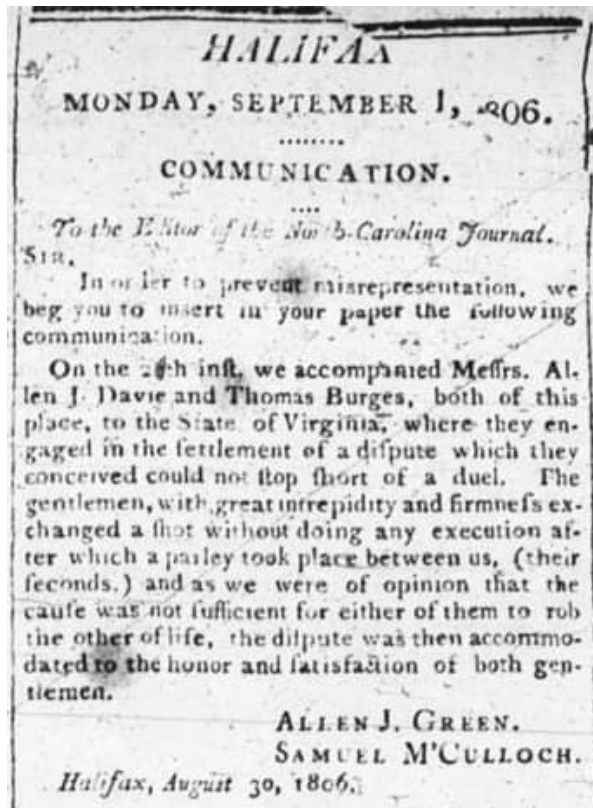
home, called "Loretta" in the town of Halifax, county of Halifax, across the Roanoke River from Northampton County. The land was said to be part of Sarah's dowry. The home was bequeathed to his son Major Allen Jones Davie in his will.

Children of William Richardson Davie and Sarah Jones:

1. **Major Allen Jones Davie** b. 1785 Halifax NC d. c1851, in hostile Indian Territory on way to California, possibly Gila River, Maricopa County, Arizona. He attended the University of North Carolina and was commissioned a major during the War of 1812. Information about his death comes from a court case in 1854 that documented a sale of land in Guilford County, NC known as the McCulloch goldmine. A deposition by Cadwallader Jones Jr. specified that the death of Major Davie around 1851 was in hostile Indian Territory as he traveled to the state of California. The body was never located.

Allen Davie continued to live in the Halifax home of his father and gave greeting to the Marquis de Lafayette when he came to Halifax in 1825. However, he often had financial problems during his lifetime and at the time of his father's death, he owed money to his father. His father had purchased an exceptional race horse, Sir Archie, in 1800 which he had to sell in 1809 for \$5000 to clear some of Allen's debts.

Allen Jones Davie was also involved in a duel in 1806 with Thomas Burges.



HALIFAX
Monday, September 1, 1806

In order to prevent misrepresentation, we beg you to insert in your paper the following communication.

On the 21st --, we accompanied messieurs Allen J. Davie and Thomas Burges, both of this place, to the State of Virginia, where they engaged in the settlement of a dispute which they conceived could not stop short of a duel. The gentlemen, with great intrepidity and firmness exchanged a shot without doing any execution after which a parley took place between us, (their seconds) and as we were of opinion that the cause was not sufficient for either of them to rob the other of life, the dispute was then accommodated to the honor and satisfaction of both gentlemen.

Allen J. Green
Samuel M'Colloch Halifax, August 30,
1806
Halifax, August 30, 1806

Records for Allen Jones Davie:

- 1810 Census states home in Chester Co. SC with 1 male 10-15, 1 male 16-25, 1 slave, 1 person <16 with household membership of 3. He was not married at this time.
- 1830 census stated his home was in Chester SC with 1 male 10-14, 1 male 15-19, 1 male 40-49, 2 females, and 16 slaves.
- 1840 census stated his home was Davidson, TN with 1 male 20-29, 1 male 50-59, 1 female <5, 2 females 5-9, 2 females 10-14, 1 female 30-39, 1 free colored male 36-54, 7 slaves, 8 free white persons.
- 1850 census stated his home was Glasgow, Barren, KY

Allen Jones Davie first marriage was on 10-25-1813 in Greeneville, Augusta County, VA (named in 1789 for General Nathanael Greene, a hero of the Revolutionary War) to Mary Elizabeth Wall 1785-1820, daughter of John Wall 1763-1830 of Southampton, VA and Mary Turner.

Children of Major Allen Jones Davie and Mary Elizabeth Wall:

1. Dr. William Richardson Davie II b. 1815 d. 1854 ALA, married in 1842 (his second cousin) Sarah Rebecca McKenzie 1825-1867 TX, daughter of John Stuart McKenzie 1790 Scotland-1874 TX and Sarah Davie Crockett 1794-1849, daughter of **Elijah Crockett** 1790 Scotland-1874 TX and **Mary Magdalene Davie**, sister of **William Richardson Davie**.

Children of Dr. William Richardson Davie II and Sarah Rebecca McKenzie:

1. Colonel William Richardson Davie III b. 1843 Somerville, Morgan County, ALA. d. 1921 TX. He became Secretary of State in Texas and was a member of the **Society of the Cincinnati**. In 1871, he married Henrietta Waltham.

Children:

1. William R. Davie,
 2. Richard Waltham Davie
 2. Mary Frasier "Mollie" Davie b. 1845 Coosa County, ALA d. 1926
 3. John McKenzie Davie b. 1847 Coosa County, ALA d. 1910 Texas
 4. Sarah Davie b. 1848 ALA.
 5. Allen Jones Davie b. 1850 ALA.
 6. Lucy Davie b. 1854 ALA.
2. Major Allen Jones Davie II b. 2/25/1818 Madison Co. ALA d. 10/14/1874 Marion Co. Oregon. He was one of the first settlers to Oregon where he married, in 1843, Cynthia Ann Brown b. 1829 ALA d. 1903 Oregon, daughter of Gabriel Brown b. 1789 TN and Elizabeth King (Ashe).

Children of Major Allen Jones Davie and Cynthia Ann Brown:

1. Sallie/Sadie Davie 1845-1920 married Louis Miller 1837-1904
 2. James Polk Davie 1848-1926 married Sarah Jane Lutz 1852-1934
 3. Elizabeth Davie 1850-1880 married Gilbert
 4. William Richardson Davie 1852-1934 OR
 5. Allen Jones Davie 1858-1935 OR
 6. Mary E. Davie 1860-1870
 7. Cynthia Anna Hart Davie 1862-1943 Oregon, married first, Milton Owens Hart 1850-1902, married secondly in 1911, Warren Thomas Ball 1860-1932
 8. Octavia Davie 1865-1951 married Mr. Grounds
 9. Ella Davie married Mr. Hogan 1868-1882.
 10. Henry C. Davie 1854-1889 married Mary Tharp 1856-1884, daughter of John W. Tharp and Perlina, no issue.
3. Thomas Davie 1819, died young.

4. Mary Allen Davie b. 4/28/1820 d. 9/18/1823, buried in the Davie grave plot at the Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church, Lancaster Co. SC.

Major Allen Jones Davie married secondly on 7/21/1825 in Halifax, NC, to Rosa L. Norwood, 1805-1850, widow of Powell.

Children of Allen Jones Davie and Rosa Norwood:

1. Sarah "Sally" Jones Davie 1826-1910 KT, who first married her cousin, Henry Bolivar **DeSaussure** 1824-1848, son of WF DeSaussure and **Sarah Jones Davie**. Sally secondly married William S. Burton 1828-1885 of Glasgow, KT.
Children of second marriage:
 1. Emma Burton 1858,
 2. Mary Page Burton 1865-1935 married Samuel D. McCaleb, moved to Ohio.
 3. William D. Burton 1869 KT-1939 married Mary T. Young.
 2. Rosa A. Davie 1831-1894 married Hyder Ali McKenzie 1831-1860, son of John Stuart McKenzie 1797-1874 and Sarah Davie Crockett 1794-1849 ALA., daughter of **Elijah Crockett and Mary Magdalene Richardson Davie Crockett**, sister of **William Richardson Davie**,
Children:
 1. Sally McKenzie 1857
 3. Julia Davie 1834-1899 KT, married William F. Evans 1833-1870 KT
 4. Octavia Bartholomew Davie b. 1835 d. 1899 KT, married Edmund W. Huggins 1820-1870
Children:
 1. Julia Huggins 1856,
 2. Rosa Davie Huggins 1859-1925 KT,
 3. Thomas Huggins 1861
 4. Edward D. Huggins 1865-1909 married Edna R
 5. Mary Frazer DeSaussure Davie b. 1840 Hillsborough, Orange County NC d. 1924 Charleston SC, buried in Saint Phillip's Episcopal Church Cemetery, married Edward McCreedy 1833-1903. No children
 6. Dr. Thomas Allen Jones Davie b. 1842 TN d.1877 KT, died of consumption at home of sister Julia, never married.
2. **Hyder Ali Davie** 1786-1848 Landsford, Chester County, SC, lived three miles from father. He is buried in the plot beside his father in the Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church. He was educated at the University of North Carolina and married Elizabeth "Betsy" Jones b. 1788/90 of Northampton County, NC d. 1830, daughter of John Jones of Northampton Co. NC and Ann Turner, originally of Southampton Co. VA. Ann Turner married secondly, Captain James Exum. John Jones had a brother Harold Jones who married Betsy Irby of Halifax, NC and they had a son named Harry Jones who married Mary Tyler, the daughter of President Tyler.

His will mentions his one daughter and it also details bequeaths to his brother Frederick, Lewis Beckham, and WF DeSaussure (his brother-in-law married to his sister, Sarah Jones Davie). In addition, his will directed that his many slaves not be moved from his home place in Chester County, SC.

Children of Hyder Ali Davie and Elizabeth Jones:

1. Julia Ann Davie b. 1812 Chester, SC d.12/20/1895 Columbia, SC, married in 1830, to Colonel Richard Stobo Bedon b. 1809 d.1890 of Horseshoe Plantation in Walterboro, SC, son of Richard Pendarvis Bedon 1786-1890 of St. George Parish, Colleton, SC and Jane Bullock Lowndes 1789-1870, daughter of James Perry Lowndes and Frances. Richard Pendaris Bedon was son of Josiah Bedon 1757-1820 and Elizabeth Louisa Stobo of Colleton County, SC. Josiah Bedon was the son of Josiah Pendaris Bedon of Beaufort, SC. Julia Ann erected the monument to her father, stating that she was his only child.

Children of Julia Ann Davie and Colonel Richard Stobo Bedon:

1. Captain Josiah Bedon 1833-1864 VA, married Mary Benfield McClure of Chester
Children:
 1. Elizabeth Alice Bedon b. 1861 married Benjamin Postell Fishburne, lived in Maryland,
 2. Josiah Bedon b. 1862)
2. Hyder Davie Pendarvis Bedon 1835 SC-1897 TN married Rosa Jackson **Eastin**, daughter of Colonel John Donelson Eastin b. 1820 TN d.1878 MISS and wife Sarah Amanda Galloway b. 1827 LA d.1857 LA. Colonel John Donelson Eastin was the son of William Lucius Polk Eastin 1784 TN-1829TN who married Rachel Jackson Donelson, the granddaughter of Colonel John Donelson 1718-1785 and Rachel Stockly. Colonel John Donelson was the sister to Rachel Donelson 1767-1828 who married first Jason Robards and secondly, **President Andrew Jackson who was raised in the Waxhaws area and an acquaintance of WR Davie.**
Children:
 1. May Bedon 1876 married Frank Nelson Pittma of MISS.
 2. Susan Purvis Bedon 1878 married James Walter Northrup of TN.
 3. Julia Davie Bedon 1880 married William Hunt Burrus of MISS.
 2. Hyder Bedon Jr.1883-1955 married Helena Elizabeth Gardner of TN, one daughter Dr. Helen Gardner Bedon who was Associate Professor of Chemistry at UNC-Greensboro.
3. Dr. William Zalinski Bedon 1837-1880 MISS, surgeon, married in 1860, to Emily W. Haile 1837-1883, daughter of William Haile (6 children)
4. Julia Davie Bedon 1840-1904 Colleton, SC, married Colonel Allen Cadwallader Izard 1834-1901.
Children of Julia Davie Bedon and Colonel Allen Cadwallader Izard:
 1. Julie Davie Izard 1858-1944, married William T. Williams of Savannah GA
 2. Mary Green Izard 1862-1919,
 3. Allen Cadwallader Izard Jr. 1864-1924 married Florence Behre,
 4. Alice Heyward Izard 1866, married John P Solomon,
 5. Josephine Izard 1867-1922,
 6. Martha Perry "Mattie" Izard 1870-1850,
 7. Ralph Delancey Izard 1872-1941,
 8. Mary Ruth Izard 1874-1943
5. Jeanne Perry Bedon 1842-1892 married secondly, Colonel Thomas Stobo Farrow.
6. Sarah Bedon 1844
7. **Sallie Boykin Bedon b. 1847 Columbia SC d. 1910/12 GA, married James Barnwell Heyward b. 1848 Charleston, GA d. 1931 GA.** son of William Henry Heyward and Esther.
Children of Sallie Boykin Bedon and James Barnwill Heyward:
 1. Lucy Izard Heyward married Griffin William "Manks" Young,
 2. Dr. Arthur Rose Heyward Sr. b. Waltersboro, SC, married Willamena
Children:
 1. Arthur Rose Heyward Jr,
 2. Edith Brown Heyward married Matthias,
 3. Glenn Heyward,
 4. Mary Law Heyward married Weems
 3. Julia Davie Heyward 1872-1873, buried at Waxhaw Presbyterian Church in WR Davie enclosure.
8. Archibald Stobo Bedon 1848-1909 Camden, SC.
9. Richard Bedon 1850-1914 SC.
10. Alice Pendarvis Bedon 1853-1855.

11. Robert/Robin Kerr Bedon 1855.
2. (Possible) William Richardson Davie, died young
3. **Mary Haynes Davie** b. 6/25/1790 d. 11/24/1849 ALA, married in 1825, to (her first cousin) John Crockett b. 1785 Waxhaw d. 1853 TX., son of **Elijah Crockett** 1757-1798 and **Mary Magdalene Davie** 1759-1815 who was sister of **William Richardson Davie**. Elijah Crockett was the son of Lt. John Crockett and Margaret McClanahan. Elijah had a brother Andrew 1769-1853 who married **Nancy Agnes Dunlap**, the daughter of Captain George Dunlap and Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson), who was the widow of Reverend William Richardson, uncle to **WR Davie**.

Children of Mary Haynes Davie and John Crockett:

1. Sarah Rebecca Crockett 1826-1869 TX married James N. Stillings (1 child).
2. Mary Davie Crockett 1828-1900 TX married Lewis May.
3. William Richardson Davie Crockett 1830-1850 TX.
4. Lt. John Elijah Crockett 1832-1867, fought in Civil War who married Sarah Moore Slater 1840-1922 TX.

Children:

1. William Richardson Davie "Willie" Crockett 1862-1922 TX married Eva Sadler 1870-1958

Children:

1. John Augustus Crockett 1896-1977
2. Mary Eva Crockett 1705-1991 married Turner.
2. John Jesse Scruggs Crockett 1866-1936

4. **Sarah Jones Davie** b. 1793 d. 1854 Columbia SC. married William Ford **DeSaussure/DeSausause** 1792-1870 of Columbia, SC, lawyer, son of Chancellor Henry William DeSaussure b. 1763 Pocotaligo, Jasper Co. SC d. 1839 Columbia, Richland Co. SC and Elizabeth Ford 1767-1821, daughter of Colonel Jacob Ford 1738-1777 and Theodosia Johnes. Chancellor De Saussure was a Justice of Chancery Court in South Carolina and second director of the US Mint. He was the son of John Daniel Hector DeSaussure 1736-1798 b. Beaufort SC d. Charleston SC and Mary McPherson 1739-1815 of Charleston SC, daughter of Alexander McPherson and Jane Jarvis. John Daniel DeSaussure was the son of Henri DeSaussure b. 1709 Switzerland d. 1761 SC and Magdalen Birabant 1710-1761. At the time of her father's death, Sarah was appointed guardian of her under-aged brother, Frederick William Davie.

Children of Sarah Jones Davie and William Ford DeSaussure:

1. Ella Gabriella/Garibaldi DeSaussure b. 1815 Charleston SC d.1885/96 GA married Dr. Henry Pollock Burroughs

Children of Ella Gabriella DeSaussure and Dr. Henry Pollock Burroughs:

1. Sarah Burroughs
2. William DeSaussure Burroughs
3. Mary Elizabeth Burroughs married Treholm
4. Catherine Burroughs married Taylor
5. Catherine Burroughs, died young
6. Henry Burroughs, died young
7. Benjamin Burroughs d. Cholera

2. Sarah Jones DeSaussure b. 11-19-1817 Columbia. SC d. 11-23-1893 Camden, Kershaw County SC, buried in Quaker Cemetery, married in 1835, Colonel Alexander Hamilton **Boykin** 1815-1866, son of Burwell Boykin 1851-1817 and Mary Whitaker 1772-1833.

Children of Sarah Jones DeSaussure and Colonel Alexander Hamilton Boykin:

1. William DeSaussure Boykin 1841-1858 Camden, SC,
2. Mary Whitaker Boykin 1843-1910 Kershaw married Edward Brevard Cantey 1836-1916 (14 children),
3. Sallie Davie Boykin 1844-1846,

4. Alexander Hamilton Boykin II 1846-1923 Camden, SC, married first, Elizabeth Richardson 1851-1878, married secondly, Julianne Augusta Manning,
5. Elizabeth Gabriella Boykin 1847-1924 Kershaw married Brown Manning 1824-1881
6. Charlotte Lang Boykin 1849-1849,
7. Burwell Henry Boykin Sr. 1850-1934 Camden SC married Mary Deas Manning 1852-1938,
8. Elias Miller Boykin 1851-1903 Camden, SC, married Lucy Carter Cooke 1854-1930,
9. Allen Jones Boykin 1854-1937 Kershaw, SC, married Elizabeth Chardon Courtney 1853-1939,
10. HB 1857-1857
11. Infant 1857-1857
12. William DeSaussure Boykin 1858-1902 Columbia, SC, married first, Lucy McWillie Shannon 1869-1940, married secondly, Ellen Deas Shannon 1860-1884
13. Lemuel Whitaker "Whit" Boykin b. 1861 Camden, SC, d. 1932, buried in Quaker Cemetery, Kershaw County, Camden, SC married Ellen Cantey 1871-1912. (5 children). Whit was a planter land appraiser and well-known sportsman of the Boykin community just outside of Camden, SC. He and his kinsmen, the Canteys, experimented with many breeds of dogs in an attempt to resolve the problems posed by their Wateree River hunting trips and is accredited with developing a small multi-purpose retriever now known as the **Boykin Spaniel** which is recognized as **the state dog of South Carolina**.
3. Colonel William Davie DeSaussure b. 1819 Columbia, SC d.1863 Gettysburg, PA, married Mary Louisa Ravenel 1826-1887, daughter of Edmund Ravenel 1797-1870.
4. Mary Davie DeSaussure 1821-1858 Charleston, SC, married Colonel William Izard Bull 1813-1894. After her death, Colonel Bull married secondly, Claudia Butler.
Children of Mary Davie DeSaussure and Colonel William Izard Bull:
 1. Rosella Bull 1843-1872,
 2. John Bull 1844-1846,
 3. Sally Bull 1847-1864,
 4. DeSaussure Bull 1849-1918 Sumter, SC married Caroline K. Rees,
 5. Henry Bull 1851-1917,
 6. Joel Poinsett Bull 1853-1857,
 7. Rebecca Theodosia Bull 1856-1875
5. Henry Boliver DeSaussure 1824-1848 married Sally Davie, daughter **Major Allen Jones Davie and his second wife, Rosa L. Norwood**
Children:
 1. Julia DeSaussure,
 2. Rosa DeSaussure,
 3. Octavia DeSaussure,
 4. Thomas DeSaussure,
6. Allen Jones DeSaussure 1828-1852
5. **Martha Rebecca Davie** b. 10/13/1796 Halifax, NC d. 1831 Lancaster, SC. She married in 1822 (as his second wife), **Dr. Churchill Benjamin Jones** 1793-1857, Lancaster County, SC, son of Captain Benjamin "Poplar Foot" Jones 1752-1843 and Elizabeth de Remi/Reamy 1756, son of Joshua Isaac Jones 1729-1776 and Isabel Norman 1727-1803.

Colonel Churchill Jones had a brother, Dr. Bartlett Jones b. 1787, who married Eliza Jane Dunlap 1791-1853, daughter of **Dr. Samuel C. Dunlap** 1765-1810 and his wife, Mary Crawford 1767-1815. Dr. Samuel C. Dunlap was the son of **Samuel Dunlap** b. 1740 who married **Mary Craighead**, daughter of **Reverend Alexander Craighead**. Samuel Dunlap was the brother of **George Dunlap** b. 1736 who married **Nancy Agnes Craighead**, the sister of **Mary Craighead** who was the widow of **Reverend William Richardson**, the uncle of **William Richardson Davie**. Samuel Dunlap b. 1740 was likely

the son Robert Dunlap, brother to Samuel Dunlap b. 1715 of the Waxhaws, the ggggrandfather of the author of this document. (NOTE: Dr. Bartlett Jones requested to be buried in his bed, posts and bed curtains included.)

Child of Dr. Churchill Benjamin Jones and Martha Rebecca Davie:

1. Colonel Churchill Benjamin Jones Jr. 1825-1896 of Lancaster SC, buried in Camp Creek Methodist Church, married first in 1850, Charlotte "Lottie" Mary Massey 1829-1852, daughter of James Rinaldo Massey 1780-1850 and Elizabeth Perry. Colonel CB Jones married secondly, Sarah Massey 1830-1916, the sister of his first wife. James Rinaldo Massey was the son of James Everard Massey 1762-1837 and Mary Polly Sikes 1761-1836 and grandson of James Massey 1743-1762 and Elizabeth Rives 1745-1786. James Massey is also a direct ancestor of the author of this document.

Child of Colonel Churchill Benjamin Jones Jr and first wife, Charlotte "Lottie" Mary Massey:

1. Frederica Rebecca "Fredie" Jones 1851-1935.

Colonel Benjamin Jones 1825-1896 married secondly, on 6/20/1854, Sarah Massey 1837-1916, sister of his first wife.

Children of Colonel Churchill Benjamin Jones Jr. and second wife, Sarah "Sallie" Massey:

1. Charlotte Jones 1855-1869
2. Mary Elizabeth Jones 1857-1906 married James Wrenn Tillman 1854-1905
3. Sarah Frazer Jones 1858-1939 married **Arthur Wilburn Hicklin** 1851-1910

Children of Sarah Frazer Jones and Arthur Wilburn Hicklin:

1. Robert Edward Hicklin married Alice Lisk.

Children of Robert Edward Hicklin and Alice Lisk. :

1. Edward Milliard Hicklin 1918 Florence SC -1998 Alamance NC

4. William "Wylie" Davie Jones 1861-1921 married Mary Delilah Adams, buried at Camp Creek Methodist Church, Lancaster, SC
5. Frederick W. Jones 1862-1870
6. Churchill Benjamin Jones III 1863-1912 married Mary Elizabeth Barber 1871-1911
7. John Craig Jones 1867-1893
8. Allen Davie Jones 1870-1921 Chester SC
9. Ella Jane Jones 1874-1921 Columbia, SC married Alfonso Withers
10. Amelia Love Jones 1876-1921 married William Pickett McCollough 1853-1903
11. Thomas Pierce Jones 1880-1936 married Adella Culp 1883-1964, Chester, SC

Children of Thomas Pierce Jones and Adella Culp:

1. Sarah Jones married Charles W. Lear 1900-1952
2. Amelie Love Jones 1916-1994 married James Edward Smith 1921-1955
3. Allen Jones 1914-1986, never married
3. Churchill Benjamin Jones 1805-1968
4. Thomas Pierce Jones Jr. 1907-1942
5. Abraham Culp Jones 1918-1990 married Mary Gillespie 1922-2015

2. Sarah Davie Jones 1828-1871 married Frederick Frazier (a cousin) of Charleston, SC

Children of Sarah Davie Jones and Frederick Frazier:

1. Mary Frazier,
2. Emily Frazier,
3. Mary Haynes Jones

6. **Colonel Frederick William Davie** b. 4/11/1800 Halifax NC d. 4/9/1850 "Tivoli", Lancaster SC. He is buried in the Waxhaw Presbyterian Church cemetery with his father. He attended Dr. Moses Waddell's Academy in Abbeville, SC and in 1818, graduated from South Carolina College (now University of South Carolina). Thereafter, he studied law with Chancellor Henry William DeSaussure, the father of his sister's husband who in turn, became his father-in-law when he married DeSaussure's daughter, Octavia Theodosia DeSaussure.

Frederick did not finish his studies at the university. He returned to Chester to become a planter, initially managing the "Tivoli" plantation for his ailing father. He was elected to the SC General Assembly in 1826 and represented the Chester District for five terms. William Richardson Davie bequeathed his son, Frederick, his gold watch, military accoutrements, and library as well as his plantation "Tivoli".

Frederick's will, dated March 18, 1850, filed in Chester County, South Carolina left almost his entire estate, real and personal, to his second wife, **Mary Frazier Davie**. A smaller bequest included one third to William F. DeSaussure, one third to B. Churchill Jones, widower of his sister, **Martha Rebecca Davie**, and one third to nephew, WR Davie Crockett, son of sister, Sarah, and niece, Mary Frazier DeSaussure Davie, daughter of his brother **Allen Jones Davie**.

Frederick Davie had a franchise to operate a ferry across the Catawba River near Landsford, SC along with **Captain/Dr. Benjamin Massey** 1775-1846, son of James Massey and Elizabeth **Rives**. Elizabeth Rives was pregnant with her third child when her husband, James Massey, suddenly died. Shortly after, she married James' brother, William Massey, who raised Benjamin as his son. Elizabeth and William Massey had an additional ten children. It is noted that in his will, WR Davie bequeathed a home and livelihood, to a "friend and kinsman, Robert **Rives**". The connection with Elizabeth Rives is unknown but more than likely, it was of the same family. Dr. Benjamin Massey was married to Mildred Chew Robinson 1783-1842, daughter of John Robinson and Jane Downs, daughter of Henry Downs (Orange Co. VA), signer of Declaration of Independence and cousin to George Washington. Benjamin Massey was member of legislature from Lancaster District of SC, both as a senator and representative. One of his projects was the building of the Landsford Canal which was located close to "Tivoli", the home place of WR Davie. (Source: Louise Pettus, retired history professor from Winthrop College, Rock Hill, SC, news article, 9-16-1998) (NOTE: The son of James Massey and Elizabeth Rives, Henry Massey, raised by William Massey and Elizabeth Rives, fought in the Revolutionary War and is my DAR relative.)

Frederick Davie first married in 1821, Octavia Theodosia **DeSaussure**, 1801-1823/5, cousin by marriage, the daughter of Chancellor Henry William DeSaussure 1763 SC-1839 Columbia, SC and Elizabeth Ford, daughter of Jacob Ford and Theodosia Johnes, daughter of Timothy Johnes and Elizabeth Sayre. Henry William DeSaussure was the son of Jonathan Daniel Hector de Saussure 1736-1798 and Mary McPherson and was the grandson of Henri DeSaussure 1709-1761 and Magdalene Brabant. There was no children of this union.

His second marriage was in 1826, to Mary Frederick Frazier of Charleston b. 1801 Chester SC d. 1881/7, daughter of William Frasier 1762-1816, member of SC House, and Mary DeSaussure 1772-1853, daughter of John Henry Cesar DeSaussure 1741-1771 and Jane McPherson. John Henry Cesar de Saussure was the son of Henri de Saussure 1709-1761 and Magdalene Brabant. Their only child of Mary Frederick Frazier and Frederick Davie died young.

ADDITIONAL NOTES: In the review of Davie Family, the names of these two people indicate a connection but a definitive link cannot be determined.

1. Hyder Ali Davie Neely 1843 York SC-1909 York was born to Jane S. Neely 1806-1879 who was buried in Fishing Creek Presbyterian Church, York SC. Hyder Ali Neely married Martha May Neely 1851-1928

Their Children were:

1. John Alexander Neely 1870-1943 Anderson SC married Bessie Rives Kee,
2. Eleanor Jeannelle Neely 1875-1920 York SC,
3. Edith Neely 1883-1926,
4. Hyder Arthur Neely 1893-1960 York SC married Mamie Barnwell 1894-1969.

Hyder Ali Neely could possibly be related to John Neely 1785-1869, son of Thomas Neely 1724. **John Neely married Rachel Craighead 1785-1874, daughter of Reverend Alexander Craighead and sister to Nancy Agnes Craighead married first Reverend William Richardson, and married secondly, Captain George Dunlap.**

2. Mary Richardson Davie Stewart 1815-1840 is buried in Waxhaw Presbyterian Church cemetery beside parents, John and Elizabeth Stewart. Their connection to the Davie family is unknown.

RELATED FAMILIES

The rabbit hole is deep with many channels and connections. During this time period, marriages resulted from social gatherings, church affiliation, and in some cases, arrangements between families. The Davie family network had links bridging both North Carolina and South Carolina with other prominent families.

RICHARDSON FAMILY

Beginning with a grandfather of William Richardson Davie.....

David Richardson, b. 1693, will 1744, d. 1751 Scotland

Children of David Richardson and unknown wife:

1. **Joseph Richardson**, b. c1723, graduate of University of Glasgow, Scotland, died in Scotland.
2. **David Richardson**, graduated 1736, University of Glasgow, died in Scotland
3. **Reverend William Richardson** 1729-1771, graduate of University of Glasgow, studied for the ministry. He came to America and was pastor at the Waxhaw Presbyterian Church.
4. **Mary Richardson 1723-1767**, married on 8/10/1752, Archibald Davie. She was known to have religious zeal and deferred her marriage for several years to care for brother, William, after her father's death until he came of age. Mary died soon after coming to the Waxhaws leaving her young children in the care of others.

Children of Mary Richardson and Archibald Davie:

1. Mary Magdalene Davie 1759-1815 Lancaster County, SC, married Elijah Crockett.
2. **William Richardson Davie** 1756-1820 Chester County SC, married Sarah Jones, daughter of General Allen Jones of Northampton Co. NC.
3. Joseph Davie b. 1762, married Jane Smith.

More on WILLIAM RICHARDSON 1729-1771

After graduation, William Richardson used his inheritance from his father to come to America in 1750. He was in Lancaster County, PA until 1752. In 1753, William was in Charleston SC due an assignment by George Whitefield, a famous Methodist Minister, to be minister of an orphan house. In 1755, William was back in Hanover County, VA, twelve miles from Richmond VA., residing at the home of Reverend Samuel Davies (no known relation). Samuel Davies was the founder of the "Society for Managing Missions and Schools among Indians" and in 1758, he was appointed the 4th President of Princeton College. In June of 1757, William Richardson was licensed to preach in America. In July of 1758, he was assigned as a missionary to Cherokee Indians in the western part of North Carolina and traveled with his friend from the university, Reverend Archibald Simpson, to the Waxhaws. Simpson later settled in Charleston, SC.

On the way south in Anson County, later Mecklenburg County, on the border of NC and SC, William Richardson performed the installation service of **Reverend Alexander Craighead** at Rocky River Church. Later, Craighead became his father-in-law when William married Craighead's daughter, Nancy Agnes Craighead. Craighead was a native of Ireland and a son and grandson of Scottish Presbyterian ministers who had a history of suffering under the rule of England. He became the minister of the Sugaw Creek Presbyterian Church and was renowned for "preaching with a sword in hand" against English rule. These early "backwoods" settlers had much resentment against any domination over them. Many of these settlers, Scottish Presbyterian from this area, fought in the Revolutionary War. **To quote Richard Plumer in his book, *Charlotte and the American Revolution*, "in 1760, there were about 1350 people in the Mecklenburg County, mostly Presbyterian. During the time when Craighead preached there, the population doubled, with Craighead pastoring at seven churches. "(p. 25, 119) "When the Revolutionary War began, the population of Mecklenburg County represented less than 3 percent of the population of NC, but the county provided about 25 percent of the soldiers from the colony, 70% were parishioners of Craighead's churches." (p. 120)**

Around 1760, after his marriage to **Nancy Agnes Craighead**, Reverend William Richardson purchased 150 acres in the St. Mark's Parish of the Waxhaws (SC area) and settled into their home, "Poplar Springs", which was located only a short distance from Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church in Lancaster County, SC where he was the first minister. The roots for this church date back to the 1750s and the original 4.5 acres track of land was deeded around 1758 by Reverend Robert Miller, founder of a prestigious school, the Waxhaw Academy, to the congregation. The original log church was used as a hospital during the Revolutionary War. After the first building was burned by the British in 1781, it was rebuilt. Today the 1896 church stands close to cemetery that holds many patriots of this period including William Richardson Davie and his parents and the father and brother of President Andrew Jackson.



The Great Philadelphia Wagon Road

As mentioned previously, William Richardson had financed the immigration of his sister and her family to America. He intended to groom his nephew, WR Davie, for a career in the ministry since the Reverend and his wife, Nancy Agnes Craighead, had no children of their own. His sister, Mary Richardson (Davie) died soon after she migrated to the Waxhaws, leaving four-year-old Mary Magdalene, five-year-old Joseph, and eleven-year-old William Richardson in the care of their father and their uncle. WR Davie's father lived in the Waxhaws on his farm until 1800 but there is little information about him. It appears that the three children lived in the household of the Reverend and his wife even after the death of the Reverend and the second marriage of the aunt to George Dunlap.

Reverend William Richardson is described by several sources including close friends to have had "melancholic" episodes. In 1771, at his early age of forty-two, William was found in his bedroom, deceased, with a horse's harness wrapped around his neck. His brother in law, Archibald Davie had visited him earlier in the day and his death is described by several sources including the Reverend Archibald

Simpson, his lifelong friend. Rumors were rampant...from suicide to murder, and his young wife was formally accused of being responsible for her husband's death and/or of witchcraft. After a tortuous Scottish ritual ordeal involving have the body disinterred, she was cleared.

Reverend William Richardson left a will dated 6/30/1770 which bequeathed his house and land to his wife. It also detailed a previous loan of 100 pounds made by the Reverend to his brother in law, Archibald Davie, and specified that should be repaid in equal parts to Archibald's three children. In addition, he bequeathed his saddle and bridle to Archibald Davie. This is curious since William committed suicide with the bridle wrapped around his neck. The will was witnessed by Captain George Dunlap who married the widow a year after William Richardson died. According to several sources, Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) Dunlap and her second husband, George Dunlap continued "guardianship" of the Davie children including WR Davie although he soon enrolled in school in Charlotte. The marriage of Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) Dunlap and her second husband George Dunlap produced a number of children.

CRAIGHEAD, CROCKETT FAMILIES

Connection:

- Reverend William Richardson, uncle of WR Davie, married Nancy Agnes Craighead, daughter of Reverend Alexander Craighead.
- Mary Magdalene Davie, the sister of WR Davie, married Elijah Crockett.

Reverend Robert Craighead c1633-1711 and Agnes Hart b. 1648, minister at church in Londonderry, Ireland after being forced from Glasgow area of Scotland as were many other Presbyterians.

His son: Reverend Thomas Craighead 1664-1739 married Margaret Holmes (or Wallace or Benton) 1664/74-1738 Delaware. They came to **America about 1715**, first preaching at church in Freetown, MASS, then preaching at Middle Octorara Church along Susquehanna River in PA during 1730s, in a few more years moved down the Great Wagon Trail to Augusta Co. VA at Windy Cove, then even later to Mecklenburg Co. NC.

Children:

1. THOMAS CRAIGHEAD 1702/5-1767 married Margaret Brown 1705-1787, d. in VA, daughter of George Brown.

Children:

1. Elizabeth Craighead married Matthew Wilson,
2. John Craighead, PA, married Rachel,
3. Jane Craighead married Reverend Adam Boyd Craighead,
4. Andrew Craighead, nm,
5. Alexander Craighead married Margaret Brown.

2. REVEREND ALEXANDER CRAIGHEAD b. 1706 Donegal, Ireland d. 1766 Mecklenburg Co NC married Agnes Brown 1710-1776 Mecklenburg Co NC. He was licensed to preach the gospel by the Presbytery of Donegal in 1734 and was sent to Middle Octorara, installed as pastor in 1735. He was with the famous Methodist Minister, **George Whitfield/Whitefield**, when he was in Chester Co. PA. He entertained peculiar views of church discipline and government, which he earnestly maintained and was involved in considerable trouble. He was a severe critic of King George III, King of England, and the Church of England. In 1749, he moved to Windy Cove on the Cowpasture River in Augusta County, VA and joined the Presbytery of New Castle. In 1758, he left Virginia due to the Indian War of 1755 and came to NC. He was founder and pastor in 1755 of the Sugaw Creek Presbyterian Church, the oldest Presbyterian Church located in Mecklenburg County, about twelve miles from Waxhaw Presbyterian Church which had been established earlier. His sermons and other writings were published by **Benjamin Franklin**. He is renowned as the "**spiritual father**" of **Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence**, a document that was written nine years after his death. He is buried at Sugaw Creek Presbyterian Church.

All the following children are from his first marriage. He married secondly, c1754 Jean Scott and thirdly, around 1764/5, Jane Martin who is mentioned in his will.

Children of Alexander Craighead and first wife, Agnes Brown:

1. Margaret Craighead b. 1735 d. 1775 Lancaster SC married 1765 in Rowan Co NC, James Carruth b. 1736 Lancaster PA d. 1803 Knoxville TN (5 children: 1. Alexander Craighead Carruth 1765-1833, 2. Walter 1767, 3. William R 1769-1831, 4. James 1772-1831, Elizabeth married Major Lawson Henderson and had 14 children including James Pinckney Henderson 1808-1858 , first Governor of Texas)
2. Jane Craighead b. 1742 d. 1766 Abbeville SC, died after miscarriage of twins married Patrick Calhoun 1754-1796, son of Ezekial Calhoun will 1756 and Jean. Patrick Calhoun married secondly Martha Caldwell 1750-1802, daughter of William Findlay Caldwell 1704-1761 of Goochland Va and wife Rebecca Park. A son of Patrick and Martha Calhoun was John Caldwell Calhoun, SC statesman, member of congress, Vice President under John Q Adams and Andrew Jackson. John Caldwell Calhoun married his cousin, Floride Bonneau Calhoun (Daughter of John E. Calhoun of Charleston SC) and when his was vice president to Andrew Jackson, his wife, Floride became involved in the "**Pettycoat Affair**" in Washington DC by organizing the wives of the other cabinet members against Peggy Eaton, wife of the Secretary of War, **John Eaton**. Jackson sided with the **Eatons** and that incident ended friendly relationships with the Calhouns. Eaton Ferry at Lake Gaston near Halifax, NC is named for this family. One of the daughters of John Caldwell Calhoun and Floride Bonneau, Anna Maria Calhoun married Thomas Green Clemson 1807-1888, the founding father of **Clemson University** in South Carolina.
3. Rachel Craighead 1742-1835 Guilford Co. NC married (she was 24 and he was 41) 1766 Reverend David Caldwell 1725-1824, Captain in Revolutionary War, minister of note in the Greensboro, NC area and founder of a log college (13 children including Samuel Craighead Caldwell 1766-1826) married first, Abigail Alexander, daughter of John McKnitt Alexander 1733-1817 and Jane Bain/Bane (**John McKnitt Alexander was signer of Mecklenburg Resolves and delegate to 4th Provincial Congress/Halifax Resolves**), married secondly, Elizabeth Lindsay. Rachel was almost scalped by local Indians during the Native American uprisings of 1754-1763.
4. Mary Craighead 1735/6-1796 married in 1773, **Samuel Dunlap**, b. 1740 d. 1801/4, the brother of Captain George Dunlap who had married Mary's sister, **Nancy Agnes Craighead** after the death of her first husband, **Reverend William Richardson**.

Children of Mary Craighead and Samuel Dunlap:

1. **Dr. Samuel C. (Craighead?) Dunlap** 9/25/1765-1/20/1810 SC married Mary Crawford, 1767-1845, daughter of Major Robert Crawford 1728-1801 and Jean White,

Children:

1. Eliza Jane Dunlap b. 1791 d. 1859 GA married **Dr. Bartlett Jones**, b. 1787 VA d.1857 Lancaster SC, son of Benjamin Jones 1752-1843 and Elizabeth de Remi 1756-1856

Children of Dr. Bartlett Jones and Eliza Jane Dunlap:

1. Elizabeth Jones 1809-1872 married Reverend Harvin Vandiver of Anderson, SC
2. Mary Jones 1810
3. Mary Elizabeth Jones 1811-1856 married Witherspoon
4. Amelia Virginia Jones 1812 d. ALA married Hooper
5. Benjamin Rush Jones 1813-1887 ALA,
3. Eliza Theresa Jones 1816-1890 NY,
4. Bartlett Constantine Jones 1819-1866,
5. Samuel Dunlap Jones 1823-
2. George Washington Dunlap 1795 married first Elizabeth Harris, married secondly, Delia Harris
3. Salina Dunlap 1791-1861 married George Washington Jones 1792-1859, son of Benjamin Jones 1752-1843 and Elizabeth de Remi 1756-1856,

4. **Samuel F. (?Ferguson) Dunlap** 1799-1834, lawyer, married Sarah Crawford Witherspoon b. 1806 Waxhaws d. 1832, daughter of Colonel James Hervey Witherspoon and Jane Donnom 1786-1834, daughter of Issac Donnom. (His death notice in Charleston SC incorrectly states Samuel C.). He was involved with court case regarding property in the will of Major Robert Crawford 1728-1801 in Waxhaw, dated 1832, with families Crawfords, Witherspoons, Vaughan, etc.

Children of Samuel F. Dunlap and Sarah Crawford Witherspoon:

1. Jane Witherspoon Dunlap 1826-1861, married Charles P Pelham,
2. Mary Amelia Dunlap 1831 Waxhaws-1833, buried in Waxhaw
3. Robert Crawford Dunlap 1829-1830, buried in Waxhaw

5. Sarah Dunlap 1792 married Howe Dunlap

6. Mary M. Dunlap 1802-1830, never married.

7. Emily Dunlap 1809-1867, never married.

2. Reverend E. Dunlap, minister in Columbia SC

3. William Dunlap who had son Reverend Robert Dunlap of PA who had a son Dr. Thomas Dunlap of MS

4. Elizabeth Dunlap 1769-1804 (NOT SURE THIS IS CORRECT)

Married first, William Taylor

(Children: 1. Mary nm, 2. Sara nm)

Married secondly, Robert D. Montgomery

(Children: Elizabeth D. Montgomery, 1803-1804, 10 months, buried in Waxhaw.

5. Elizabeth Craighead 1755-1825 TN married Alexander Crawford 1750-1839, son of James Crawford b. 1715 Ireland d. 1780 Waxhaw and Jane Hutcheson b. 1734 Ireland d. 1776 Waxhaw, daughter of Francis Cyrus Hutchison b. 1700 Ireland and Elizabeth Moody. Jane Hutcheson had sisters Elizabeth Hutcheson b. 1740 who married Andrew Jackson, parents of President Andrew Jackson and Mary Hutcheson 1730-1790 who married George McKerney. **President Andrew Jackson** was born at Alexander Crawford's home in 1767 shortly after his father was killed in a logging accident.

6. **Nancy Agnes Craighead** b. 1740 Lancaster Co PA d. 1790 NC married in 1759, **Reverend William Richardson**, minister at Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church b. 1729 England d. 1771, son of **David Richardson** 1693 Scotland-1734 and Janet Johnson 1699-1742. His sister, **Mary Richardson** 1723-1757 married Archibald Davie 1724-1800 and had son **William Richardson Davie** b. 1756 England d. 1820 Waxhaw who married Sarah Jones, daughter of **General Allan Jones** of Northampton County, NC. WR Davie was lawyer, legislator, Governor of NC, founder of UNC-CH and lived in Halifax 1783-1803. William and Nancy Agnes had no children. Reverend Richardson died with a bridle wrapped around his neck and although the official cause of death was said to be suicide, Nancy Agnes was accused of witchcraft but cleared by a primitive Scottish procedure. (Much information on the Internet). About a year after her husband's controversial death, Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) married secondly, Captain George Dunlap 1736-1800 of South Carolina militia. Since the death of their mother, the three children of Mary Richardson Davie had been living in the household of her brother, Reverend Richardson and after his death, they continued living with Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) and her second husband Captain George Dunlap. It is likely that WR Davie was away at school most of the time. It is also noted that George Dunlap was an executor of Reverend Richardson's will.

George Dunlap was born in Augusta County Virginia but died in the Waxhaws, a "member of wealthy local family". His parentage is not certain but definitely connected to the Dunlaps that had traveled the Great Wagon Trail from Philadelphia around 1730, residing in Augusta County, VA area for about ten years, and then, after rising unrest of the Native Americans, moved further south to the Waxhaws around the mid-1750s. The father of George Dunlap was most likely Robert Dunlap b. 1712, brother of Samuel Dunlap b. 1715 who moved with Samuel to the Waxhaws in the 1750s.. (Author's ggggrandfather). There is a possibility that George Dunlap could be the son of another brother, EITHER David Dunlap who purchased some land in Augusta Co. VA from his brother Samuel b. 1715 in the early 1750s before Samuel moved to Waxhaws, but later also moved down to Waxhaws OR

Alexander Dunlap, a brother who died at age 44 in Augusta Co. VA. There is no question that George Dunlap was of this family.

Since Captain George Dunlap b. 1736 was 36 when he married in 1772, Nancy Agnes Craighead, there is a possibility that he had had a first wife. Within this large clan of Dunlaps that moved and lived together both in the Augusta County VA area and later, in the Waxhaw area, there was another George Dunlap b. 1755 who married a Neely and had son John Neely Dunlap 1798-1875 Lancaster SC. John Neely Dunlap married Ann Robertson Lyle 1808-1882 and had children: 1. Jane Elizabeth Dunlap 1830 married Davie Eli Dunlap 1837-1910, 2. George B. Dunlap 1833-1844, 3. Martha Lavice Dunlap 1846-1913 married James Gaston Howze, 4. David Eli Dunlap 1837-1910, 5. Sarah "Sallie" Lucinda Dunlap 1841-1911, 6. James Alonzo Dunlap 1844-1864, 7. Nannie/Nancy Dunlap 1849-1931 married John Porter Gaston, 8. Matthew Lyle Dunlap 1831-1840, 9. Wylie Bush Dunlap 1839-1859. Note one of the children is named David, perhaps in honor of his grandparent.

Children of Captain George Dunlap (SAR) b. 1736 Augusta Co. VA d. 1807 Waxhaw, SC and Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson) b. 1740 d. 1790:

1. Nancy Agnes Dunlap b. 11/26/1779 d. 1846, buried in Waxhaw, married 3/5/1800, (cousin) **Andrew Crockett 1769-1853** of Lancaster Co SC, son of Lt. John Crockett b. 1730 on ship to PA d. 1800 Waxhaw and Margaret McClanahan 1736-1796. The brother of Andrew Crockett, **Elijah Crockett 1757-1798** had married **Mary Magdalene Davie, sister to WR Davie**. There is no record of service for this Andrew Crockett in Revolutionary War since he would have been very young but records give him credit for supplying the troops under command of **Major WR Davie**.

CROCKETT FAMILY:

Antoine Desasure Peronette de Crocketagne, a French Huguenot who came from Ireland to Philadelphia, then Orange Co. VA.

His 4th son: Colonel Robert Watkins/Watson Crockett b. 1707 Orange County VA d. 1746/7 Beverly Manor, Augusta County, VA married Margaret Alexander Davis 1713-1746.

Children of Robert Crockett and Margaret Davis were:

1. Lt. John Crockett b. 1730 on ship to PA d. 1800 Waxhaw married first Margaret McClanahan 1736-1796.
Children:
 1. Archibald McCorkle Crockett 1754-1844 (possibly a son of her first marriage,
 2. William Crockett,
 3. Elijah Crockett 1757-1853 married Mary Richardson, sister of WR Davie.
 4. Margaret Crockett 1760-1764
 5. John Alexander Crockett 1754-1794
 6. Andrew Crockett married Nancy Agnes Dunlap 1779-1846, daughter of Captain George Dunlap and Nancy Agnes Craighead (Richardson),
 7. Robert Hugh Crockett 1755-1820 married Laura Janet McClanahan. One of their children, Margaret b. 1782 married John McKnitt Alexander Wallis 1799-1851 son of Reverend James Wallis and Mary Alexander, daughter of John McKnitt Alexander 1733-1817, renown for involvement with Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, May 20, 1775.
2. Archibald Crockett married daughter of William King and had a son John Crockett who had a son, **Davy Crockett of Alamo fame**.
3. Jane Crockett,
4. Samuel Crockett
5. Robert Crockett

6. James Crockett, baptized 1741,
 7. Alexander Crockett, baptized 1745,
 8. William Crockett, baptized 1746 after father's death.
 All baptisms were done by Reverend John Craig, Pastor of Augusta
 Presbyterian Church.

The widow of Robert Crockett married secondly John Ramsey who was
 appointed guardian to the Crockett children, left Virginia in 1758 to move to
 Mecklenburg Co. NC.

Children of Andrew Crockett b. 1769 and Nancy Agnes Dunlap:

1. John McKenzie Dunlap 1801-1873
2. Minerva Jane Crockett 1802-1823
3. Eli Dunlap Crockett 1806-1875, buried in Waxhaw
4. George Hyder Crockett 1807-1843, buried in Waxhaw
5. Margaret Catherine Crockett 1809-1876 Lancaster SC, married Thomas Walker Huey
 (Children: 1. Simeon Hyder Huey married Margaret Alice Hunter, 2. Henrietta Amanda
 Huey married in SC, Millen Hood, 3. Thomas Walker Huey, 4. Robert Eli Alexander Huey
 married Mary Elizabeth Kee)
6. Robert Hamilton Crockett 1811-1877
7. Nancy Agnes Elizabeth Dunlap Crockett 1813-1900 married Henry Russel Price
8. Maryann Louisa Crockett 1813-1823
9. Rachel Archana Crockett 1815-1894 married Dr. Samuel L. Strait 1816-1885
10. Elijah Jones Crockett 1818-1897 married Mary Gill.
11. David McKenzie Crockett 1821-1896 married Louisa Elmira Huey 1836-1897
 (Children: 1. Nanny Lynn Crockett married Hugh McRae Williams, 2. Rufus Calhoun
 Crockett married Nancy Estelle Lathan).

2. Dr. David Richardson Dunlap b. 1771 Charlotte NC d. 1861 Mecklenburg Co NC, medical doctor,
 clerk and master of the Court of Equity, d. 1861, whooping cough. He was High Sheriff of Anson
 County, NC. **He was cast out of Presbyterian Church as a result of marrying his deceased wife's
 sister.** As a consequence, he joined the Methodist Church. He is buried in Old Settlers Cemetery
 in Charlotte,

Married first in 1804, Elizabeth "Eliza" Hamilton Jennings (Charlotte, NC) d. 1812, daughter of
 Major John Jennings II, High Sheriff of Anson County, SC and M. Lizzie Lamer.

Children of David Dunlap and Elizabeth Jennings:

1. John Jennings Dunlap 1805-1838,
2. George Hamilton Dunlap 1807-1892 married Louisa Long.
3. Samuel Caldwell Dunlap

Married secondly, in 1814 Charlotte Jennings (Her first marriage to Mr. Foote) 1791-1815, sister
 of first wife.

Children of David Dunlap and Charlotte Jennings:

1. Edmund Henderson 1815-1815)

Married thirdly, in 1819, Mary "Polly" Lowrie, 1792-1848, daughter of Judge Lowrie.

Children of David Dunlap and Mary Lowrie:

1. William Spain Dunlap 1820-1820,
2. Margaret Alexander Lowie Dunlap 1821-1823
3. Mary Agnes Dunlap 1829-1833,
4. Harriet Newell Dunlap 1821-1873, married first, Dr. Edmond Jones, married secondly,
 Colonel Thomas H Brem, merchant in Charlotte NC

3. George Bryant Dunlap 1783-1859 Anson Co. NC married Hannah Pines Ingram 1791-1864
 (Children:

1. Benjamin Ingram Dunlap 1810-1880 married Elizabeth Ann Crump 1814-1912 and had daughter Agnes Craighead Dunlap 1844-1903 Anson Co. NC married David Neville Bennett 1843-1914 Stanley Co. NC. Their son Albertus E. Bennett 1873-1960 married Margaret Lee 1879-1951 and had daughter Agnes Craighead Bennett 1903-1995 married Blackwell Pierce 1895-1996 **(cousin to author of WR Davie book, Blackwell Pierce Robinson. This is interesting since I don't think Robinson knew he had a connection to the Davie family when he wrote the biography of WR Davie.)**
2. Joseph Fletcher Dunlap 1815-1884
3. Eliza Jane Dunlap 1812
4. Winnifred Ann Dunlap 1821-1887
4. Margaret Jane Dunlap 1774-1841, buried in Fishing Creek Presbyterian married Edward Alexander Crawford
Children:
 1. David Caldwell Crawford 1811-1856 Chester, SC married Mary Rebecca Robertson
 2. Edward Crawford 1808-1832
 3. George JD Crawford 1806-1822
 4. James Dunlap Crawford 1798-1866 York Co. SC, buried in Fishing Creek Presbyterian Church.
 5. Isabella Ferris Crawford 1803-1886 ARK, married Boyd
 6. Jane Clementine Crawford 1803-1886 ARK, married Henry DeSaussure Gibbs
5. Rachel Craighead Dunlap 1785-1874 married John Neely 1785-1869, son of Thomas Neely b. 1724 Chester d.1774 Chester, SC, buried at Fishing Creek Presbyterian Church. Thomas Neely was the son of Henry Samuel Neely b. 1695 Ireland d.1780 York County, SC and Elizabeth Cormack.
Children:
 1. George Harvey Neely 1807-1890, married Margaret Rose Moore Chambers,
 2. Prudence Selina Neely 1809-1841, married Major Robert Gill Mills 1809-1841,
 3. **David Dunlap Neely 1822-1868 ALA**, married Margaret Wallace,
 4. Agnes Jane Neely 1827-1907 married Dr. James Terrell Goude-lock 1821-1873
 5. (half-sibling) John Leroy Neely d. 1864 in prison, married Martha Neely,
 6. Mary "Polly" Neely 1805-1900 ALA,
 7. Thomas Amzi Neely 1812-1851 ALA
7. ROBERT CRAIGHEAD 1751-1821, one of first settled Knoxville, TN, built the first jail, married Hannah Eleanor Clark 1751 Mecklenburg Co. NC-1813 Knoxville TN (9 children)
8. REV. THOMAS BROWN CRAIGHEAD b. 1753, d. 1824, moved to Nashville, married first, in 1789 Elizabeth Brown b. 1756 d. 1828, daughter of Reverend John Brown 1728-1803 of Virginia, graduate of Princeton, and Margaret Preston 1728-1802, daughter of John Preston and Elizabeth Patton, daughter of **Henry Patton** 1662 Ireland-1724 Ireland or VA and Sarah Lynn 1667-1764. **Reverend John Brown performed the wedding of President Andrew Jackson and Rachel Donelson Robards. Andrew Jackson had been raised in the Waxhaw community in SC.** Reverend Thomas Craighead married secondly, Jean Scott and thirdly, Jane Martin. He was involved in the founding of Davidson Academy, later University of Nashville.
Children:
 1. John Brown Craighead 1782-1853 married first, Jane Erwin whose first husband was killed in duel with President Andrew Jackson, married secondly, Lavinia Robertson,
 2. William Brown Craighead b. 1783-1848 TN,
 3. Jane Craighead b. 1787,
 4. David Craighead 1790-1848 TN married Mary Hunt Macon,
 5. Alexander Craighead b. 1792-1827,
 6. James Brown Craighead 1795-1860 married Jane Preston, daughter of John Preston and Margaret Brown.
 7. Thomas Craighead Jr.1798-1862

DESAUSSURE FAMILY

Two children of William Richardson Davie and Sarah Jones Davie married into the DeSaussure family.

- Sarah Davie married William Ford DeSaussure 1792-1870
- William Frederick Davie married Octavia Theodosia DeSaussure 1801-1871.

Henri DeSaussure b. 1709 Switzerland d. 1761 SC, married in Greenville, SC to Magdalen Brabant 1710-1761.

Children of Henri DeSaussure and Magdalen Brabant:

1. John Daniel Hector DeSaussure 1736-1798 Charleston married Mary McPherson 1739-1815, daughter of Alexander McPherson and Jane Jarvis.
2. Chancellor Henry William DeSaussure, 1763-1839, Justice of South Carolina Chancery Court and second director of US Mint, married Elizabeth Ford, daughter of Colonel Jacob Ford, Jr.

Children of Chancellor Henry William DeSaussure and Elizabeth Ford:

1. Anna Frances DeSaussure 1786-1878 married Wilmot Stuart Gibes 1782-1852
2. Henry Alexander DeSaussure 1788-1865 married Susan Boone 1789
3. Daniel McPherson DeSaussure 1789-1789
4. **William Ford DeSaussure 1792-1870 married Sarah Davie, daughter of WR Davie and Sarah Jones**, had son Henry William DeSaussure b. 1816
5. Mary Carolina DeSaussure 1794-1862 Columbia married Abraham Louis Blanding 1775-1839
6. Daniel Louis DeSaussure 1796-1857 Camden married Frances C. Martin 1796-1861
7. Elizabeth Ford DeSaussure 1798-1826
8. Gabriel Edward DeSaussure 1799-1821
9. **Octavia Theodosia DeSaussure 1801-1871 married Frederick William Davie 1800-1850, son of WR Davie and Sarah Jones**
10. Charles Alfred DeSaussure 1803-1870 Charleston married Thomasine Wilding Fell, had son Henry William DeSaussure 1886 Charleston married Nancy Wallace Bostick 1837-1915
11. Dr. Louis McPherson DeSaussure 1804-1870 Kershaw married Isabel Harper Means 1809-1844, had son William Henry b. 1835 Beaufort SC
12. Major John McPherson DeSaussure 1807-1883 married Elizabeth Hester Champion 1812-1864, had son Lt. Henry William DeSaussure 1835-1862
13. Sarah Amelia DeSaussure 1808-1842

JONES FAMILY

This Jones family came to Virginia from Wales around the middle of the seventeenth century. Robert/Robin Jones, the third of that name, moved to North Carolina and became the agent for Lord Granville. He was a lawyer of ability, educated in England and later in 1761, was appointed Attorney-General for North Carolina in 1761. He married first Sarah Cobb in 1737 and was the founder of the Jones family of Halifax and Northampton Counties.

There are two particular Jones families that were historically related and became more intertwined over time in America.

Cadwallader Jones 1813-1899, of Rock Hill, South Carolina, in his *A Genealogical History*, (page 73) stated: In Virginia, *there were two Jones families, both of Welsh extraction and related in the old country, one of which was known as the Robert Jones family and the other as the Peter/Cadwallader Jones family. After a long residence in Virginia, these families were reunited by intermarriages of:*

1. Major Allen Jones Green and Lucy Pride Jones, daughter of Major Cadwallader Jones
2. Frederick L.J. Pride, son of Major C Jones with Amaryllis Sitgreaves, granddaughter of General Allen Jones of Northampton Co. NC
3. Colonel Cadwallader Jones 1788-1861 to Rebecca Edwards Long 1795-1881, daughter of Major Lunsford Long b. 1763 and Rebecca Edwards Jones b. 1770, daughter of General Allen Jones and Rebecca Edwards.

There are claims to a historical significance. Petersburg, Virginia was originally called Peter's Town or Peter's Point and is named for Major Peter Jones who was commander of the fort in 1675. This Captain Peter Jones 1634-1681 married Margaret? Cocke in 1655, in Henrico County VA. His son Peter 1666-1726 of Charles City, VA married Mary Batte. The details are not clear but it is claimed that this family is connected to following:

Cadwallader/Peter Jones 1690-1734 married Mary,

Their son: Frederick Jones b. 1720 married Elizabeth Eppes.

Their son: Major Cadwallader Jones Sr. 1755-1786 married Mary Briggs Halcott Pride.

Their son: **Colonel Cadwallader Jones Jr.** b. 1788 Petersburg, VA d. 1861 Hillsborough, NC married Annie Isabel Iredell 1816-1897, daughter of **Governor James Iredell** d. 1788, who was son of **James Iredell b. 1751, first Justice of Supreme Court and Hannah Johnston, daughter of Governor Samuel Johnston of Edenton of "Hayes Plantation" and his wife, Frances Cathcart.** Samuel Johnston along with his brother John who married Elizabeth Whitnell Williams were children of John Johnstone who immigrated to America in 1736 from Dundee, Scotland. John Johnstone was an ordained minister and the surveyor general of the province. The wife of John Johnstone was Helen Scrymgeour. John Johnstone was the brother of Governor Gabriel Johnstone who married Penelope Eden, daughter of Governor Charles Eden of Edenton.

Early origins of the Jones Family of Halifax and Northampton Counties are vague. Several sources state that a James Jones 1640-1719 with possible wife Rebecca Lewis 1650-1725, daughter of Christopher Lewis and Ann Exton, came from Wales to America, settling in Charles City, Va. His son was James Jones b.c1670 Prince George VA/Charles City who married Rebecca Blight b.c1670 d. 1693. There is a legend that states when Robert Jones b. c 1670 was a young boatswain on a man-of-war in Virginia, "jumped ship" after falling "in love".

Children of Robert Jones 1694-1766/75 and Rebecca Blight:

1. Robert/Robin Jones Sr. 1694-1775, planter in Surry County, VA, House of Burgess, attorney, married c1718, Elizabeth McGuffie 1695-1741

Children of Robin Jones and Elizabeth McGuffie:

1. Robert/Robin Jones Jr. b. c1718 Surry VA d.1766/7 Northampton Co NC married first, Sarah Martha Cobb 1724-1759 of Nancemond VA, married secondly, Mary Eaton 1730-1820, daughter of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 and Mary Rives. (SEE BELOW FOR MORE INFORMATION)
2. John Jones married unknown

Children:

1. Patsey Jones married William Daniel and had son **Joseph J. Daniel 1784-1848, born in Halifax County, studied law with William R. Davie in Halifax, became a Superior Court Judge, and an Associate Justice of Supreme Court until 1848.** He was a cousin to John Reeves Jones Daniel of NC, who was born in 1802 in Halifax and was a lawyer, congressman, and attorney general (1834-1841).
2. Elizabeth Jones had a son named William Gray who lived in Randolph County, VA.

3. Nathaniel Jones, lived in Wake County NC

2. James Jones III d. 1742
3. ?Grisel Rebecca Jones married McCormick,
4. ?David Jones,
5. ?Richard Jones,
6. ?Elizabeth Jones married Glover,
7. ?Thomas Jones,
8. ?Josiah Jones

Robert/Robin Jones Jr. b. 1718 Surry Co., VA d. 1766/7 Northampton Co. NC, son of Robert Jones Sr. 1694-1775 and Elizabeth McGuffie. (Source: John Paul Jones-Willie Jones Tradition)

Around 1750, Robin Jones moved from Surry County, Virginia to Northampton County, NC. He built his home, "The Castle", on the Roanoke River in a bend called Occonechee Neck, close to present day Jackson, NC and across the river from Halifax, NC. From 1750 to 1761, he represented the County of Northampton in the Assembly. In 1761, he was appointed attorney general and an agent by Earl Granville who was responsible for collecting quitrents in the Granville District. During this time, he acquired large tracts of land making him the largest land owner on the Roanoke River during his time.

Robin had a close friend in Albemarle Parish, Reverend William Willie/Wylie and wife Elizabeth, who sold him in 1753, 500 acres of land in Albemarle Parish just before his move to Northampton County, NC. Robin Jones made Reverend Willie a god-father and name sake to his son, Willie Jones.

On a recommendation by Governor Arthur Dobbs, Robin Jones was appointed attorney general of North Carolina in 1761. Robin Jones was so dedicated to his law practice that he once postponed surgery on a swollen leg to argue a court case.

Around this time, he became involved in a situation with enraged a group of Halifax County farmers who were led by Colonel Alexander McCulloch, an uncle to Henry McCulloch, who had accused Francis Corbin, an Edenton tax collector of malfeasance. Corbin also lived in Edenton at the Cupola House. These so-named "regulators" kidnapped Corbin and took him to Enfield, small town about fifteen miles from the town of Halifax in Halifax County NC and put him in jail. This incident is remembered as a precursor to the Revolutionary War from which

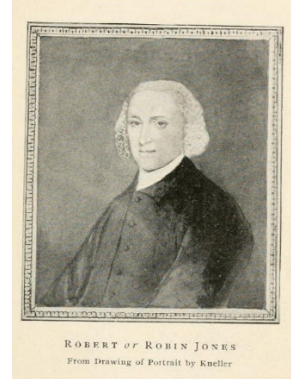
the call of “no taxation without representation” articulated. The McCullocks were related to James Iredell of Edenton.

The executives of Robin Jones’s will were his son, Willie Jones and son-in-law, John Baptiste Ashe.

Robin Jones Jr. had two marriages,

first in 1737, to Sarah Cobb 1719-1752,

secondly to Mary Eaton, daughter of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 Granville Co. NC and Mary Rives.



Robin Jones Jr. first marriage in 1737 to Sarah Cobb 1719-1752:

Sarah Cobb 1719-1752 was the daughter of Robert Cobb 1687-1725 of Weldon and his wife, Elizabeth Allen, 1701-1747, daughter of Reverend Daniel Allen 1670-1720, Rector of Episcopal Church and Rebecca Richardson 1680-1715 of New Hanover Co. VA, daughter of William Richardson Jr. and Elizabeth.

Robert Cobb was the son of a Robert Cobb and Elizabeth Thorpe. Robert Cobb had a first marriage in 1703 to Rebecca Penkethan who had died in 1715, leaving two daughters Elizabeth Cobb 1704-1736 married James Shields and Rebecca Cobb.

Sarah Cobb had a sister Martha Cobb who married Dudley Richardson.

After the death of Robert Cobb in 1725, his wife, Elizabeth Allen (Cobb) 1701-1743 married secondly, in 1725, **Samuel Weldon** 1676-1748 of Henrico County, VA, the son of Samuel Weldon b. 1650 and Sarah Efford. The town of Weldon, NC is named for this family.

Children of Samuel Weldon and Elizabeth Allen (Cobb):

1. Daniel Weldon 1720-1755
2. Elizabeth Weldon 1725-1768 married Easley
3. Colonel Samuel Weldon 1726-1785 who married Penelope Short. He was colonel in county militia, a member of the Provincial Congress, and Justice of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Children:

1. Benjamin Allen Weldon 1772-1840 Sumter SC,
2. William Weldon 1774-1820,
3. Martha Weldon 1776-1849,
4. Penelope Weldon
4. Priscilla Weldon 1732-1780 married John Jones.
5. Benjamin Weldon 1735-1756

The children of Robin Jones and first wife, Sarah Cobb:

1. General Allen Jones 1739-1798 married first, Mary Haynes, married secondly, Rebecca Edwards b. 1740. (See below for more information)
2. Willie Jones 1741-1801 married Mary Montfort, daughter of Joseph Montfort. (4 living children)
3. Martha Jones 1743 married Dr. Thomas Gilchrist of Halifax
4. ?Charlotte Jones 1746
5. ?Robert Jones 1749

Robin Jones 1718-1766 married secondly, Mary Eaton, daughter of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 and Mary Rives.

The children of Robin Jones and second wife, Mary Eaton:

1. Elizabeth Eaton Jones b. 1766 married Benjamin Williams, twice governor of NC, who was succeeded in office by **William R. Davie**. Benjamin Williams was the son of Colonel John Williams 1730-1759 and Pherebee Pugh, daughter of Colonel Enis Frances Thomas Pugh and Pherebee Barker

Second Generation:

General Allen Jones 1739-1798, buried in Mt. Gallant cemetery, son of Robin Jones and his first wife Sarah Cobb:

General Allen Jones b. 12/24/1739 Edgecombe County, NC d. 11/14/1798 of "Mt. Gallant" in Northampton County, NC. He was educated at Eton College in England under the charge of Lord Granville, delegate to first provincial congress in 1774 in New Bern, and representative to the 1779 Continental Congress in Philadelphia.

Allen Jones 1739-1798 married first, in 1760, Mary Haynes 1725-1766, buried in Mt. Gallant cemetery

Mary Haynes was the daughter of Thomas Haynes Jr. b. 1686 London, England and his second wife, Elizabeth Martha Jones, daughter of Herbert Jones and Elizabeth of Roanoke, VA. Thomas Haynes Jr. was the son of Thomas Haynes d. 1718.

Children of Thomas Haynes Jr. b. 1686 and wife, Elizabeth Martha Jones were:

1. Herbert Haynes b. 1709,
2. Anthony Haynes b. 1711 married Jane Eaton, daughter of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 and wife Mary Rives. Anthony Haynes and his wife had son Thomas Haynes b. 1749 who married Frances Elizabeth Stith 1755-1815. Jane Eaton, widow of Anthony Haynes, married secondly, Colonel Nathaniel Edwards of Brunswick VA. Their daughter, Rebecca Edwards, married General Allen Jones as his second wife. Rebecca would be his niece since her mother first husband, Anthony Hayes was the sister of General Allen Jones's first wife Mary Haynes.
3. Andrew Haynes b. 1718 married Anne Eaton, sister to Jane Eaton, both daughters of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 and wife Mary Rives.
4. Mary Haynes 1725-1768 married General Allen Jones (his first wife).

Children of Allen Jones 1739-1798 and first wife, Mary Haynes:

1. Robert "Robin" Jones 1755-1844 married Catherine Mare 1765-1861
2. **Sarah Jones 1762-1802 married General William Richardson Davie,**
3. Martha Cobb Jones b. 9/12/1764 d. 1810 married first to Dr. James West Furnifold Green 1754-1786 of Halifax.

James West Furnifold Green b. 1754 Craven Co NC d. 1786 New Burn NC, surgeon in US Army, son of Furnifold Green 1728-1880 of New Bern, NC and Holland Applewaite 1736-1765. Furnifold Green b. 1728 was the son of James Green 1710-1788 and Mary Edmondson (some say son of Furnifold Green b. 1697, brother to James b. 1710 and Sarah Mary Graves 1694-1730 and grandson of Furnifold Green 1674-1714 of Greens

Creek, Craven Co. NC, who was killed during conflicts with Native Americans and wife Hannah Kent b. 1673 Bath, NC

Children of Martha Cobb Jones and Dr. James West Furnifold Green:

1. Major Allen Jones Green b. 1783 Halifax NC d. 1832 Landsford, Chester Co SC, surgeon, lived at plantation "Rose Hill" at Landsford, Chester, SC, killed by falling tree limb, married on 10/23/1804, to Lucy Pride Jones d. 1864

Lucy Pride Jones d. 1864 Columbia SC, daughter of Major Cadwallader Jones b. 1755 Virginia d. 1796 Hillsborough NC and wife Mary Briggs Halcott Pride, daughter of Halcott Pride and Mary Briggs. Lucy Pride Jones was sister to Colonel Cadwallader Jones, also son of Major Cadwallader Jones.

Children of Major Cadwallader Jones 1755-1796 Hillsborough NC and wife Mary Briggs Halcott Pride. Mary was orphaned at age 3, originally raised by an aunt, Lucy Straughan, in Virginia, **but later lived at Mt. Gallant in Northampton Co. NC with family of General Allen Jones.**

1. Halcott Pride Jones 1780-1817, assumed last name of Pride at request of uncle, not married.
2. Frederick Lafayette Jones b. 1784 Catawba d. 1848 married in c1811, **Amaryllis Sitgreaves, the daughter of Martha Cobb Jones (widow of James West Furnifold Green) after her second marriage to Colonel/Judge John Sitgreaves.**

Children: NOTE Several children assumed the surname PRIDE at request of Uncle Halcott Briggs Pride who died childless.

1. Martha Cobb Jones Pride 1814 married Dr. Thomas Hunt of New Orleans,
2. Halcott J Jones Pride 1817-1891 married Julia Beckham,
3. Dr. John Sitgraves Jones Pride d. 1866 married Phoebe McClure,
4. Cadwallader Jones Pride 1828-1904, Postmaster of Rock Hill SC, US Commissioner, married his cousin, **Amelia Sitgreaves 1829-1895** daughter of Colonel John Sitgreaves Jr. 1799-1808.
3. Katherine Jones 1788 Landsford, SC
4. Cadwallader Jones Jr. 1788-1861 married Rebecca Edwards Long 1795-1881 who was daughter of Major Lunsford Long and Rebecca Edwards Jones, daughter of General Allen Jones and his second wife, Rebecca Edwards. Lunsford Long was the son of Colonel Nicholas Long 1728-1798 of Halifax County, NC. Cadwallader Jones owned "Mt. Gallant" in York, SC and was President of the Roanoke Navigation Corporation in NC.

Children of Cadwallader Jones Jr and Rebecca Edwards Long:

1. Allen Cadwallader Jones 1811 d. 1894 ALA, married first in Hillsborough, NC, Catherine Irwin 1822-1869, daughter of John Irwin and sister to George W. Irwin who married Francis Iredell Jones, daughter of Cadwallader Jones and Annie Isabella Iredell, daughter of **Governor James Iredell**. Allen Cadwallader Jones married secondly in 1874, Eliza J. Withers 1823-1901,
2. Cadwallader Jones b. 1813 Mt Gallant, d. 1899 Columbia SC, attended UNC, married 1836, Annie Isabella Iredell b. 1816 Edenton NC d. 1897, daughter of Governor James Iredell (10 children). Cadwallader Jones moved to Catawba/Rock Hill SC about 1857 and was captain in Confederate Army in 1861.

Children of Cadwallader Jones and Annie Isabella Iredell:

1. 1st Lt. Iredell Jones 1842-1914 York County SC married first, Ellen Douglas Adams, and married secondly in 1882, Laura Ella McMahan 1856-1887,
2. Captain Cadwallader Jones Jr 1843-1933 married Emily Skinner Johnson, daughter of Dr. Charles E. Johnson and Emily Skinner.
3. Priv. Allen Jones 1846-1916 Columbia SC married Augusta Henrietta Porcher 1852-1939,
4. Johnstone Jones,
5. Halcott Pride Jones 1855-1930 Columbia SC, not married.
6. Willie Jones 1850-1936 Columbia SC, in SC militia, married Annie Reaux Caldwell 1865-1939.
7. Frances Iredell Jones 1837-1926 married George Washington Erwin 1835-1910, son of John Erwin 1799-1860 of Alabama and Eliza Margaret Chadwick. George's older sister, Catherine 1822-1869 married in 1845, **Colonel Cadwallader Jones** 1811-1894 of Hillsborough, NC
8. Rebecca Cadwallader Jones 1839-1843.
9. Annie Isabella Jones 1852-1913 DC married Thomas Couturier Robertson 1849-1901.
10. Helen Iredell Jones 1858-1951 married John Stricker Coles, son of JS Coles and Eliza Pickens, daughter of Governor RW Pickens and wife Margaret Eliza Simikins. RW Pickens was the son of **General Andrew Pickens** of South Carolina, hero of the Revolutionary War, and his wife, Frances Wilkerson.

3. Dr. Halcott Pride Jones 1815-1889 Orange County, NC, Clerk of Court, legislature, married first, Mary E. A. Cameron 1815-1845, daughter of Judge John A. Cameron, and married secondly, Martha Ann Cain 1825-1900, daughter of William Cain of Orange County, NC.
4. Mary Mumford Jones 1818, died young.
5. Rebecca Edward Jones 1820, died young.
6. Mary Rebecca Jones 1823-1878, married Peter Browne Ruffin 1821-1900, son of Chief Justice Ruffin.
7. Robin Allen Cadwallader Jones 1826-1863 Culpepper, VA married Sarah Rachel Polk 1833-1905, daughter of Lucius Junius Polk 1802-1780.
8. Maria Octavia Jones 1828-1834, died young.
9. Sarah Rebecca Jones 1833-1892 Hillsborough, NC, married in 1859, Josiah Collins IV 1830-1890, son of Josiah Collins III 1808-1863 of Edenton NC and Mary Riggs. **Josiah Collins III** b. 1808 was the son of Josiah Collins II 1763-1839 of Lake Scuppernong, Washington County, NC. Their home was "Somerset" which today is on the National Register of Historic Places. His wife was Ann Rebecca Daves 1785-1833, daughter of John Daves 1748-1804 of New Bern and Mary Haynes 1751-1822. Mary Eaton Haynes was the daughter of Anne "Nannie" Eaton and Andrew Haynes. Mary Eaton Haynes first married in 1769 Joseph Long of Halifax County, NC who died shortly after the marriage. She married secondly, Oroondatis Davis of Halifax 1746-1781, a state senator for Halifax County, NC who

died in 1781. She married thirdly in 1782, in Halifax, Captain John Collins Daves b. 1748 Mecklenburg Co VA d. New Bern 1804.

Children of her third marriage were:

1. Ann Rebecca Daves 1785-1833 who married Josiah Collins II and
2. John Pugh Daves 1789-1834 of New Bern.

10. Frederick William Jones 1837-1837

5. **Lucy Pride Jones** 1790-1864 Columbia SC married **Major Allen Jones Green** b. 1783 Halifax NC d. 1832 Chester SC.

Children of Major Allen Jones Green and Lucy Pride Jones:

1. Caroline Green b. 1805 Halifax NC d. 1814
2. Mary Cadwallader Green 1808-1889 married Walter Izard.
3. Martha Green 1814-1826
4. James Blakely Green 1814-1836
5. Dr. Allen Jones Green 1819-1879 ALA, left land in Craven County by father, married Sallie Scott.
6. Halcott Pride Green b. 1821 at "Rose Hill" in Chester, SC d. 1891 Columbia SC, treasurer of state lunatic asylum, married on 11/1845, Virginia Eliza Taylor 1824-1885, daughter of Benjamin Franklin Taylor and Sally Webb Coles.

Children of Halcott Pride Green and Virginia Eliza Taylor:

1. Allen Jones Green 1846-1910 married Helen Coles Singleton 1846-1924 who had son Walter Taylor Green Sr. 1874-1927 SC married Margaret E. Simpson 1888-1985 Richland SC,
2. Judge Halcott Pride Jones 1866-1947 of York, SC.
7. Lucy Jones Green 1823-1899 Columbia, SC
8. Frederick Lafayette Green 1825-1881 Columbia, SC
9. John Sitgreaves Green 1828-1881, lived with sister Lucy

Sarah Cobb Jones 1764-1810 (widow of James West Furnifold Green d. 1787), married secondly to **Judge John Sitgreaves** of New Bern NC 1757-1802

Children of Martha Cobb Jones (Green) and Judge John Sitgreaves:

1. John Samuel Sitgreaves 1799-1868,
2. Amaryllis Sitgreaves married Frederick Lafayette Jones Pride and had son Cadwallader Jones Pride.

Sarah Cobb Jones, widow of James West Furnifold Green and widow of Judge John Sitgreaves, married thirdly to Dr. Thomas Harrison Hall of Wilmington NC. No issue.

4. Mary Elizabeth Jones b. 3/30/1766 d. 1842 married **General Thomas Eaton** 1739-1809 of Warren Co. NC.

General Thomas Eaton 1739-1809 was the son of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 and Mary Rives 1695-1800, daughter of George Rives and Frances Elizabeth Bishop.

General Thomas Eaton had three marriages,

- first to Anna Bland 1744-1781, daughter of Theodoric Bland and Frances Bolling (said to be a descendent of Pocahontas), and
- second to Mary Elizabeth Jones 1766-1842, and

- third to Anne Stith 1767-1846, daughter of Buckner Stith 1740-1800 of Brunswick Co. VA and Ann Dade, son of Drury Stith b. 1718, son of Drury Stith b. 1695 Charles City VA , son of Drury Stith b. 1670 and Susan Bathurst, son of John Drury Stith b. 1631 and Jane Mosby.

Children of Mary Elizabeth Jones and General Thomas Eaton were:

1. Mary Allen Eaton 1785-1850 TN married (cousin) Eaton Price Pugh 1766-1821, son of Reverend John Shadrack Pugh and Anne Mary Eaton, widow of Andrew Haynes and daughter of William Eaton and wife, Mary Rives.

General Allen Jones, son of Robin Jones, married secondly in 1768, to Rebecca Edwards 1740-1780. She is called "Indian Queen" by Wikipedia but with no explanation as to the reference.

Rebecca Edwards was the daughter of Colonel Nathaniel Edwards 1710-1771 of Brunswick County, VA and Jane Eaton 1724-1770, the daughter of Colonel William Eaton 1690-1759 and Mary Rives 1695-1761, daughter of George Rives 1660-1719 and Francis Elizabeth Bishop 1665-1695. Jane Eaton (Edwards) was the widow of Anthony Haynes 1711-1753.

Colonel Nathaniel Edwards was the son of John Edwards d. 1713 of Brunswick County, VA. Colonel Nathaniel Edwards had a son, Isaac Edwards 1741-1775, a brother to Rebecca Edwards, who was secretary to Royal Governor William Tryon. His dramatic conversion from loyalist to patriot was dramatized in the Inglis Fletcher's book, "*Wind in the Forest*", published in 1958

Children of Allen Jones and Rebecca Edwards were:

1. Rebecca Edwards Jones b. 1770 Northampton County NC d. 1797 "*Quanky*" Plantation, Halifax NC, married in 1794, Lunsford Long 1763-1809.

Lunsford Long 1763-1809 was the son of Nicholas Long 1728-1798 and his second wife, Mary McKinnie who was the daughter of John McKinnie b. 1722 and wife Mary Parrish. John McKinnie was son of Major Barnaby MacQuinney/McKinnie b. 1673 Isle of Wight, VA d. 1739 Edgecombe Co. NC and wife Mary Exum 1678-1737/54, daughter of Judge Jeremiah Exum of Isle of Wight, VA.

Children of Rebecca Edward Jones and Lunsford Long:

1. Rebecca Edwards Long married Colonel Cadwallader Jones Jr. 1788-1861, son of Major Cadwallader Jones 1755-1786 Hillsborough NC and Mary Pride 1761-1795, daughter of Halcott Pride and Mary Briggs. He was president of Roanoke Navigation Company in NC.
2. Mary Rebecca Long 1797-1885 TN, raised by grandfather after early death of her father, married Dr. William Julius Polk 1793-1860, son of Dr. William J. Polk, son of Colonel William Polk and Griselda Gilchrist. He was half-brother of General Leonidas Polk. (8 children)

Lunsford Long married secondly, Mary Copeland, daughter of Joseph Coupland/Copeland and Mourning **McKinnie** b. 1738, daughter of William McKinnie b. 1705, son of Barnaby McKinnie 1673-1739 Edgecombe Co. NC and wife Mary Exum.

Children of Lunsford Long and second wife, Mary Copeland:

1. Maria/Mary McKinnie Long married John Sheppard,
2. Benjamin Sherrod Long married Elizabeth Browning/Brownrigg d. in MISS.

3. William Lunsford Long, never married.

Lunsford Long married thirdly, Penelope, no issue.

General Allen Jones married thirdly to Penelope Brock b. 1760, no issue. Another source says Mary Eaton.
2. **Willie Jones**, b. 5-25-1741 Surry Co VA. d. 1822, Raleigh NC, buried in unmarked grave.

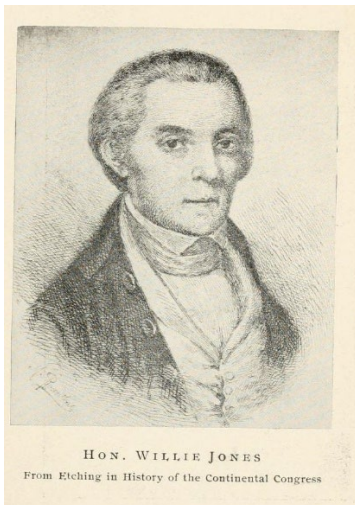
Willie Jones was born in Surry County, VA and educated in England at Eton College. His family moved to Northampton County NC around 1850s. He built his stately home, "The Grove" on the southern side of Halifax, NC around 1765 on land inherited from his father. It is said that the front four rooms were built using the timbers from his father's dismantled home in Northampton County which was called, "The Castle". The house had carved mantles and elaborate paneling. One room featured a large bowed window which looked out onto the horse race-track. Willie Jones purchased large tracks of land, eventually owning almost 10,000 acres, including one track of 1130 acres purchased from Barnaby McKinnie. Willie was named for his godfather, the Reverend William Willie of Albemarle Parish, VA.

Willie Jones was a Revolutionary War patriot who held the rank of lieutenant colonel and who saw service at the Battle of Guilford Courthouse in 1781. He was a consummate politician who served in several provincial congresses as well as the state house and senate. He did not attend the 4th Provincial Congress that was held in Halifax and is renowned for its passage of the "Halifax Resolves" as a result of his appointment as Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the southern colonies. He was president of the Council of Safety which was located in Halifax, and therefore, an "acting governor" of the colony until Richard Caswell was elected in December of 1776. He was an ardent states' righter, and a leader in the anti-Federalist movement and a Jeffersonian democrat. He spear-headed the committee that opposed the ratification of the US Constitution which was resolved after the drafting of Bill of Rights. He supported the founding of the first university, served as a trustee, and assisted William R Davie, his nephew by marriage, who had introduced the bill for a state university when searching for a site to seat the university. He can be called the "founder of Raleigh" since he spearheaded the purchase of 400 acres of land from Joel Lane in Wake County for the new capital of North Carolina. He purchased several city lots and built a summer residence there. Jonesborough, Tennessee and Jones County in North Carolina are named for him.

The interesting, yet controversial legend of John Paul Jones 1747-1792, recognized as the Father of the American Navy, was a son of a gardener who was apprenticed at the age of twelve to a ship owner and was involved in sailing the Atlantic Ocean in trade. After an incident on board the ship "Betsy" around 1752/3, he went on the run and ended up in Halifax in mid 1750s as a homeless, penniless young Scottish man. His membership as a freemason allowed him entrée into the elite of America including Benjamin Franklin. In a letter to Franklin, John Paul described the accidental death and his unwillingness to stand for trial. It is thought that he wandered the islands in the Caribbean for a while after the incident, then came to America where he had a brother in Fredericksburg VA; however, upon arrival, he found that his brother had died. It is a long held tradition that Willie Jones approached the dejected young man, took him into his household, and John Paul later adopted the Jones name in gratitude. It is possible that Allen and Willie Jones met John Paul at the White Hart Masonic Lodge in Halifax. When he contracted Typhoid Fever, John Paul was nursed during the six-week ordeal by the wife of Allen Jones. As the Revolutionary War approached, Willie and his brother Allen introduced John Paul to Joseph Hewes, member of Congress from North Carolina and with his influence, John Paul received a commission c1775 in the navy.

Willie Jones courted Dorothea Dandridge who later married Governor Patrick Henry. He married the young Mary Montfort late in this life.

The will of Willie Jones, dated February 1798, and witnessed by Allen Jones and Josiah Crump, mentioned his wife Mary, daughters Patsy Burke, Sally Welch, and Nancy and his sons that were under age 21, Willie and Robert Allen, as well as daughter, Anne Maria. The will mentions a distillery, water courses, many parcels of land, and the race track at "The Grove". The son, Willie, inherited the family house after death of his mother. When he died as a bachelor, the ownership of the house passed to his two sisters. It remained in the Eppes Family for many years but even with an effort to acquire and repair it in the 20th century by the Halifax Chapter of the DAR, the house fell into ruins.



Engraving of Willie Jones by Max Rosenthal. The engraving of the home, "The Grove" is from the NC Museum of History. The home was built c1773.

Willie Jones at age thirty-six, married in June of 1776, the sixteen year old, Mary Elizabeth Montfort 1760-1828. It is notable that Mary Elizabeth Montfort' father died just three months earlier.

Mary Montfort was the daughter of Colonel **Joseph Montfort** 1724-3/1776 and wife Priscilla Hill 1734-1780, daughter of Colonel Benjamin Hill of Bertie County, NC. Colonel Joseph Montfort was a Grand Master of Free Masons of North America. Mary had thirteen children and only five survived to adulthood. She was known to befriend and raise several orphans.

There is a story about Mary Montfort (Jones)'s encounter with notorious British soldier Banastre Tarleton when he was in Halifax in 1781. Tarleton had been severely scarred on his hand by the sabre cut given to him by William Washington. Washington was illiterate and when Tarleton made a negative remark to that effect, Mary Montfort (Jones) replied, "*Ah, colonel, you ought to know better, for you bear proof on your person how very well he knows how to make his mark.*"

A punchbowl given to George Washington by Mary Montfort Jones is in a museum in Morristown, New Jersey.

Children of Willie Jones and Mary Elizabeth Montfort:

1. Anne Maria Jones 1779-1840 TN married Joseph Blount Littlejohn 1776-1852.

Joseph Blount Littlejohn 1776-1852 was the son of William Littlejohn of Edenton, NC and Sarah Blount 1747-1807, daughter of Joseph Blount and Sarah Durant. Joseph Blount Littlejohn served as secretary to WR Davie when he went to France as a peace emissary in 1800. The Littlejohns eventually moved to Tennessee.

A brother of Joseph Blount Littlejohn was John Wilson Littlejohn who married Elizabeth Louise Collins 1793-1846, a daughter of Josiah Collins and a sister to Josiah Collins II who married Ann Rebecca Daves 1785-1833, daughter of Captain John Collins Daves of Edenton and his wife (her third husband) Mary Eaton Haynes 1751-1821 whose grandparents were Martha Elizabeth Jones and Thomas Haynes 1718-1753. Josiah Collins built the Somerset Plantation in eastern NC.

Children of Anne Maria Jones and Joseph Blount Littlejohn:

1. Mary Elizabeth Littlejohn 1810-1865 married William Pugh Williamston b. 1801 Northampton Co NC d. 1865 TN,
2. Sarah "Sally" Welsh Jones 1791-1872 married first to Governor Hutchins Gordon Burton b. 1782 Mecklenburg Co. VA d. 1836 and secondly to General Andrew Joyner 1785-1856. WC Allen in his book, *The History of Halifax County*, spelled the governor's name as Hutchings.

Governor Hutchins Gordon Burton served as state attorney general until 1816 and was the 22nd governor of NC in 1825. He was the son of John Burton 1741-1789 of Mecklenburg County, NC who died during Revolutionary War conflict when his son was only three years old and his wife, Mary Gordon. Hutchins Gordon Burton was raised by his uncle, Colonel Robert Burton 1747-1825 of Vance County and his wife Agatha Williams, daughter of Judge John Williams 1731-1799 who signed the Articles of Confederation.

He was educated at the University of North Carolina and read law with Judge Leonard Henderson, beginning his practice in Charlotte/Mecklenburg Co. NC. He was elected attorney general of the state in 1810, serving until 1816. He moved to Halifax in 1817. President John Quincy Adams nominated Burton as territorial governor of Arkansas but he was never confirmed.

He went to Halifax to visit a school chum, Willie Jones, Jr and met Jones' youngest daughter. After marrying Sarah, Hutchins Burton moved to Halifax, NC where he lived at "The Grove". He served several terms in Congress. Burton was elected governor of NC in 1824, eventually serving three terms, and maintained in home in Raleigh where he once entertained Lafayette.

He also had a "summer home" in Halifax County near Ringwood named "Rocky Hill" where his wife was residing when he was on a trip to Salisbury and had a fatal illness. He is buried in Lincoln Co. NC. His wife did not know of the death until three weeks later.

Children of Governor Hutchins Gordon Burton and Sarah "Sally" Welsh Jones:

1. Robert Allen Burton 1814-1840 married Ms. Hilliard,

2. Hutchins Burton 1817-1822
3. Willie Jones Burton 1820
4. Mary Elizabeth Burton 1822-1909 married Dr. William W. Alston 1814-1866 TX They had a daughter, Martha "Pattie" Burton Jordon who married secondly, Henry Riley Parker and had son John Riley Parker 1896-1983 of Charlotte.
5. Martha Ann Burton 1825-1888 married James Madison Williams,
6. Sally BE Burton 1828-1888 married **Lunsford Long** 1823-1860, son of Lemuel Long 1774-1832 and Mary Amis.
7. Thomas Burke Burton 1831-1861

Sarah "Sally" Welsh Jones (Burton) married her second husband, General Andrew Joyner 1785-1856 of "Poplar Grove" in Weldon, no issue.

General Andrew Joyner 1785-1856 of "Popular Grove" in Weldon, Halifax County, NC, who was son of Henry Joyner and his wife, Menie Troughton Joyner. General Andrew Joyner was an early promoter of railroads and steamboats. He was also speaker of the senate and trustee for University of North Carolina. In 1826, he and Cadwallader Jones formed the Roanoke Steamboat Company and in 1839, the Roanoke Navigation Company built a canal from Weldon to Danville, VA.

His first marriage was to Temperance Williams 1791-1834 and their children were:

1. Elizabeth Harriet Joyner married Dr. Robert Oswald Burton.
2. Martha Williams Joyner married first, Colonel Alexander Archibald Austin, married secondly, Francis Hayward.
3. Temperance Williams married Dr. Willie Jones Eppes of VA, 1810-1879, son of a cousin.
4. Mary Camilla Williams married William Alexander Daniel of Warren Co.

3. Martha Burke "Patsey" Jones 1790-1863 VA, married, in 1809 in Halifax, to the John Wayles Eppes 1773-1823 of Buckingham County, VA. After her parents' death, Mrs. Eppes took possession of many important documents and things from "The Grove" which later were destroyed by a fire in her Virginia home.

John Wayles Eppes 1773-1823 was the son of Francis Eppes of Virginia and Elizabeth Wayles. He had married in 1797, Maria Jefferson 1778-1804, daughter of Thomas Jefferson and Martha Wayles (widow of Skelton).

John Wayles Eppes' children by first marriage to Maria Jefferson were:

1. Martha Jefferson Eppes 1799-1800
2. Francis Wayles Eppes 1801-1881 married first, Mary Elizabeth Randolph, daughter of Thomas Easton Randolph and Jane Cary, married secondly, Susan Margaret Ware, daughter of Senator Nicholas Ware,
3. Maria Jefferson Eppes 1804-1806

Children of Martha Burke Jones and John Wayles Eppes:

1. Mary Montfort Eppes 1810-1823 married Phillip Achelous Bolling of VA.
2. Dr. Willie Jones Eppes, MC 1810-1879 married first, Ann Cox of Edenton. Dr. Willie Jones Eppes married secondly, Temperance "Tempe" Joyner, daughter of Andrew

Joyner of Halifax, second husband of Sally Welsh Jones (Burton), daughter of Willie Jones.

Children of Dr. Willie Jones Eppes and Temperance Joyner:

1. Martha Burke Eppes 1844-1890 married Colonel Henry Gantt, Jr, son of Colonel Henry Gantt,
 2. Tempe W. Eppes 1847-1917 married Price Perkins Gantt.
 3. Caroline Matilda Montfort Eppes 1816-1836
 4. Sarah Ann "Sally" Eppes 1820-1895 married in 1846, Edmund Wilcox Hubbard 1806-1892 of Buckingham County, VA.
 5. Elizabeth Wayles Eppes 1818-1894, not married.
 6. John Wayles Eppes, not married.
4. Willie William Jones 1784-1837 SC, described as "essentric", inherited "The Grove" from his father. Several sources state he is never married.
 5. Robert Allen Jones, never married,
 6. ?Nancy, no information, but mentioned is father's will.
3. Martha Cobb Jones Jones b. 8-22-1743 d. 1808 married Dr. Thomas Gilchrist.
Children of Martha Gilchrist Jones and Dr. Thomas Gilchrist:
 1. Grisselda Gilchrist married Colonel William Polk of Raleigh
Children:
 1. General Thomas G. Polk married Mary Louise Trotter,
 2. Dr. William Junius Polk 1793-1866 married Mary Rebecca Long, daughter of **Lunsford Long** 1763-1809 and Rebecca Edwards Jones.
 2. Ellen Gilchrist
 4. Robert "Robin" Jones b. 2-2-1749 d. 1750
 5. Charlotte Jones b. 9-7-1746 d.1764

Robin Jones 1718-1766 married secondly to Mary "Molly" Eaton b. 1719.

Mary "Molly" Eaton b. 1719 was the daughter of **Colonel William Eaton** 1690-1759 of Prince George, VA/later Granville NC and Mary Rives 1695-1759, daughter of George Rives 1660-1719 of Prince George, VA and Frances Bishop. William Eaton was son of John Eaton d. 1717 of VA and Ann. Robin Jones and his wife Mary did not have a happy marriage as evidence by his will where he bequeathed her a life estate for the property on Occoneechee Neck, but berated her for not fulfilling her conjugal duties.

Children of Robin Jones and second wife Mary Eaton:

1. Elizabeth Eaton Jones b. 6-13-1766 d. 1817, married in 1781, Governor/Colonel Benjamin Williams 1751-1814 of Johnston Co. NC, buried in Moore Co. NC at homesite, now called "House in a Horseshoe".

Governor/Colonel Benjamin Williams 1751-1814 was twice governor of NC (1799-1802, 1807-1808), one term preceded by **Governor WR Davie**, and succeeded by **John Baptiste Ashe**, **husband of Elizabeth Montfort**, **daughter of Joseph Montfort** of Halifax. Benjamin was a delegate in two provincial congresses and served during Revolutionary War under George Washington. He was the son of John Williams 1730-1759 and Pheribee Pugh, daughter of Colonel Francis Pugh 1667-1736 Bertie Co. NC and (Native American ancestry) wife, Pheribee.

Benjamin Williams and his wife lived in Moore County, NC in the historic house, now named "**House in a Horseshoe**". The house was built in 1772 by Phillip Alston 1745-1791 who was born in Halifax County, a son of Joseph John Alston 1702-1781 and first wife, Elizabeth Chancy. Philip

Alston was the uncle of Willis Alston Jr. 1769-1837, who defeated WR Davie in election in 1803. Philip Alston was married to Temperance Smith, daughter of Drew Smith of Scotland Neck, NC.

Children of Elizabeth Eaton Jones and Benjamin Williams:

1. Benjamin Williams, no information.

LONG FAMILY

Colonel Nicholas Long, b. 1728 England d. 1798 Northampton Co. NC.

Colonel Nicholas Long 1728-1798 was said to be the son of Gabriel Long and came to NC around 1750 from Virginia and lived at "*Quanky*" Plantation, across Quanky Creek from "The Grove", the home plantation of Willie Jones. He was a wealthy planter who entertained many notable people including George Washington when he came to Halifax on his Southern Tour. He was a delegate in several Provincial Congresses and was the commissary general of militia in NC. He led the Halifax militia in the 1775 Battle of Great Bridge, VA. He also personally superintended the workshops on his own farm for the purpose of manufacturing implements of war, ammunition, clothing, and other supplies for the soldiers.

In 1725, there was a land grant to Robert Long in Halifax County but it is not confirmed if he was related to Nicholas Long.

The will of Nicholas Long listed his late son, Gabriel Long and grandson Nicholas Long, son Nicholas Long, son Lunsford Long, son Richard Harrison Long, daughter Mary Stith Long, son John Joseph Long, son Lemuel Long (bequeathed 200 acres of land on Roanoke River purchased from Henry Montfort), son McKinnie Long, son George Washington Long (bequeathed his "*Quanky*" Estate), daughter Martha Elizabeth Long, wife Mary, grandchildren by Ann and William Martin, son-in-law Colonel Bassett Stith b. 1765 Charles City, VA, son of Major Anderson Stith 1724-1768 and Joanna Bassett, daughter of Colonel William Bassett. Major Anderson Stith 1724-1768 is the son of Captain John Stith III 1659-1735 and Mary Isham Randolph b. 1683, daughter of Attorney General of Henrico Co. VA and Mary Isham.

Colonel Nicholas Long b. 1728 Isle of Wright, VA d. 1798 Halifax, married first to Mary Reynolds 1736-1758 of VA.

Children of Colonel Nicholas Long and Mary Reynolds:

1. Gabriel Long 1750-1792 married Sarah Ann Richmond, daughter of William Richmond, brother-in-law of Sir Peyton Shipwith. They had daughter Ann Maria Long. Gabriel married secondly, Sarah Shine, daughter of Reverend David Shine.

Children of Gabriel Long and Sarah Shine:

1. Martha Elizabeth Long 1789-1870 married Joel King,
 2. Rebecca Wesley Long married Charles Applewaite Hill.
 3. Ann Long 1783-1856 married Jordon Thomas,
 4. Mary Long married Green Hill III,
 5. Nicholas Long married Ms. Thomas, GA.
2. Anne Maria Long married William Martin of Halifax NC. He married second Betsey Macon, daughter of **Nathanael Macon** of Warren County NC and Hannah Plummer

Children of Anne Long and William Martin:

1. Susan Martin 1776-1838 Warren Co. NC married Kemp Plummer 1769-1825 of Warren County and had daughter Lucy Martin Plummer 1805-1874 married William Horn Battle and had son Kemp Plummer Battle 1831-1919, president of UNC CH
2. William Martin, married secondly, Betsy Macon, daughter of **Nathanael Macon**
Children:
 1. William Martin,
 2. Nathaniel Martin married Hannah Plummer,
 3. Robert Martin.

Colonel Nicholas Long married secondly, in 1761, Mary **KcKinnie** b. 1735/43 Edgecombe Co. NC d.1798/1818 Halifax Co NC, daughter of John McKinnie 1715-1753, son of **Barnaby McKinnie** 1673-1739 Edgecombe Co. NC and Mary Exum. Mary had sisters Patience McKinnie b. 1744 who married John Geddy and Martha b. 1748 who married Charles Pasteur. An interesting legend about Mary McKinnie Long is that the British Colonel Banister Tarlton appropriate her horse when he occupied Halifax and she demanded and got its return.

Children of Colonel Nicholas Long and Mary McKinnie:

1. Nicholas J. Long Jr. 1763-1819 GA married in 1788, Rebecca Hill, moved to GA.
Children of Nicholas Long Jr and Rebecca Hill:
 1. Margaret Long d. 1859 married Thomas Telfair, son of Governor Edward Telfair,
 2. Richard H. Long 1791-1865 FLA,
 3. John Junius Long 1801-1859 GA,
 4. Elizabeth Long married DuBose,
 5. Sarah married Long Rembert,
 6. Eugenia Long married Lock Weems.
2. Mary Long 1771-1831, married, in 1790, Colonel Bassett Stith of Virginia who was mentioned in his father-in-law's will. Colonel Stith was the son of Lt. Col John Stith III b, 1710, son of Captain John Stith b. 1672 and Mary Isham Randolph, daughter of Attorney General William Dungeness Randolph of Henrico Co Va. Captain John Stith b. 1672 is the son of John Drury Stith b. 1631 of Bacon's Rebellion in VA.
Children of Mary Long and Colonel Bassett Stith:
 1. Maria Stith married Joseph John Daniel of Halifax 1784-1848 who studied law under **WR Davie**, served in the House of Commons, was judge of both Superior Court (1816) and Supreme Court (1832), and lived in Halifax NC. He had a town home in Halifax and a plantation named "Burnt Coat" near Heathsville in Halifax County.
 2. Martha Stith married Honorable John Reeves Jones Daniel, b. 1802, who practiced law in Halifax, NC, served in House of Commons, was attorney general of NC until 1841, and purchased farm in Louisiana. John Reeves Jones Daniel was the first cousin to John Daniel who married Martha's sister, Maria.
 3. Mary Daniel married Edmund B Freeman,
 4. Albert Daniel`
 5. William Daniel
 6. Dr. Nicholas Daniel married Ann Hill
 7. Virginia Daniel married Nathaniel Eaton, son of General Thomas Eaton 1739-1809
3. Richard Harrison Long 1769-1822 married 1793 Elizabeth "Betsy" Pasteur Foster 1765-1830, daughter of James Foster and niece of Dr. Charles Pasteur and Martha McKinnie b. 1748, sister to Mary McKinnie.

Charles Pasteur 1700-1793, physician, legislator, and local official, was in Halifax by 1767 and said to have owned a tavern operated by Jacob Johnson, thought to be the father of Andrew Johnson 1808-1875, later President, who was only three when his

father died. Charles Pasteur was a generous donor to the founding of the first state university. The executors of his will were Lunsford Long and Richard Harrison Long.

Charles Pasteur married in 1771, Martha McKinnie b. 1748, daughter of John McKinnie 1715-1753 and Mary Parish. John McKinnie was the son of Barnaby McKinnie Jr. 1739-1761 and wife (sources disagree, either Mary Browne or Mary Parish.)

Children:

1. Martha Pasteur married in 1793 in Wake County, William Lane,
2. Mary Pasteur married Charles Gilmour
3. Frances Pasteur married James Clark
4. John James Pasteur,
5. Anne McKinnie Pasteur,
6. Sarah Elizabeth Pasteur married Nathaniel Judkins
7. Nancy Pasteur married Morgan. (She is not mentioned in father's will.)

4. Major Lunsford Long b. 1763/6 Edgecombe Co NC d. 1809 Halifax NC

First marriage in 1794 to Rebecca Edwards Jones 1770-1797, daughter of **General Allen Jones** and Rebecca Edwards 1740-1847, daughter of Colonel Nathaniel Edwards 1710-1771 and Jane Eaton b. 1724, daughter of Colonel William Eaton and Mary Rives and widow of Anthony Haynes.

Children of Lunsford Long and Rebecca Edwards Jones:

1. Rebecca Edward Long 1795-1881 of Hillsborough NC married **Colonel Cadwallader Jones**, 1788-1861 of Hillsborough, son of Cadwallader Jones (aid to Marquis de Lafayette) and Mary Pride of Virginia. Cadwallader Jones is son of Peter Jones of Petersburg, VA.

Children of Rebecca Edward Long and Colonel Cadwallader Jones:

1. Cadwallader Jones b. 1813 Mt. Gallant d. 1899 Columbia SC, married in 1836 Annie Isabella Iredell, daughter of **Governor James Iredell** 1816-1897 (10 children). He moved to Rock Hill, SC around 1857. He also was captain in the Civil War.
 2. Halcott Pride Jones 1815-1889 Hillsborough NC married first, Mary E A Cameron 1815-1845, married secondly, Martha Ann Cain 1825-1900 (8 children)
 3. Mary Rebecca Jones 1823-1878 Hillsborough NC married Peter Browne Ruffin 1821-1900 (12 children)
 4. Robin A. Cadwallader Jones d. 1863 VA married Sarah Rachel Polk and had daughter Lucy Cadwallader Jones 1862-1941 married Herndon.
 5. Maria Octavia Jones 1828-1834 dy
 6. Sarah Rebecca Jones 1833-1892 married Josiah Collins 1830-1890 Hillsborough NC, son of Josiah Collins and Mary Riggs of Somerset Plantation in Creswell, NC.
 7. Frederick William Jones 1837-1837 Hillsborough NC, died young.
2. Mary Rebecca Long married Dr. William Julius Polk 1793-1866 TN, son of Colonel William Polk and Griselda Gilchrist. Dr. William Polk was half-brother to Confederate General Leonidas Polk.

Major Lunsford Long married secondly Mary Copeland

Children of Lunsford Long and Mary Copeland:

1. Benjamin Sherrod Long 1804-1899 MISS, married Elizabeth Ashe Brownrigg
5. Martha Elizabeth/Eliza Long 1777/80-1803, married in 1802, General William Gregory
6. George Washington Long 1778-1807, married in 1802, Sarah C. Jones

7. Dr. John Joseph Long 1774-1816, married in 1803, Frances Quintard.
8. Major Lemuel McKinnie Long b. 1776 d. 1832, married in 1808, married Mary "Polly" Amis 1785-1845, daughter of **William Dillard Amis** 1750-1824 and Susannah Welburn 1754-1818 of Northampton Co. NC. William Dillard Amis purchased the famous racehorse, Sir Archie, from William Richardson Davie.

Children of Major Lemuel McKinnie Long and Mary "Polly" Amis:

1. Colonel John Joseph Long 1805 of Northampton County, NC married Melissa Eliza Matilda Burges Williams, 1820-1902, daughter of General William Williams 1760-1826 and Melissa Jane Burges 1797-1823, daughter of Lovatt Burges 1762-1807 and first wife, Sarah Lucas, daughter of Henry Irwin of Edgecombe Co. NC.

General William Williams 1771-1832 lived at "Montmorenci" near Warrenton. This home has been demolished but the staircase is preserved at Winterthur Museum in Wilmington, Delaware.

General William Williams was the son of Joseph John Williams 1727-1818 and Elizabeth Alston 1753-1818. He had four marriages: first to Elizabeth Alston, daughter of Samuel Alston and Elizabeth Faulcon, secondly to Elizabeth Matilda Alston, 1791-1816, daughter of William Alston and Martha Hardy, thirdly to Melissa Jane Burges 1797-1823, daughter of Lovatt Burges b. 1808 and Sally Lucas, and lastly, to Delia Haywood 1807-1876, daughter of Sherwood Haywood and Eleanor.

Lovatt Burges was the son of Reverend Thomas Burges and his second wife, Mary Haywood. Lovatt Burges married first Elizabeth Irwin, daughter of Henry Irwin of Edgecombe County and had a son Samuel Lovatt Burges b. 1807 who married Fannie Cocke, the daughter of Joseph Cocke and Winifred Alston of Warren Co. NC.

The parents of the **Reverend Thomas Burges 1712-1776** of Halifax were John Burges and Dorothy Lovett of England who were married in Staffordshire, England in 1707.

Reverend Thomas Burges was sent by the Bishop of London in 1741 to America, serving in Virginia for twenty years before coming to NC. In Virginia, he was rector of Nottoway Parish in Southampton County, VA and a parish in Nansemond, VA. He also conducted a school there and one of his pupils is reported to be Martha Dandridge who later married George Washington. In Halifax County, NC, Reverend Burges served a parish church at Conoconara near Tillery, NC and was the rector of the Episcopal Church in Halifax. The Reverend married in 1742, to Miriam (last name unknown) d. 1758.

Children of Reverend Thomas Burges and Miriam:

1. Dorothy Miriam Burges 1743 married **Colonel John Bradford** of Halifax, NC.
2. Henry John Burges 1744-1797, VA. He was ordained by the Bishop of London and returned to American in 1768.
3. Thomas Burges 1746
4. Anne Maria Burges 1748 married Colonel Lawrence Baker of Gates Co. NC
5. Sarah Penelope Burges b. 1750, VA.
6. William Burges b. 1752, VA.

In 1760, the Reverend Thomas Burges married a second time to, Mary Haywood d. 1786, daughter of Colonel John Haywood and his wife, Mary Lovatt.

Children of Reverend Thomas Burges and wife Mary Haywood:

1. Lovatt Burgess 1762-1807 married first, Elizabeth Irwin, daughter of Colonel Henry Irwin of Edgecombe county NC, and secondly, Priscilla Maney of Hertford County

NC. He also had a third marriage to Sarah Lucas (Black) of Surry County Va. Lovatt Burges served as Clerk of Court in Halifax for many years.

Children of Lovatt Burges and third wife, Sarah Lucas (Black):

1. John Burges b. 1801 married Martha Jane Alston of Warren Co. NC,
2. Mary Haywood Burges b. 1803 married William Alston of Warren Co. NC,
3. Melissa Jane Burges b. 1797 married General William Williams 1771-1832 of "Montmorenci" Plantation in Warren Co. NC.
4. Thomas Burges, attorney, legislator,

Children of Colonel John Joseph Long and Melissa Eliza Matilda Burges Williams:

1. Ellen Williams Long 1838-1932 married in 1861, General Junius Daniel of Confederate Army, son of John R J Daniel who was Attorney-General and long term member of Congress.
 2. Emily Melissa Long married in 1867, **Edward Conigland** 1819-1877 of Halifax, lawyer. Conigland had a first marriage in 1849, to Mary E. Tillery and a third marriage in 1855 to Mary W. Ezell. His home was located in the town of Halifax but it was moved from its original location to build the new Halifax County Courthouse has been built.
 3. Willie Williams Long married in 1877 James W. Faucett of Halifax.
 4. John J. Long b. 1843 married Sallie Ridley, daughter of Robert Ridley and wife, Anne Blount of Southampton Co. VA.
2. Nicholas Long b. 1803, married Emily Kearney, daughter of James Kearney and Sally.
 3. Maria McKinnie Long 1807-1887, never married
 4. Martha Long b. 1809 married Dr. Robert Cannon Bond, MC 1807-1847
 5. Lemuel McKinnie Long 1811-1849,
 6. William Lunsford Long b. 1827, married Sallie Blount Edwards Burton 1828-1888, daughter of Governor Hutchins G. Burton b. 1782 and **Sallie Welsh Jones** 1791-1872, daughter of **Willie Jones** 1740-1801 and **Mary Elizabeth Montfort** 1760-1825.

Children of William Lunsford Long and Sallie Blount Edwards Burton:

1. Lemuel McKinnie Long 1849-1897, married Betty Gray Mason

Children of Lemuel McKinnie Long and Betty Gary Mason

1. Willie Jones Long 1892-1976, married Caroline Clarkson Moncure and had son William Gray Long 1927-2020 of Longview, Northampton County m Mildred Edmunds
2. Dr. Thomas William Mason Long 1886-1941 married Maria Greenough Burgwyn 1886-1946.

Maria Greenough **Burgwyn** 1886-1946 was the daughter of George Pollock **Burgwyn** 1847-1907 and Emma Wright Ridley and had daughter Margaret Ridley Long 1917-1991 who married John Edward Tyler 1918-2000.

George Pollock Burgwyn was the son of **Henry King Burgwyn** 1810-1877 and Anna Greenough 1817-1887 of Boston. The brother of George Pollock Burgwyn was **Judge William Hyslop Sumner Burgwyn** 1845-1913 of Woodland, NC who had a son of the same name who was district attorney of several counties.

3. Sally Welsh Long 1887-1975 married Dr. Fontaine Graham Jarman 1887-1963
4. Lemuel McKinnie Long 1884-1971

5. William Lunsford "Lewis" Long 1890-1964 married Rosa Arrington Heath of Warrenton.

Children of William Lunsford Long and Rosa Arrington Heath:

1. William Lunsford Long Jr. MD, Wake Co. NC married in Norfolk, Rebecca Davis Williams 1919-2012,
 2. Ruth Mason Long 1916-2014 married Peter Williams 1914-2009,
 3. Rosa Arrington Long 1914-1980 Wake Co. NC married James Payne Beckwith 1913-1989
2. Sally Welsh Long 1852
 3. William Lunsford Long 1854
 4. Hutchins Burton Long 1856
 5. Maria Wayles Long 1857 married William Weldon Hall 1854-1893, son of Archibald Stuart Hall, 1810-1876, medical doctor, Scotland Neck, NC and Emily Turner Baker 1823-1904. Archibald Hall is son of Judge John Hall and Mary Weldon, daughter of William Weldon.
 6. Thomas Burton Long 1860-1865

EATON FAMILY

(Possibly) John Eaton d. 1717 VA.

Children of John Eaton and Ann:

1. **Colonel William Eaton** b. 1690 Prince George Co. VA d. 1759 Granville Co NC, married c1718 Mary Rives 1695-1759, daughter of George Rives 1660-1719 of Prince George County, VA and Frances Hunt/Bishop. They moved to NC in 1742. The first court in Granville was held at his house when it was decided for the location of the court house building. He was sheriff of Granville County in 1753

Children of William Eaton and Mary Rives:

1. General Thomas Eaton b. 1739 Prince George Co. VA d. 1809 Warren Co NC, Council of Safety in 1776, Second Provincial Congress at New Bern 1775, elected to Council of State in 1776, and fought at Battle of Guilford Courthouse in 1781. His lands were located at Eaton's Ferry on the Roanoke River.

General Thomas Eaton first married, in 1761, Anna Bland 1744-1781, daughter of Theodoric Bland of Prince George Co. VA and Frances Bolling.

Children of General Thomas Eaton 1739 and first wife, Anna Bland:

1. Anna Bland Eaton b. 1763 d. 1847 TN married Guilford Dudley 1756-1833 of Halifax County, VA. moved to Texas or Tenn., and had son Theodoric Bland Dudley, reared by John Randolph. Guilford Dudley was the son of Christopher Dudley b. 1715 Middlesex VA d. 1777 Halifax, NC and wife Elizabeth Daniel. Christopher was the son of Robert Dudley 1691-1795 and Elizabeth Curtis 1688-1739 of Middlesex, VA.
2. Sarah "Sally" Eaton 1765-1791

General Thomas Eaton second marriage was in 1781 to Anne Stith 1767-1846, daughter of Buckner Stith of Brunswick County, VA and wife, Suzannah Mumford. Buckner Stith is the son of Drury Stith b. 1695 Charles City, VA and Elizabeth Buckner, son of Drury Stith b. 1670 and Susan Bathurst, son of John Drury Stith and Jane Mosby of VA.

Children of General Thomas Eaton 1739-1809 and second wife, Anne Stith 1770-1846:

1. Thomas Buckner Eaton, died 1828, without issue.
2. William Eaton 1783-1862

William Eaton first married, in 1804, Signora Macon 1787-1825, daughter of **Nathanael Macon and Hannah Plummer**. William was lawyer and statesman from Warren Co. NC. William married secondly in 1823 Eliza Hickman, daughter of Edward Hickman and Agnes.

Children of William Eaton and Signora Macon:

1. William Eaton Jr. 1809-1881, Attorney General of NC, House of Commons, married Rosa Gilmour, daughter of William Gilmour and Mary.

Children of William Eaton Jr and Rosa Gilmour:

1. Susan married Samuel Peter Arrington,
2. Laura married William T. Alston.
2. Buckner Eaton b. 1815 d. 1880 married in 1844 Anne Rebecca Kearney,
3. Elizabeth Kemp Macon Eaton b. 1818, married first in 1833, to Eaton Grandison Field of Boydton, VA, son of Grandison Field and Harriet Bolling Eaton 1835-1897, daughter of **General Thomas Eaton** and second wife, Anne Stith, daughter of Buckner Stith and Suzannah Mumford of Brunswick Co. VA. Betsy Kemp Macon Eaton (Field) married second, HL Hopkins,
4. Nathaniel Macon Eaton, MD, b. 1812, married 1830 in Halifax Co. NC, Joanna Virginia Stith of Halifax NC, and had daughter Signora Eaton married Benjamin Frank Lockhart.

5. Edward Eaton b. 1808,
6. Thomas Eaton b. 1807,
7. Charles Eaton,

William Eaton 1783-1869 second marriage, in 1826, to Eliza Hickman.

William Eaton 1783-1869 third marriage, in 1834, to Martha P. Hickman 1815-1865.

Children of William Eaton and third wife, Martha P. Hickman:

1. Ella Rives Eaton 1835-1897 married first Dickens, married secondly, in 1861, **Peter Hansborough Bell**, 3rd Governor of Texas, b. 1809 VA d. 1898, Littleton NC, buried in Littleton, NC, son of Captain James Madison Bell and Elizabeth Hansborough. There were no children of second marriage.
3. Harriet Bolling Eaton b. 1835-1897 Littleton, Halifax Co. NC, married in 1811, Captain Grandson Field of Mecklenburg Co. VA. Their son, Eaton Field, married cousin, Elizabeth Macon Eaton.

General Thomas Eaton third marriage to Elizabeth Jones.

Elizabeth Jones was daughter of John Jones and Priscilla Weldon, daughter of Samuel Weldon and Elizabeth Allen. **John Jones was said to be first cousin to Willie and Allen Jones.**

Children of Thomas Eaton and Elizabeth Jones:

1. Mary Ann Allen Eaton d. 1796 TN married her cousin, Eaton Price Pugh 1766-1821, son of John Shadrach Pugh and Anne Mary Eaton,
2. Mary Eaton b. 1730 Surry, VA d. 1810, married (as his second or third wife), **Robert/Robin Jones** 1717-1766, the father of Willie and Allen Jones. She married secondly, William Wright of Southampton, VA. Her will mentions nephew William Allen Eaton, niece Eliza Edwards Eaton, Allen J Eaton, son of her brother Thomas Easton, William Wright, son of second husband, Allen Jones Davie, Allen J. Green, Rebecca (wife of Cadwallader Jones), and Mary Rebecca Allen Long.
 - Children of Mary Eaton and Robert/Robin Jones:
 1. Elizabeth Eaton Jones 1762/6-1817, married in 1781, Governor/Colonel Benjamin Williams 1751-1814 and had a son Benjamin.
 3. Anne Eaton 1724-1796 married c1745, Andrew Haynes, brother of sister's husband and son of Thomas Haynes Jr 1718-1753 and Martha Elizabeth Jones.

Their daughter Mary Eaton Haynes 1751-1822 New Bern, married first c1769 **Joseph Long d. 1775 (no issue)**, married secondly c1777 **Orondates Davis** 1746-1780, a lawyer and state senator from Halifax NC, who was the son of Thomas Davis 1718-1764 and Hartwell Hodges of Halifax NC. Mary Eaton Haynes (Long) (Davis) married thirdly, 1782, Captain John Collins Daves b. 1748. A daughter from this third marriage, Ann Rebecca Daves 1785-1833, married in 1803, Josiah Collins II 1763-1839 of Somerset Plantation in Creswell, near Lake Phelps in Washington County, NC.

Anne Eaton 1724-1770 married secondly, Reverend John Pughe, d. 1770, Church of England of Mecklenburg, VA. Her will named one son, Eaton Price Pughe d. 1821 Northampton Co NC, who married his cousin Mary Allen Eaton, daughter of General Thomas Eaton.

4. Elizabeth Eaton 1723/31-1804, married first, c1753, Daniel Weldon 1730-1804, child of Samuel Weldon and Elizabeth Allen, and secondly, William Parke of Weldon NC.

5. Martha Eaton 1736-1781, married Lt. Col. William Person Jr. of Bute Co. NC d. 1778, son of William Person and Ann. His will names son Thomas, daughter Mary Person, daughter Sarah Vaughan, daughter Mary Person, son William, son Benjamin, and Eaton Person.
6. Jane Eaton 1722/4-1770, married first Anthony Haynes son of Thomas Haynes Jr. and Martha, (Children: Herbert 1742-1793, Anthony 1747-1795, Jane 1753, Thomas, Eaton 1744-1813, Andrew 1749) She married secondly in c1759, Colonel Nathaniel Edwards of Brunswick, VA, son of John Edwards b. 1640 Surry Co VA. No issue. Nathaniel Edwards was burgess and deputy secretary of colony in 1770. Their daughter Rebecca 1748-1784 married **General Allen Jones** in 1768 as his second wife.
7. Sarah Eaton 1730-1781 Warren Co NC, first married c1787, Captain John Thornton of Granville Co NC, d. 1754, son of Francis Thornton, (Children: Frances, Mary, and Ann) and secondly married, Charles Johnson d. 1769. (Child: William Eaton Johnson d. 1809 who married Elizabeth Park and had son: Dr. Parke Eaton Johnson.).
8. Lt. Colonel Charles Rust Eaton 1743-1822, Granville, Co. NC, married c1760 Elizabeth Jeffries, daughter of Osbourne Jeffries of Granville Co. NC and wife Patience Spier. He was a **delegate to 4th Provincial Congress in Halifax, NC**. His daughter, Anne 1750-1818, married John Ogilvie 1747-1809 in GA.
9. William Eaton 1720-1775, married first Mary Brown b. 1770 daughter of Captain Browne and Mary Clements. He married secondly Mary Reemes b. 1789. His children included William Eaton III 1750-1775 of Northampton County NC who married Rebecca Cocke, daughter of Benjamin.

IS THERE A CONNECTION BETWEEN THE EATON LINE OF COLONEL WILLIAM EATON TO JOHN HENRY EATON INVOLVED IN THE PETTYCOAT AFFAIR DURING THE PRESEDENCY OF ANDREW JACKSON? John Eaton 1750-1816 of Scotland Neck NC married Elizabeth Hall, daughter of William Hall and Suzannah Poythress, daughter of Peter Poythress. John and Elizabeth Eaton had a son John Henry Eaton 1790-1856, **Secretary of War under President Andrew Jackson**. John Henry Eaton married in 1829 Margaret "Peggy" O'Neale, daughter of William O'Neale, tavern owner in Washington DC after the controversial death of her first husband, Timberlake. She became the subject of the "**Pettycoat Affair**" by the wives of the cabinet members who ostracized her. President Jackson took the side of Eaton.

MONTFORT FAMILY

Parents of Colonel Joseph Montfort is said to have been Joseph Montfort and Lucy Holt. His sister Sarah, married David Stokes Sr. of Lunenburg, VA and had daughter Sarah Montfort Stokes 1744-1799 who married Benjamin Williamson McCulloch II 1737-1809, son of Alexander McCulloch b. 1715 England/Ireland d. 1798 Rowan Co./Halifax Co. and wife Sarah Hill 1716-1771, daughter of Benjamin Hill of Bertie Co. NC and wife Sara Latham.

Colonel Joseph Montfort b. 1724 England d. 1776 Halifax NC. He was in NC by 1752 from Virginia. His grave is on the grounds of the Royal White Hart Masonic Lodge in Halifax, NC.

Colonel Joseph Montfort lived on the north bank of Quankey Creek, Halifax, NC, and was the first clerk of Halifax District Court in 1760, a town commissioner for Halifax in 1764, a member of Colonial Assembly in 1762, 1764, 1766, 1767, 1773, and a treasurer of northern province of NC in 1764. Before the outbreak of the Revolutionary War, he was chosen colonel of the militia. He was honored around 1772 by Henry Somerset, 5th Duke of Beaufort who commissioned him as the Grand Master of Free Masons for North Carolina, appointing him Provincial Grand Master of and for North America.

The ruins of Montfort's home is located in the historic district of Halifax and the Joseph Montfort Archaeological Museum is built over it.

At one time, he owned 30,000 acres of land. In 1767, he and Alexander McCulloch, his son-in-law, went to England. It is of interest that Joseph Montfort received several land grants from Governor William Tryon for land along the Catawba River in the Waxhaws area. In later years as the calls for independence from Britain grew louder, Montfort came in direct antagonism with Governor Tryon who was engaged in his war with the Regulators.

- 4/6/1765 600 acres (Catawba or Broad River)
- 10/30/1765 600 acres (both sides of Packolet)
- 10/30/1765 600 acres (2nd parcel) (both sides of Packolet)
- 4/29/1768 500 acres (N. Fork of Packolet)

And

- 11/13/1768 300 acres (Shoal/Smiths Creek) granted to Joseph Montfort, **Willie Jones**, and Solomon Alston. Solomon Alston is most likely related to the family of Willis Alston 1769-1835 since there is a Solomon Alston in his ancestry.

He married in 1753, Priscilla Hill b. 1730 Bertie Co NC d.1758, daughter of Colonel Benjamin Hill 1699-1758 and Sarah Latham 1697-1751 of Bertie County, daughter of Daniel D. Latham 1675-1739 of Suffolk, VA.

Colonel Benjamin Hill 1697-1753 of Potecasi Creek, Bertie County NC, a merchant who was involved in Indian trade, was a justice of the peace in 1732 and was representative to Colonial Assembly in 1732-1745. He was the son of William Applewhite Hill 1667-1724 of Chowan Co. NC and Mary E. Pugh. Benjamin Hill married Sarah Latham.

Children of Benjamin Hill and Sarah Priscilla Latham:

1. Sarah Hill 1716-1771 married Alexander McCulloch b. 1715 Ireland d. 1798 Halifax NC, son of Henry McCulloch and grandson of James McCulloch. Sarah was bequeathed 400 acres on Roanoke River by father. Children: 1. Benjamin d. 1798 married Sarah Stokes, sister of John Stokes, US Judge and NC Governor Montfort Stokes, 2. McCulloch married John Thomas Frohock, returned to England during Rev. War.

2. Priscilla Hill b, c1734 married in 1753 **Joseph Montfort 1724 England -1776 Halifax NC**,

3. Mary Elizabeth Hill 1725-1753 married c1740, Honorable John Campbell, had son James Campbell 1748-1797 married Mary Kinchen 1753-1795.
4. Henry Hill 1723-bef 1772, officer in Hertfort County Militia married Bathsheba. He was bequeathed lands in Northampton Co NC by father. Henry had son Henry Hill 1765-1795 who was Hertfort County Attorney before 1790.
5. Benjamin Hill Jr. 1732- before 1750

Children of Colonel Joseph Montfort and Priscilla Hill:

1. Mary Montfort 1760-1826 married on 6-27-1776, Willie Jones 1741-1801 Raleigh NC, lived in Halifax NC, son of Robin Jones and Sarah Cobb.

Children of Mary Montfort and Willie Jones, had 13 children, 5 lived to be adults, only 3 daughters married:

1. Anne Maria "Nancy" Jones 1775-1840 married Thomas West
2. Martha Burke Jones 1790-1863 married John Wayles Eppes 1772-1823, widower of Maria Jefferson d. 1804, daughter of President Thomas Jefferson.

Children of John Wayles Eppes and Martha Burke Jones:

1. Mary Eppes 1809-1867
 2. Willie Jones Eppes, MD, 1811-1879
 3. Caroline Matilda Montfort Eppes 1816-1836,
 4. John Wayles Eppes Jr. 1818
 5. Elizabeth Wayles Eppes 1818-1884
 6. Sarah Amy Eppes 1819
 7. John 1821
3. Sarah Welsh Montfort 1791-1872, married first, Governor Hutchins Gordon Burton b. 1774 Mecklenburg Co. VA d. 1836 NC, married secondly, Andrew Joyner.
Children of Hutchins Gordon Burton and Sarah Welsh Montfort
 1. Robert Allen Burton 1814-1840
 2. Hutchins Gordon Burton 1817-1822
 3. Willie Jones Burton 1820-1824
 4. Mary Elizabeth Stith Burton 1822-1909 married Dr. William Alston 1811-1866
 5. Martha Ann Burton 1825-1888 married James Madison Williams
 6. John Wayles Burton 1826-1845
 7. Sallie Blount Edwards Burton 1826-1888 married William Amis Lunsford Long 1823-1860
 8. Thomas Burke Burton 1831-1861
 4. William Willie Jones, never married, described as "essentric".

Children of Andrew Joyner and Sarah Welsh Montfort (Burton):

1. Mary Elizabeth Joyner 1822-1909 married Robert O. Burton 1811-1891, itinerant Methodist minister. His son Robert O. Burton Jr. 1852, a lawyer in Halifax County was in partnership with Edward Conigland and his wife was Mary Carroll.
2. Elizabeth Montfort 1755-1812 married in 1779, Colonel John Baptista Ashe 1748-1802 Pender Co. NC. John Baptista Ashe fought in the Battle of Moore's Creek Bridge in February 1776. They lived in Halifax. He was in the House of Commons in 1784 and 1786 when he was elected speaker. He continued serving including the Constitutional Convention of 1789 and was elected as a member of the Federal Congress. In 1802, he was elected governor of the state, but died before he took the oath of office.

Colonel John Baptista Ashe 1748-1802 Pender Co. NC was the son of Governor Samuel Ashe b. 1725 Beaufort NC d.1816 Pender Co. NC and Mary Lillington Swann of Perquimans County, NC, who was the daughter of Major Samuel Swann. Their home was named "Rocky Point".

Governor Samuel Ashe was the son of John Baptista Ashe, the presiding officer of the Colonial Assembly in 1727.

The oft told story of Elizabeth Montfort Ashe was an incident that occurred at the home of her sister, Mrs. Willie Jones, when Colonel Tarleton of the British Army was occupying Halifax and made reference to Colonel William Washington who had wounded Tarleton on the hand at the Battle of Cowpens in South Carolina as an "illiterate, ignorant boor, hardly able to write his name". It is said that Elizabeth retorted as she looked at the scar on his hand, "You ought to know better for you bear upon your person proof that he knows very well how to make his mark.

Children of Elizabeth Montfort and Colonel John Baptista Ashe:

1. Samuel Porter Ashe b. 1791, m1 Jane Hopkins, m2 Mary Bull Sheppard
2. William Ashe d. 1862
3. Henry Montfort b. 1755 d. before 1793, married Sarah Edwards (Source: Clark), no issue. Named Executor of father's will.
4. Caroline, no information

MCKINNIE/MACKQUINNEY FAMILY

Note: There is contradictory Information on this family most likely since several were named Barnaby.

John McKinnie b. Scotland married Mauread Macaonghusa of Scotland

His son: Michael Mackquinney b. 1635 Scotland d. 1686 Isle of Wight, VA married Elizabeth Ann "Rose" Daniel 1641-1701, daughter of John Campbell Daniel 1626-1688 Isle of Wight, VA.

Children of Michael Mackquinney:

1. Colonel/Major Barnaby McKinnie/Mackquinney b. 1673 Jamestown, VA/Isle of Wight, VA d. 1739 Edgecombe Co./Halifax Co. NC.

Barnaby McKinnie inherited 100 acres in Virginia from his father, then acquired several thousand acres by transporting families from England to Virginia. He moved to the Caledonia Woods in what was Edgecombe County (later Halifax County), North Carolina, about 1720/4, and was one of the most prominent men of the Province of North Carolina. Barnaby McKinnie served as a justice of the court beginning July 1722, and was a member of the General Assembly representing Edgecombe in 1735. Barnaby McKinnie made his Last Will & Testament on 13 Aug 1737, and died about 1740 in Edgecombe County, North Carolina.

Colonel Barnaby McKinnie first married around 1669 in Isle of Wight, VA to Mary (unknown).

Children of Barnaby McKinnie and first wife Mary:

1. Mary Jane McKinnie b. 1702 married John Browne.
Children: 1. William, 2. Mary
2. Mourning McKinnie 1704-1754 married c1722, Major John Pope b. 1699 IOW, VA d.1745 Bertie/Edgecombe Co., son of Henry Pope b. 1663 IOW d. 1728 Bertie/Edgecombe Co NC and Sarah Watts 1663-1728

Children of Major John Pope and Mourning McKinnie:

1. Barnaby McKinnie Pope married Angelina Parish, step-daughter of John McKinnie
 2. Henry Pope, d. bef. Feb 1775 married **Tabitha Bradford** 1734-1799, daughter of John Bradford 1712-1740 and Rebecca Poythress Pace.
 3. Sampson/Burwell Pope
 4. Sarah Elizabeth Pope m John Osbourne Pope
 5. Winifred Pope either married Nathaniel Lewis or possibly never married. (not sure)
 6. Jesse McKinnie Pope d. GA, married Mary
3. Barnaby McKinnie Jr. b 1705 IOW, VA d. 1736 Edgecombe Co. NC, married Mary/Mourning Browne 1706-1754, daughter of William Brown 1672-1718 of Chowan Co. NC and Martha Bracewell who had a first marriage to William Murphey. Mary/Mourning had a sister Ann Brown who married John Branch, son of William Branch of Chowan Co. NC and Margaret Arkill.

Children:

1. Mary McKinnie
 2. Patience McKinnie 1730-1769 Halifax, NC married Colonel Benjamin Sherrod b.1725, left a will dated 1759 that mentioned his wife Patience and sons Richard and Benjamin. Patience McKinnie (Sherrod) married secondly, James Holderness.
4. Patience McKinnie 1715-1759, married first, in Halifax 1725/30 Judge Joseph Lane Jr. b. 1710 Jamestown, VA d. 1773 Halifax, NC, son of Joseph Lane Sr. and Julian Jarrell. Patience's guardian after father's death was Joseph Montfort.

Children:

1. Joseph Lane III, married Ferebee Hunter.

2. Barnaby Lane
 3. James Lane, married Lydia Speight or Mary Brown.
 4. Joel Lane, 1740-1795 Wake Co. NC married first, Martha Hinton 1745-1771, married secondly, Mary Hinton 1755-1795 (**Joel Lane had a Tavern in Raleigh NC.** There is a legend that Lane got several folks overserved with Cherry Bounce at his tavern when they were looking for a location of a capital of North Carolina and convinced them to buy his land for the new capital.)
 5. Jesse Lane, b. 3 July 1733 Halifax Co., NC, d. 28 Oct 1806 St. Louis, MO, married Johnston Co., NC, 16 Dec 1755 Winifred Aycock b. 11 Apr 1741 Craven Co., NC, d. 16 Dec 1794. Athens, Clarke Co., Ga, a daughter of William Aycock and Rebecca Pace.
 6. Mary Jane
 7. James Lane
 8. Lettice Lane married Hargrave
 9. Sarah Lane
5. John McKinnie b 1715 Isle of Wight, VA d. 1753 Edgecombe Co. NC. His wife is controversial but some sources say Mary Parish d. 1754.
Children of John McKinnie b. 1715 and wife:
 1. Mary McKinnie 1737/43-1818 married **Colonel John Nicholas Long** 1728-1798. (Mary's guardian was Joseph Montfort of Halifax).
 2. Barnaby McKinnie 1738-1761 Halifax, married Ann who had previous marriage to a Ricks and a son of that marriage, Isaac **Ricks**. Barnaby left a will that mentions his wife Ann, her daughter Mary Ricks and his sister Martha McKinnie b. 1748 (who later married Dr. Charles Pasteur). The will was witnessed by Robert Ricks and Ann's son Isaac Ricks. (Children of her first marriage were 1. Isaac Ricks and 2. Mary Ricks)
Children of Barnaby McKinnie and Ann (Ricks) (McKinnie):
 1. Elizabeth McKinnie married John Hubbard
 2. Mary McKinnie married Montfort **Eelbeck 1730-1790** of Halifax NC, son of Henry Eelbeck
 3. Patience McKinnie b. 1744 married before 1767, John Geddy
 4. Martha McKinnie b. 1748 married in 1771, Dr. Charles Pasteur, was in Halifax around 1767 and who furnished troops with medical supplies during Revolutionary War.
Children:
 1. Martha Pasteur married William Lane
 2. Mary Pasteur married Charles Gilmour
 3. Frances Pasteur married James Clark
 4. John James Pasteur
 5. Anne McKinnie Pasteur
 6. Sarah Elizabeth Pasteur married Nathaniel Judkins,
 7. Nancy Pasteur married Morgan
 5. John McKinnie 1753-1767, born after father's death and died young.
 6. William McKinnie 1705-1739 Halifax Co. NC, left will, was deceased before his father died, married unknown. William's will left land to grandsons William Coupland/Copeland and Thomas Coupland, children of his daughter, Mourning, and grandson, McKinnie Long.
Children:
 1. Barnaby McKinnie 1736-1765,
 2. Mourning McKinnie married Joseph Coupland/Copeland of VA.
 3. William McKinnie 1731-1798 married Mary Kathleen
 7. Robert McKinnie 1708-1753/62 Edgecombe Co. NC married Martha, no children.
 8. Christian McKinnie 1708-1758 married William Hurst
Child: 1. Mary Hurst
 9. Richard McKinnie 1717-1751, left will, married Mary Kinchen, daughter of Captain William Kinchen, Sheriff of Northampton Co. NC 1745-8 and wife Mary.

10. Anne McKinnie d. will 1727 Halifax Co NC married first, William Murphey III, son of William Murphey Jr., married secondly, William Taylor. No known children of this union but William Murphey had children by another wife which were mentioned in his will as Mary, Martha, and Esther Murphey.

Barnaby McKinnie married secondly c1719 to Mary Exum 1679-1737, (her third marriage), daughter of Judge Jeremiah Exum 1640-1720, judge in Isle of Wight, VA and Ann Lawrence 1666-1727, daughter of John Lawrence and Mary Powers. Mary Exum inherited land from brother, Richard Exum. Barnaby McKinnie and Mary Exum had no children of their union.

Mary Exum 1678-1737 had two previous marriages before marrying Barnaby McKinnie. **Her first marriage in 1700 was to Jacob Ricks/Rickesis 1677-1703**, son of Isaac Ricks/Rickesis 1637-1723 and Katherine Hawthorne. Jacob's brother, Isaac Ricks 1669-1760 married Sarah McKinnie 1679-1717, the sister of Barnaby McKinnie 1673-1739.

Children of Jacobs Ricks and Mary Exum (Ricks):

1. Isaac Ricks 1702-1748/90 married Sarah Burke, daughter of John Burke. Isaac was left land by his father-in-law, Barnaby. His son Isaac Ricks 1730-1774 married in 1762, Mary **Bradford** 1728-1774, daughter of **Nathaniel Bradford** 1720-1756 of Halifax Co. NC. He had another son, James Ricks c1736 who married Mary Crudup daughter of John Crudup will 1792 of Edgecombe County, NC and wife Mourning Dixon. This Crudup family has a descendant, Billy Crudup, a famous actor.

2. Martha Ann Ricks,

Mary Exum (Ricks) married secondly in 1704 to William Murphry d. 1715

Children of William Murphry and Mary Exum (Ricks) (Murfrey):

1. Ann Murphey b. 1710

EELBECK FAMILY

Henry Eelbeck b. 1690 England d.1752 Bertie Co NC married in England, Ann Montfort/Mountford d. 1734 (Possibly related to Joseph Montfort 1724-1766 of Halifax, NC). His children were: 1. Dorothea Miriam Eelbeck 1715-1758 married Reverend Thomas Burgess/Burges 1712-1776 of Southampton VA, 2. Joseph Harrison Eelbeck 1720-1799 married Sarah Padgett 1729-1752, 3. Montfort Eelbeck 1723-1790, 4. Tabitha Eelbeck 1713, 5. John Eelbeck 1720-1764.

His son: Montfort Eelbeck b. c1730 d. 1790 Halifax, married Mary Rogers 1728-1790, daughter of Emmanuel Rogers of Bertie Co. NC 1683-1729. Mary had a sister, Elizabeth Rogers who married a Hubbard. These two daughters inherited over 6000 acres of land from their father. Mary and Montfort Eelbeck retained 1730 acres, largely on Quankey Creek. Before his death, Montfort Eelbeck sold three tracks of land, around 1100 acres, to friends and neighbors, John Kinchen, **William R. Davie and Willie Jones who was one of the executors of his will.**

Montfort Eelbeck, county official and planter, held civil office in Edgecombe and Halifax Counties for thirty-five years. He was a justice of the peace beginning in 1754, the first to hold that office. From 1770-1772, he was sheriff of Halifax County. He was later a judge. In his will, he stated that he considered "an entertainment at a funeral a

gross piece of nonsense” but specified that “on that occasion” of his own a sermon was to be preached in the town of Halifax by a minister of the Church of England.

Children of Montfort Eelbeck and Mary Rogers:

1. Henry Eelbeck 1750-1784 married Jane Lane b. 1760, daughter of William Lane 1730-1786 and had daughter Mary Eelbeck 1782/7-1829/37 who married John Bradford 1787-1855, the son of Reverend Henry Bradford and grandson of Colonel John Bradford.
2. Montfort Eelbeck Jr 1765-1790 married Susannah Clapton 1760-1837 and had daughters Mary Eelbeck 1787-1855 who married **John Bradford 1787-1855 of Halifax County** and Elizabeth 1803-1827 who married **Thomas Anderson Bradford b. 1780** and had eight children including Dr. Thomas A Bradford 1831-1870 of Florida who married Frances Virginia Weeden 1825-1911. **Both John and Thomas were the sons of Reverend Henry Bradford 1761-1833, son of Colonel John Bradford.**
3. John Eelbeck 1783-1820 married Elizabeth Hutchison and had children: 1. Elizabeth 1819 and 2. Daniel.
4. Ann Eelbeck married Richard Howson and had son John Wharton Howson
5. Elizabeth Eelbeck married James Shine
6. Penelope “Nelly” Eelbeck married David Day 1770-1829
7. Anna Maria Eelbeck married Dr. Mungo Ponton
8. (daughter) Eelbeck married Thomas Frohock
9. Dorothea Miriam Eelbeck d. 1827, never married or Burges???

NOT SURE WHO THIS IS, but Daniel Eelbeck of Lunenburg Co. VA conveyed 1730 acres of land in Edgecombe County on Quankey Creek to Montfort Eelbeck.

RICKS FAMILY

George Richesis/Ricks

His son: Isaac Richesis/Ricks 1640-1724 married Katherine Hawthorne 1646-1717, daughter of Frank Hawthorne.

His son: Isaac Richesis/Ricks 1669-1748 married in 1697 in VA, Sarah McKinnie 1669-1748, daughter of **Michael McKinnie** b. 1637/40 Scotland d.1686 VA and wife, either Elizabeth Reeves/Rives of Isle of Wight, VA 1641-1701 or Elizabeth Ann Daniel 1641-1701.

His son: Isaac Ricks 1702 Chowan Co.-1760 Edgecombe Co. NC, married first, in 1725, Eleanor Johnson 1702-1739, and secondly in 1740, Sarah Burke.

His son: Robert Ricks b. 1730 d. 1774 married c1762, **Mary Bradford** b. 1728 NC d. 1774, daughter of **Nathaniel Bradford** 1720-1756 and Sarah Green. Nathaniel Bradford was the son of **John Bradford 1712-1740** and Rebecca Polythress Pace, daughter of Major Richard Pace d. 1736 Bertie Co. NC and Rebecca Poythress.

Children of Robert Ricks and Mary Bradford:

1. Elizabeth Ricks b. 1773 married James Bell d. c1800
2. Richard b. c1775

BRADFORD FAMILY

The Bradford-Denton House c1760, now in Halifax NC was moved from Fishing Creek in Enfield NC. The house once owned by Colonel John Bradford 1730-1787 was restored by Jeff Dickens of Historical Halifax Restoration Association (HHRA) with financial support from the Bradford and Denton families. Colonel John Bradford's son, the Reverend Henry Bradford and his family lived in this house.

Colonel John Bradford received a land grant from Lord Granville and was a delegate to several of the provincial congresses including the 4th Provincial Congress which was held in Halifax and notable because the 83 delegates unanimously approved the *Halifax Resolves* on April 12, 1776, renowned as the first documented step by any colony toward independence from England. John Bradford was also a member of the Committee of Safety and was a presiding Justice of County Court.

Website: [Bradford Denton House Restoration](#)

Richard Bradford b. 1610 England d. 1716 and Jane Kendall b. c1610 d. 1698 England.

Their son: Richard Bradford b. 1636 England d. 1716 Charles City VA married first, unknown (some say Rebecca Sampson), married secondly, in 1680, to Frances Taylor 1645-1716, daughter of Richard Taylor and Sarah Barker.

Their son: John Bradford b. 1675/85 Charles City VA d. Brunswick Co. VA married Rebecca (unknown) 1685-after 1735

Children:

1. Nathaniel Bradford b. 1716 Brunswick Co. VA d. 1757 Edgecombe Co NC married Sarah (thought to be Green, daughter of John Green). His will mentions wife Sarah, sons John, Nathaniel, and daughters Mary and Patience. He owned land in both Edgecombe and Northampton counties, NC. Executors of the will were his brother John Bradford and Joseph Lane.

Children of Nathaniel Bradford and Sarah:

1. John Bradford
2. Nathaniel Bradford, alive in 1757.
3. Mary Bradford b. c1732 married Robert **Ricks** 1730-1774, son of Isaac Ricks 1702-1740 and Sarah Burke. Isaac Ricks was the son of William Ricks and grandson of Isaac Ricks 1669-1737 and Sarah McKinnie.
4. Patience Bradford married John Wooten.
2. Rebecca Bradford b. 1715
3. Sarah Bradford b. 1716
4. Frances Bradford b. 1713
5. John Bradford b. 1712 Brunswick Co. VA. d. 1740 Brunswick Co. VA. He married first Rebecca Poythress Pace b. 1706 Jamestown, VA. d. c1794 Johnson Co. NC, daughter of Major Richard Pace 1665-1738 and Rebecca Poythress 1672-1736, daughter of Francis Poythress 1640-1688 of VA and Rebecca Coggins.

Children of John Bradford and Rebecca Poythress Pace:

1. Nathaniel Bradford 1730-1756 Edgecombe Co. NC

Children:

1. Patience Bradford,
2. Nathaniel Bradford 1750-1810 Wilkes Co. GA.,
3. Mary Bradford 1757-1799 Halifax Co. NC married John Wooten,
4. John Bradford.
2. **Colonel John Bradford** b. 1730 Brunswick Co. VA d. 1787 Enfield NC He received a land grant from Lord Granville, served in Colonial Assembly, and attended several Provincial Congresses, and left a will which mentioned all his children, leaving some in a guardianship. Colonel John Bradford married first c1750 in Edgecombe Co. NC, Patience Reede 1725-1768 Enfield, NC, daughter of Henry Reed 1703-1728 and Jean.

Children of Colonel John Bradford and Patience Reede:

1. Rebecca Bartlett Bradford 1752-1785/94 married in 1770, Lt. Colonel John **Branch** 1750-1806, Sheriff of Halifax County during Revolution. Their son, Governor **John Branch**, 1782-1863 married first to Elizabeth Fort/Foort 1787-1851, lived on plantation outside of Enfield and was governor of NC in 1817-1819 and of Florida in 1844/5. He also was Secretary of the Navy under President Andrew Jackson. He married secondly, a Mrs. Bond.
2. Elizabeth Bradford 1754, married first, John Henry Pruitt and married secondly, Samuel Crowell
3. Tabitha Bradford 1756-1828 Halifax, married Samuel Crowell 1754-1826.
4. Frances Bradford 1758-1810 married first, (unknown), married secondly, in 1777, William Wooten, Clerk of Court in Halifax when Cornwallis came into the town.
5. **Reverend Henry Bradford 1761-1833** Enfield NC married in 1782, Sarah Rayburn Crowell 1763-1839 Leon County Fla, daughter of Edward Crowell 1715-1792 of Enfield and Mary/Martha Rayburn/Rayburn of Halifax NC. Edward Crowell also had a daughter Martha 1767-1840 who married James Hunter of Enfield and a son, Dr. James Hunter 1803-1878 who married Sarah Harris Branch. Dr. James Hunter's daughter, Rebecca Williams Hunter 1840-1911 married Dr. Matthew Cary Heptinstall, son of Joshua Joseph Heptinstall and brother to Reverend John Wesley Heptinstall whose 1850 plantation house, "**Heptinstall House**", still stands near Littleton. Henry Bradford founded Bradford's Church and Bradford's Academy.
Children:
 1. Martha Bradford married John Judge b. 1782 d. FLA
 2. Nathaniel Bradford 1784-1841 GA. married in 1812, Sarah Temple of GA. 1789-1849
 3. Elizabeth Bradford 1786-1786
 4. John Bradford 1787-1855 ALA, married Mary Eelbeck 1787-1855, daughter of **Henry Eelbeck** 1750-1784 and Jane Lane. Henry was the son of Montfort Eelbeck 1730-1790 and Mary Rogers 1728 Bertie-1790 Halifax, daughter of Emmanuel Rogers d. 1729 and Deborah. Montfort Eelbeck was the son of Henry Eelbeck 1690-1752 and Ann **Moundfort/Montfort**, born and married in England, d. 1734 Halifax NC, (There are indications that she is most likely related to Joseph Montfort b.1724 VA d. 1776 Halifax).
 5. Thomas Anderson Bradford 1790-1852/7, married Elizabeth Eelbeck 1803-1852 FLA, sister of Mary who married Thomas' brother, John Bradford
 6. Henry Boon Bradford 1791-1852 Bradfordville, FLA. married first, Ann Harris, married secondly, Elizabeth Jones Taylor b. 1810 VA
 7. Mary Crowell Bradford 1793-1841 FLA, married General Eli Benton Whitaker b. 1771 Enfield d. 1841 FLA.
 8. Sally 1793/6-1798
 9. Dr. Edward Bradford 1798-1873 FLA, married in 1824, Martha Henry **Branch**, 1806-1880, daughter of **John Branch** 1750-1806 Halifax NC and Rebecca **Bradford** 1752-1794.
 10. Richard Henry Bradford 1800-1883 Leon C. FLA, married in 1827, Ann Bryan "Nancy" Fort/Foort b. 1806 NC d. 1863/83 FLA.
 11. William H Bradford 1800-1861 married Elizabeth Griffin of GA.
6. Joseph John Bradford 1764-1790 married Rebecca Bradford 1764-1790. Joseph John is mentioned in his father's will.
3. Tabitha Bradford 1734-1799 Wilkes Co. GA. Tabitha married Henry Pope 1723-1764 Halifax Co. NC, son of John Pope and Mourning McKinnie, daughter of **Barnaby McKinnie**.

Children of Tabitha Bradford and Henry Pope:

1. Burwell Pope 1752-1800 married Priscilla Wooten,

2. Willis Pope
3. John Pope
4. Henry Austin Pope

Tabitha Bradford (Pope) married secondly Thomas Wooten, son of Benjamin Wooten 1736-1796 Surry Co. VA and Elizabeth Rousseau.

Children of Tabitha Bradford and Thomas Wooten:

1. Mary Wooten married James Cade,
2. James J. Wooten married Mary Polly Smith.

4. Sarah Bradford 1717-1732

Colonel John Bradford b. 1730 married secondly, in 1768 to Dorothea Miriam Burges 1743/8-1780, daughter of Reverend Thomas Burges 1712/16-1777 Halifax and his first wife Dorothea Miriam Eelbeck, daughter of Henry Eelbeck 1690-1792 and Ann Montfort. Reverend Burges was the son of John Burges b. 1688 and Dorothy Lovatt and was sent to America by the bishop of London in 1741, serving as the rector of Nottoway Parish in Southampton Co. VA for twenty years. In 1750, he bought 640 acres in Edgecombe Co. NC, which later became Halifax County NC.

Children of Colonel John Bradford and Dorothea Miriam Burges:

7. Dorothea Miriam "Mimi" Bradford 1769-1828 married John Benjamin Crowell 1761-1828 of Halifax Co. NC, son of Edward Crowell 1715-1788 of Halifax Co. NC and Mary/Martha Rabun 1740-1817.

Children of Dorothea Miriam "Mimi" Bradford and John Benjamin Crowell:

1. Richard d. 1840,
2. Ana Maria,
3. Dorothea Miriam 1796-1865 married John Alston 1792-1843, son of Gideon Alston 1765-1830 and Frances Atherton. Gideon Alston was the son of Captain John Alston 1734/40-1784 and Anne Hunt **Macon** 1745-1798, daughter of Gideon Hunt Macon and Priscilla Jones. Captain John Alston had another son, Willis Alston 1770-1837 who won a congressional contest with WR Davie in 1803.

Captain John Alston was the son of Joseph John Alston 1702-1781 of Chowan County NC who had two marriages: first in 1727, to Elizabeth Chauncy and secondly in 1750, to Euphan Wilson. Joseph John Alston is the son of Colonel John Alston 1673-1758 of Chowan County and Mary Clark.

Anne Hunt Macon was the sister of **Nathanael Macon** 1757-1837 of Warren Co. NC and they were children of Gideon Hunt Macon 1715-1761 and Priscilla Jones 1729-1802, daughter of Edward Jones of Virginia. Nathanael Macon fought in the revolutionary War and later served in both the US House of Representatives and the US Senate, being speaker of each body for a period of time. Nathanael Macon married Harriet Plummer.

Children of John Alston and Dorothea Miriam Crowell

1. Miriam Bradford Alston 1826-1862 Raleigh who married Christopher Blake Allen 1814-1862. Miriam was fifteen when she married and she died at age thirty-eight after having twins. She is buried in the Old City Cemetery in Raleigh, NC.
8. Richard Henry Bradford 1770-1835 married Ann Esmond
9. Nancy Ann Bradford 1772-1811 married Henry B. Bradford 1781-1841 (Some say John Warren)

Colonel John Bradford b. 1730 married thirdly in 1774/5 to Elizabeth Smith of Edgecombe County, NC 1734/40-1811/16,

Children of Colonel John Bradford and Elizabeth Smith:

10. Neal Bradford 1775-1821
11. Sarah Pullen Bradford 1776-1819 Halifax, married James Cary Whitaker 1773-1823/5. After her death, he married her sister, Mary Bradford who was the widow of Thomas Gregory. Sarah and James had a son William Bradford Whitaker 1811-1870 who moved to ARK. **James Cary Whitaker** was the son of Colonel John Whitaker b. 1747 England d.1816 Enfield, NC and wife, Christian Benton b. 1755 Edgecombe Co. NC d.1841 Halifax Co, NC, daughter of Absalom Benton and Charity Carls.

Colonel John Whitaker was the son of Richard Whitaker 1720-1794 Halifax Co, NC, buried in Whitaker's Chapel and wife Elizabeth Cary, daughter of **Thomas Cary II** 1670 Va-1713 Warwick, VA and Elizabeth Hinds. Thomas Cary was the son of Major Thomas Cary 1647 Va-1708 VA married first, Frances Ann, married secondly, Judith Leakey, and married thirdly, Mary Garland. Major Thomas Cary was son of Col. Myles/Miles Cary 1622-1667 VA and Ann Taylor. Miles Cary was the son of John Cary, Sr. and Alice.

Children of Sarah Pullen Bradford and James Cary Whitaker include Sarah Christian 1816-1896 who married Daniel Eelbeck of Halifax, Nancy Bradford Whitaker Simmons, Richard Whitaker, James Cary Whitaker Jr, Elizabeth Whitaker Smith, John Whitaker, William Bradford Whitaker, Absalom Benton Whitaker, and Thomas Burgess Whitaker.

12. Martha Bradford 1779 married Eli Benton Whitaker 1773-1823, son of Colonel John Whitaker 1811-1870 Ark. And Elizabeth Simmons.
13. Mary Bradford 1780-1834 married first, Thomas Gregory, married secondly, in 1820, James Cary Whitaker* 1773-1825
14. William Bradford 1783-1822 Leon Co. Fla. married ?Elizabeth **LONG** of Halifax (Benjamin Boddie's book says they were not married) William Bradford's will did not mention wife or children. He left property only to his siblings. On the 1810 census, he was listed as 1 male aged 16-25, 1 female aged 10-15, 1 female aged 16-25, 1 female aged >45, and 15 enslaved.

Colonel John Whitaker was the son of Richard Whitaker 1720-1794 Halifax Co. NC, buried in Whitaker's Chapel and wife Elizabeth Cary, daughter of Thomas Cary II 1670 VA-1713 Warwick, VA and Elizabeth Hinds. Thomas Cary was the son of Major Thomas Cary 1647 VA-1708 VA, married first Frances Ann, married secondly, Judith Leakey, married thirdly, Mary Garland. Major Thomas Cary was son of Colonel Myles/Miles Cary 1622-1667 VA and Ann Taylor. Miles Cary was the son of John Cary, Sr. and Alice.

Rebecca Pace, widow of John Bradford married secondly, in 1736, William Aycock 1705-1765 Orange Co.

Children:

1. William Aycock 1737
2. Richard Aycock 1738 VA-1789 GA. married Rebecca Thurman.
3. Winnifred Aycock 1741-1794 married Lt. Jesse Lane 1733-1806 MO, son of Judge Joseph Lane 1710-1773 and Patience **McKinnie** 1715-1759, daughter of Barnaby McKinnie 1673-1739 Edgecombe Co NC and Mary Exum 1678-1737
4. Rebecca Aycock 1743
5. Charles Aycock 1745-1791
6. Mary Aycock 1750-1799

BRANCH FAMILY

John Richard Branch of Halifax Co. NC married Martha Louise (unknown last name).

Their son: Colonel John Branch b. 1750 Chesterfield Co. VA d. 1806 Halifax Co. NC. He was sheriff of Halifax. He married first, Rebecca Bartlett Bradford 1752-1780/94, daughter of **Colonel John Bradford** and Patience Reed, and married secondly, Elizabeth Bradford, daughter of Colonel John Bradford and Patience.

Children of Colonel John Richard Branch and Rebecca Bradford:

1. Martha Branch married General Eli Benton Whitaker, son of Colonel John Whitaker 1747-1816 Enfield, NC
2. **Governor John Branch** 1782-1862, US Senator 1811-1817, Secretary of Navy under President Andrew Jackson, 19th Governor of NC 1817-1820, and 6th Governor of Florida 1884-1885. President Andrew Jackson appointed John Branch Secretary of the Navy 1829-19341 but Branch fell out of favor with Jackson during the "Petticoat Affair" which involved Jackson's Secretary of War John H. Eaton and controversy around his wife, Margaret O'Neal. The women of DC led by Floride Calhoan, wife of Vice President John C. Calhoun, ostracized Margaret from the Washington social scene. Jackson who often had to combat rumors about his own wife, supported Branch. A Hollywood movie, *Gorgeous Hussey*, was made in 1936 starring Joan Crawford and Franchot Tone about the "Petticoat Affair".

Governor John Branch married Eliza Fort/Foort 1787-1854 FLA, daughter of John Fort/Foort 1735 Northampton Co. NC d. 1802 Halifax Co. NC and Margaret Randolph, daughter of Richard Randolph.

Children of Governor John Branch and Eliza Foort:

1. Joseph 1803-1867 married Mary Jones Polk d. 1919,
 2. Martha Lewis Henry 1806-1892 FLA married Edward Bradford Eppes (her cousin)
 3. Rebecca Bradford 1808-1841 FLA married Robert White Williams 1802-1864,
 4. Washington 1810-1889 Franklin NC married Martha Anna Lewis,
 5. Margaret 1810-1871 TN married Daniel Smith Donelson 1801-1863, son of Samuel Donelson 1770-1804 and Mary Ann Smith 1781-1857, son of Colonel John Donelson 1718 VA-1785 KT and Rachel Stockley Donelson 1715 VA-1794 TN who was the mother of Rachel Donelson 1767-1828 married first in 1787, Captain Lewis Robard and married secondly in 1794, **President Andrew Jackson 1767-1845**. Rachel Stockley Donelson (Robard) (Jackson) had a brother, Captain John Donelson 1755-1830 TN who married Mary Purnell and had daughter Rachel Jackson Donelson 1791 TN-1822 TN (named after his sister) who married William Eastin 1784 TN-1829 TN and had a son Colonel John Donelson Eastin 1820-1787 who married Sarah Amanda Galloway 1827-1859. They had a daughter Rosa Jackson Eastin 1855-1912 TN who married Hyder Davie Pendars Bedon, the son of Colonel Richard Stono Bedon 1819-1890 and Julia Ann Davie, the **daughter of Hyder Ali Davie 1756-1846, son of WR Davie**.
 6. James 1812-1839 FLA.
 7. Sarah "Sally" Harris 1814-1887 Edgecombe Co. NC married Dr. James Hunter 1803-1878 of Enfield. Dr. Hunter's family Bible has the inscription that he married Sarah Harris Branch on 2/1836.
 8. Mary Eliza 1815-1858 FLA, married first in 1838, Isaac de Brierleigh Read 1809-1841 and married secondly, in 1853, Governor William Bailey b. 1790 GA d. 1867 FLA.
 9. John Richard 1819-1859 Enfield, NC married Josephine Imogene Woods,
 10. Col. William Henry 1823-1910 GA.
 11. Susannah 1826-1898 FLA, married Arvah Hopkins
3. Major General Joseph Branch 1786-1827 TN, married Susan Simpson O'Bryan 1792-1825 of Edgecombe Co., NC. Their son Lawrence O'Bryan Branch 1820-1862, lawyer and congressman, president of Raleigh

and Gaston Railroad Company married Mary Haywood Blunt 1817-1903, daughter of Major General William Augustus Blount 1792-1867 of Beaufort, NC and Nancy Ann Hawkins Haywood 1796-1825, daughter of Lt. Col. Sherwood Haywood b. 1762 of Conoconnara, Halifax County and Eleanor Howard Hawkins. Sherwood Haywood was son of Colonel William Henry Haywood 1730-1780 Halifax and Charity Hare and grandson of Colonel John Haywood 1685-1758 and Mary Lucy Lovatt 1695-1766. William Blount was the son of John Gray Blount 1752-1833 and Mary Harvey 1756-1819, daughter of Colonel Miles Harvey 1728-1776. These Blount and Harvey families originally settled in Perquimans and Chowan Counties, NC.

4. Patience Watts Branch 1750-1806 married Reverend Daniel Southall, TN

THE WILL OF WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE AND LITIGATION INVOLVING HIS ESTATE

At the time of WR Davie's death, three of his children were married, Allen, Hyder, and Sarah. Allen had gone west and had had a tenuous relationship with his father as a result of debts. Hyder was living in close proximity to "Tivoli" and Sarah was living in Columbia, SC. The other three, two daughters Mary Hayes and Martha, and his youngest child, the twenty-year old Frederick William, were living with WR Davie at "Tivoli", the Davie plantation in Chester County, South Carolina.

WR Davie was an owner of enslaved people. According to the law of the land at that time, his will detailed his last wishes for his extensive estate. The enslaved people are named and his wishes for them are specific. Davie does make provision to **manumit** several enslaved and gives them some money. He specified his intentions of having one of the enslaved to receive training in carpentry.

This will is a snapshot of Davie's last wishes for what they deemed important and should be read in consideration for the laws and morals of the time.

THE WILL OF WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE:

State of South Carolina

I, William Richardson Davie of the District of Chester and State afor said, declare and publish the following will as my last will and testament.

First, I give and bequeath to my daughter Mary Hayes Davie, the following negroe slaves to wit, Rose with her following children Sam, John, Elish, Deel Patty, and Osain, the negroe woman Ginas, wife of Sam, the woman Weaver and her children, Winny and Francis, the negroe woman Harriot and her two children, Allen and Sophia, and the negroe woman Niely and also such issue of any of the said woman may have at my death.

Item: I give and bequeath to my daughter Sarah Jones DeSaussure in addition to the slaves I have already given her the following to wit, Anthony and his son Shadrack.

Item: I give and bequeath to my dauther Martha Rebecca Davie the following negroe slaves old Kate and her son Peter, Philly, wife of Peter, Harry, son of Phillis, old Ben, Black Ginus and her following children, to wit. Dave, Lett, Jenn, Mary, Alfred, and Lucine together with the negroe man Batt and the negroe woman Charity and such issue as said Charity and Lett may have at my death.

Item: I give and bequeath to my daughter Mary Hayes Davie, the sum of three thousand dollars to be paid to her as soon as the same can be raised out of the proceeds of crops of my estate in manner herein after mentioned.

Item: I give and bequeath to my daughter Sarah Jones DeSaussure the sum of four thousand dollars to be paid to her as soon as the sum can be raised out of the proceeds of crops of my estate in manner herein after mentioned.

Item: I give and bequeath to my daughter Martha Rebecca Davie the sum of three thousand dollars to be paid to her as soon as the same can be raised out of the proceeds of crops of my estate in the manner herein after mentioned.

Item: It is my will that the negroes slave bequeathed as above to my daughters Mary Hayes Davie, Sarah Jones DeSaussure, and Martha Rebecca Davie shall be delivered to them as soon as the demand against my estate the money legacies bequeathed in this will shall be paid except one negroe woman or girl as a maid to my daughter Mary and also to my daughter Martha Rebecca to be chosen by them respectively when they think proper from

among the negroes bequeathed to each of them above and I do hereby positively direct that every proper exertion be made for the payment as soon as practical of the above money legacies.

Item: I give and bequeath to my daughters Mary Haynes Davie and Martha Rebecca Davie, that is to each of them, the sum of two hundred dollars to be paid to them respectively and annually on the first day of May in every year until the said negroe slaves so bequeathed to them by this will shall be delivered to them agreeably to this will.

Item: I have given to my daughter Mary Haynes Davie, the gold watch now in her possession also the pianoforte, and I now give and bequeath to her a bedstead and the picepary (?) furniture to it to be chosen by herself unless I should give her such before my death, also the bedstead she now uses and a bed with the necessary furniture to it to be chosen by her after her sister hath made choice.

Item: I bequeath to my daughter Sarah Jones DeSaussure my diamond ring bequeathed to me by my friend Stephen Cabarries (Cabarrus?).

Item: I give and bequeath to William Richardson Davie, eldest son of Allen Jones Davie, the following negroes, to wit, Durham and Matrice and their children, Littice, Simon, and Harry and also all the money his father, Allen Jones Davie, may owe me at my death together with such issue as the said Martice may have at my death.

Item: Being desirous to provide a residence for life for my friend and kinsman **Robert Rives**, it is my will and I so devise that he be permitted to reside on the land I bought of John Rives during his natural life with liberty to cultivate as much of the cleared land as he may think fit and get what timber he may want from any of the adjacent land.

Item: In addition to what I have already given my son Hyder Ali Davie, I also give him the following negroe slaves, Harry with his wife Tilla and their children, to wit. Taylor, Stephen, Asa, and Jonas and such other issue as the said Tilla may have at my death, also the negroe man Tom and his wife Pig and their child Chloe and such other issue as the said Pig may have before my death, also Cudgo and his son Phill, also the negroe man Ben and his sister, Pleasant and such issue of the said Pleasant may have at my death, the negroe man Bill and his wife Patt with her children Liley, Fanny, William, and Warren and also such issue as the said Patt may have more at my death, also old Joe and his wife Line, also the negroe man Bald Daniel and the negroe woman called Edie and her daughter Amy, these negroe slaves shall remain in the hands of my executors as part of my estate until my debts and money legacies are paid as here in and herein after this will directed.

Item: I give and devise to the Governor of the State of South Carolina and his successors forever four acres of land to be laid off adjoining the present publick grave yard in my land on the south side thereof in trust for the use of the people in my neighbourhood as a burying ground forever and as a site for a house of publick worship of God should any Christian congregation think proper so to use.

Item: I give and devise all the rest and residue of my land and real estate in the state of South Carolina to my son Frederick William Davie, to him and heirs forever subject however, to the encumbrances mentioned in this will and it is my will and I do so devise that in case of the death of the said son Frederick William without (any) male issue living at the time of his death, then in that case, I give and devise the land and real estate so devised as above to the said Frederick William to his brother Hyder Ali Davie, to him and his heirs forever subject to the encumbrances in this will mentioned, and in case the said Hyder Ali Davie shall die without (any) male issue living at the time of his death, then in that case, I give and devise the said lands and real estate to the eldest son issue male of my son Allen Jones Davie then living when such even shall take place, that is of the sons, he may have living at that time, to him and his heirs forever subject to the encumbrances directed in the will and should by said son Frederick William have issue male and such issue make of my son Frederick William should or shall die, in that case, it is my will and I do devise the lands and real estate so devised and described above to my son Hyder Ali Davie and his heirs and then to the eldest issue male living at the time of Allen Jones Davie under the same limitations and on the same contingencies and in the same order and manner as above directed and devised should my son Frederick William die without any issue male living at the time of his death to them and their heirs forever and should by son Hyder

Ali Davie have issue male living at his death and such issue male shall die without living issue make living at this death then and in that case, I give and devise the said lands and real estate so described and devised above should they so have listed under the above contingencies in such issue male to the eldest issue male, then living of my son Allen Jones Davie being of his sons living at my death to him, his heirs, and assigns forever.

Item: It is my will and I do hereby devise and direct that until the demands against my estate and the money legacies bequeathed by this will are fully discharged and paid my negroe slaves bequeathed to my daughter and then bequeathed to my son Hyder Ali and those bequeathed by the residuary clause of this will to my son Frederick William that is all the negroe slaves except as in this will excepted, shall be kept and worked together on my plantations on the Catawba River and the proceeds of the crops shall be applied to the above purpose of the payments of debts and legacies until they are fully discharged. It is to be clearly understood as my will and I so will and direct that all the mules and horses heretofore used on the plantations, the stock of every kind of plantation tools and utensils of every kind with those of the Blacksmith Shop remain to be used with the negroes on the plantation as heretofore until the above object of the payment of debts and legacies shall be completely affected.

Item: It is my will and I therefore direct that my mills shall be kept in repair at the expense of my estate until the above object of paying debts and legacies be affected and the profits and proceeds thereof applied also jointly with the proceeds of my other estate to the raising and paying the money so required.

Item: I give and devise to my son Allen Jones Davie the lands I bought of Armstrong in the state of Tennessee to him and his heirs.

Item: I give and bequeath to my said son Allen Jones Davie all the silver plate given to my late wife, his mother, by his grandfather, General Jones.

Item: In addition to what I have already given my son Hyder Ali Davie, I also give and bequeath to the said Hyder Ali Davie, twelve hundred and fifty dollars unless I should advance that son to him before my death in which case this legacy is revoked.

Item: I give and bequeath my gold watch and family seal to my son Frederick William, be delivered to him when his is twenty-one years of age and in case of his death before that time, I give them to my son Allen Jones Davie.

*Item: I give my arms and military accoutrements to my son Frederick William and in case of his death without a son, then to Allen Jones Davie. **Let them never forget that those arms were honorable employed in establishing the liberties of their country and I request that they may be preserved in the family forever.***

Item: I give and bequeath to my son Frederick William the whole of my library, whether books or manuscripts and in case of his death before he is twenty-one years of age, I give them to his brother Allen Jones Davie.

*Item: **I give and bequeath to Isaac the son of Combrirah/Combrush, by the name of Isaac Moncrief*, his time of service and hereby also declare him free and manumitted forever.***

*Item: **I give and bequeath to the said Isaac Moncrief, the sum of five hundred dollars to be paid to him when he is twenty-one years of age and thereby appoint my son, Frederick William, guardian of the said Isaac and it is my will that the said Isaac shall be bound apprentice to the carpenter trade when his eighteen years of age.***

*Item: **I give and bequeath to my servant CombrirahCombrush the remaining of her time of service and hereby declare her free and manumitted forever and I also give her the sum of fifty dollars and I charge my children and executors, to wit, that this part of my will relating to the said Isaac and the said Combrush is carried consciously in to complete effect.***

*Item: **I give to my servant Ned, Nancy, and Kille, the sum of ten dollars, each.***

Item: It is my will and thereby direct that whatever may be the state of my crops at the time of my death, whether growing or housed, that its proceeds of the same after the supply of the plantation and family and the proceeds of the mills, if any on hand, shall make part of the funds for the payment of debts and legacies as will as the money on hand or due to me.

Item: I give and bequeath to my son Frederick William, two hundred dollars to be paid to him annually until the debts and legacies are paid and he shall take under the residuary clause in this will.

Item: I give and bequeath all the rest and residuary of my estate whether real or personal of whatever kind the same maybe to my son Frederick William Davie to him and his heirs, the slaves, horses, mules, utensils, and other articles mentioned being subject to the directions of this will until debts and legacies are paid and I earnestly recommend his young sisters to his protection and unremitted attention and as I know not when or where I shall die or what may be the condition of my family at the time of my death, it is my will and I do hereby that my daughters Mary Haynes Davie and Martha Rebecca Davie shall of they or either of them choose to reside at my dwelling house have the use of my dwelling house, kitchen and other edifices with the furniture of the house, my carriage, and carriage horses, my servants, Ned and Cook, until they have received the whole of the property bequeathed to them by this will, the stock of provisions and necessaries provided and on hand shall be considered for the use of them and their brother William Frederick and regular and sufficient supply of provisions set apart for them annually should they so live together until the above even takes place and I do hereby will and direct that my dwelling house and all the other houses on the plantation be kept in proper repair by the estate until the arrangements by this will directed are fully effected.

Item: I hereby appoint my son Hyder Ali Davie and my son-in-law, William F DeSaussure, guardians to my son, Frederick William and I recommend the care of the mind and morals of this young man most earnestly to themarried

Item: I hereby appoint my son Hyder Ali Davie and my son-in-law, William F. DeSaussure, executors to this last will and testament and also my son Frederick William when he shall attain the age of twenty-one years, here declaring this to be my last will written with all together with my own hand and expressed, I hope in so plain manner that my intentions cannot be mistake, with my name written on each page.

In witness whereof I have here unto set my hand and seal. This the seventeenth day of September in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred nineteen.

Signed and published in the presence of Cadwallader Jones.

Seal of WR Davie

This will was probated on March 3, 1821.

***In the will of Frederick William Davie, son of WR Davie, dated March 18, 1850, Frederick specifically makes a request "that at the time of death of his widow, Mary Frazier Davie, he bequeaths to Isaac Moncrief and his heirs, executors and administrators forever, the following four negroes, to wit, Bessie and her son and Annie and her daughter Riggy/Peggy.**

TOMB OF DAVIE FAMILY IN WAXHAW PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Many years after the death of William Richardson Davie, one of his collateral descendants, Preston Davie, offered \$10,000 to build a large mausoleum for the family plot in the churchyard. When moving the old graves a single silver button from the uniform of General Davie was found and some pieces of wood with WRD in brass tacks. Davie's parents, two of his sons, and a granddaughter are also buried here.



Davie's youngest son, Frederick William Davie, asked **Judge William Gaston** of New Bern, NC to compose the epitaph for his father, his late friend and political colleague.

Lake Gaston near Halifax County in North Carolina is named for Judge Gaston. Gaston is also a name of a town in Northampton County which is close to Lake Gaston. Judge Gaston should be remembered as the author of the official state song of North Carolina, "The Old North State". Not surprisingly, Judge Gaston has numerous family connections to the Waxhaws area where WR Davie lived.

The soldier, Jurist, Statesman, and Patriot,
In the glorious war for American Independence.... He found among the foremost of the brave.

As an Advocate at the Bar... He was diligent, sagacious, learned, zealous, incorruptibly honest and of commanding eloquence.

In the Legislative Hall...He had no superior in enlarged views and profound plans of policy, single in his end, varied in his means, and indefatigable in his exertions.

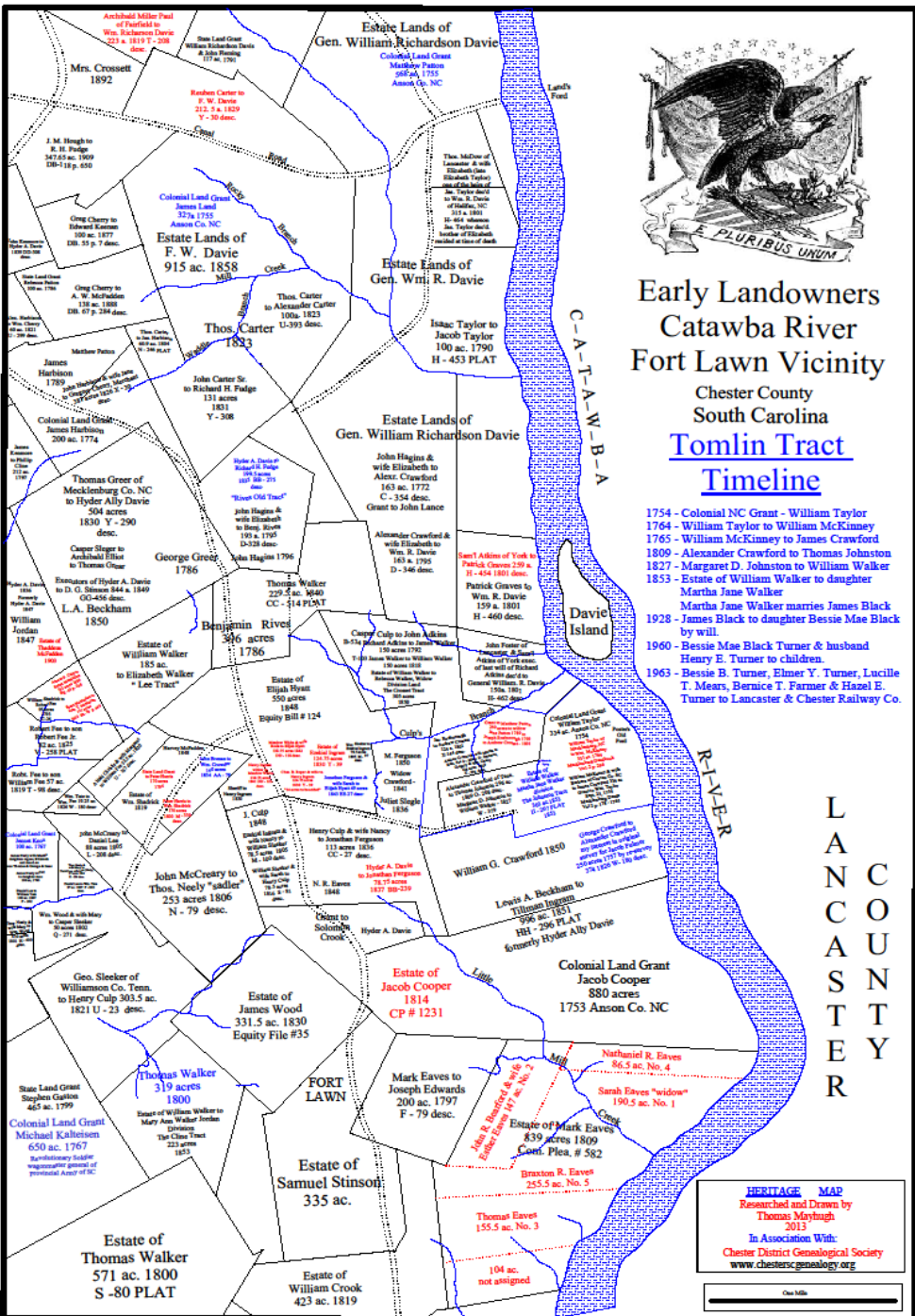
Representing his nation in an important foreign embassy...He evinced his characteristic devotion to her interests and manifested a peculiar fitness for Diplomacy.

Polished in his manners, Firm in act, Candid without imprudence, Wise above Deceit. A true lover of his country. Always preferring the People's good to the People's favor though he disdained to faun for Office, he filled most of the stations to which ambition might aspire and declining no public Trust, ennobled whatever he accepted, by the dignity and Talent, which he brought into the discharge of its functions.

A great man in an age of Great men.

In life he was admired and loved by the virtuous and the Wise,
In Death, he has silenced Calumny and caused Envy to mourn.

LANDS OF WR DAVIE AND FW DAVIE ALONG THE CATAWBA RIVER



LITIGATION INVOLVING THE “TIVOLI”, IN LANDSFORD, SOUTH CAROLINA:

William Richardson Davie was very specific in his will about his intentions concerning ownership of his plantation in South Carolina. Regardless, there was litigation many years after his death.

William Richardson Davie’s home in Landsford, SC, “Tivoli”, was built circa 1805 and was his residence for the last years of his life. Davie owned more than 3000 acres on land along the Catawba River on which grew predominately cotton and corn. Today, this area is located about twelve miles from Rock Hill, SC. There are no known photographs of the house.

Davie expressed desire to have the property pass down to **male descendants** turned out to be problematic. Resolution in the courts took several years, continuing even after the house, “Tivoli”, had burned down.

WR Davie bequeathed ownership of “Tivoli “ initially to his youngest son, Frederick William Davie, a minor at the time of his father’s death, who did continue to live in the home with his two unmarried older sisters after their father’s death. Over time, his sisters eventually married and moved away. Frederick also married and lived at the plantation with his wife. Sadly, their only child of Frederick Davie died at a young age.

When Frederick died without issue in 1850, according to the will, ownership of the house then passed to his brother, Hyder Ali Davie, but Hyder had passed away previously in 1848. The directions in the will stated that if Hyder did not have a male heir, the house would pass to the male heir of the other brother, Allen Jones Davie. Hyder had only one child, a daughter, Julia Ann Davie (Bedon). It is noted that Allen Jones Davie had been given the house in Halifax NC when his father moved to SC in 1805.

At this time, Allen Jones Davie was living in Alabama and therefore, he made arrangements to lease the estate to his aunt, Rosa Norwood (Davie), widow of Hyder Ali Davie for fifty bales of cotton every year for a ten year period. Julia Ann Davie (Bedon). Hyder’s only child, was married to Colonel Richard Stobo Bedon and living in Columbia, SC. When Allen Jones Davie died in 1851, his oldest child, Dr. William Richardson Davie 1815-1854 who was living in Alabama, entered into the possession of “Tivoli”, and held it until he died, **intestate**, in January, 1854.

In January, 1873, “Tivoli” was in the hands of the daughter of Julia Ann Davie (Bedon), the daughter of Hyder Ali Davie, and their daughter, Sallie Boykin Bedon (Heyward) and her husband, **James B. Heyward**.

TEXT OF LAWSUIT

[Bedon v. Davie :: 144 U.S. 142 \(1892\) :: Justia US Supreme Court Center](#)

U.S. Supreme Court

Bedon v. Davie, 144 U.S. 142 (1892)

No. 210

Argued March 16, 1892

Decided March 28, 1892

144 U.S. 142

The following is in answer to a suit brought in 1850

Principals in the law suit were descendants of WR Davie:

Dr. William Richardson Davie, eldest son of Allen Jones Davie (son of WR Davie) and **James B. Heyward**, for his wife, Sally Boykin Bedon, a great granddaughter of WR Davie and a daughter of Julia Ann Davie and her husband Colonel Richard Stobo Bedon. Julia Ann Davie the only child of Hyder Ali Davie, son of WR Davie.

ERROR TO THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Syllabus

*A judgment for the plaintiffs was rendered in August, 1873, in a United States Court in South Carolina in an action at law in ejectment in which a minor was defendant, and appeared and answered by a guardian ad litem, and which minor became of age in December, 1885, and brought a writ of error from this Court, under § 1008 of the Revised Statutes, within two years after the entry of the judgment, exclusive of the term of the disability of the minor. The case involved the title to land in South Carolina under a **will made in 1819, the testator dying in 1820**. In June, 1850, a suit in equity was brought in a state court of South Carolina which set up that the title to the land, under the will, was either in the grandmother of the minor or in her sons, one of whom was the father of the minor, the grandmother and the father of the minor being parties defendant to the suit, and the bill having been taken pro confesso against all the defendants, and dismissed by a decree made in March, 1851, which remained unreversed, an appeal taken therefrom having been abandoned. The only title set up by the plaintiff in error was alleged to be derived through his father and his grandmother. In September, 1854, an action of trespass to try title to the land was brought in a state court of South Carolina, and which resulted in a judgment for the plaintiff therein, but to which the plaintiffs in the ejectment suit were not parties or privies. Held that, as the decree in the equity suit was prior to the judgment in the trespass suit, and as the plaintiffs in the ejectment suit were not parties to the trespass suit, the judgment in the last named suit was of no force or effect in favor of the plaintiff in error, as against the decree in the equity suit.*

The case is stated in the opinion.

MR. JUSTICE BLATCHFORD delivered the opinion of the Court.

*This is an action at law, in ejectment, brought in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of South Carolina in **June, 1873**, by **Dr. William Richardson Davie and others against James B. Heyward**, the younger, and others, to recover a **plantation situated in Chester District in South Carolina, on the Catawba River, and known as "Landsford."***

*Both the plaintiffs and the defendants respectively claimed the property under the will of **General William Richardson Davie**, the elder, made in September, 1819. The testator died in November, 1820. His will was duly executed to pass real estate, and was duly admitted to probate in the proper court. The plaintiffs were great-grandchildren of the testator, and were four in number. They were the children, and only heirs at law, of **William Richardson Davie**, doctor of medicine, who was the eldest male issue of Allen Jones Davie, who was a son of the testator.*

*The defendants were James B. Heyward, the younger, and Sarah B., his wife; Mary Wysong and her husband, Dr. R. Wysong; Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon, minor children of the late Josiah Bedon and Mary, his wife, now the said Mary Wysong; Hyder D. Bedon; William Z. Bedon; Julia Izard and her husband, Allen C. Izard; Jeannie B. Farrow and her husband, T. Stobo Farrow; A. Stobo Bedon; Richard Bedon, and Robin Carr Bedon, a minor. Sarah B. Heyward, the wife of James B. Heyward, the younger, was called Sarah Bedon before she was married, and was the daughter of **Julia A. Davie** and her husband, Richard S. Bedon, the said Julia A. being the only daughter of **Hyder Ali Davie**, who was a son of the testator.*

Mary Wysong, the wife of Dr. R. Wysong, was the widow of Josiah Bedon, who was a son of Richard S. Bedon and his wife, the said Julia A. Davie, Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon were the children of the said Josiah Bedon and Mary, his wife. Hyder D. Bedon, William Z. Bedon, Julia Izard, Jeannie B. Farrow, A. Stobo Bedon, Richard Bedon, and Robin Carr Bedon were children of the said Richard S. Bedon and Julia A. his wife. The defendant Josiah Bedon was a minor when this suit was brought, and during the entire time of its pendency, to a final judgment.

The clause of the will of the testator under which the title was claimed by both parties is set forth in the margin. Frederick William Davie, named in the will, died in April, 1850, leaving no issue surviving him. He left a last will and testament, duly executed, appointing as his executors Frederick G. Fraser and William Davie DeSaussure.

Hyder Ali Davie, named in the will, died in June, 1848, before the death of Frederick William Davie. He left no male children, but only a daughter, the said Julia A. who, after the death of General William Richardson Davie, married the said Richard S. Bedon.

Allen Jones Davie, named in the will, was the eldest son and the eldest child of the testator, and, when the testator died, had three sons and a daughter, and eldest of which sons was Dr. William Richardson Davie, father of the four plaintiffs.

Frederick William Davie, under the will, entered into possession of the plantation, and held the same during his lifetime. At his death, Dr. William Richardson Davie entered into the possession of it, and held it until he died, in January, 1854, intestate. In January, 1873, the defendant (James Barnwell) Heyward and his wife (Sallie Boykin Bedon) entered into possession of the plantation.

In July, 1873, on the petition of the defendant James B. Heyward for the appointment of a guardian ad litem for the infant defendants Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon, as minor children of the late Josiah Bedon and Mary, his wife, then Mary Wysong, the said infants residing in the State of Maryland, an order was made by the circuit court appointing said Heyward their guardian ad litem in this cause, and authorizing and directing him to appear and defend the action on their behalf. On August 1, 1873, Heyward, as their guardian ad litem, filed an answer for them stating that, by reason of their tender years, they were wholly ignorant of the facts and statements set forth in the complaint, and therefore not able to admit or deny the same, but that they submitted their case to the discretion of the court and prayed its judgment for their costs and disbursements.

*The defendants Heyward and wife, Dr. and Mrs. Wysong, Hyder D. Bedon, William Z. Bedon, Julia Izard and her husband, Jeannie B. Farrow and her husband, A. Stobo Bedon, and Richard Bedon answered the complaint, in July, 1873, setting up, as a special defense, that Dr. William Richardson Davie, in his lifetime, while in possession of the plantation, executed to Frederick G. Fraser, as executor of Frederick William Davie, deceased, a lease of the plantation; that afterwards, Dr. William Richardson Davie and said Fraser both of them died, and **William Davie DeSaussure became the sole executor of Frederick William Davie**; that as such executor the said DeSaussure, being in possession of the plantation under said lease, was impleaded in the Court of Common Pleas for Chester District, to answer to Lewis A. Beckham and William F. DeSaussure, survivors of themselves and Frederick William Davie, trustees under the will of Hyder Ali Davie, **in an action of trespass for breaking and entering the premises in question**; that said defendant pleaded not guilty, and the cause was tried before a jury at the fall term, 1855, and **the jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs**; that the defendant appealed, and the case was heard upon exceptions, in the Constitutional Court of Errors, the highest court of the State of South Carolina at May term, 1856; that the appeal and motion of the defendant for a new trial were dismissed, and **a judgment was entered in favor of the plaintiffs in that action, September 29, 1856**, reciting a special verdict in the court of common pleas, which found certain facts set forth therein, and concluded by stating that if, upon those facts, the court should be of opinion that the plaintiffs were entitled to the land, then the jury found for the plaintiffs, with five dollars damages, but if, upon those facts, the court should be of opinion that the plaintiffs had no title to the land, then the jury found for the defendants, and that the judgment of the court thereupon was that the plaintiffs were entitled to the land in question, and that they recover them against the defendants, with five dollars damages and costs. The answer set up that by said judgment of the court of common pleas, and by the adjudication of the questions in litigation therein between the parties, by the Constitutional Court of Errors of the state, the rights of the plaintiffs in the present suit were fully and finally determined and adjudged, and they were barred thereby of all right of recovery against the defendants.*

The plaintiffs filed a reply to that answer of Heyward and others, denying that the rights of the plaintiffs were determined and adjudged or in any way affected by the judgment in the case of Beckham v. DeSaussure, and

alleging that the proceedings and judgment were not had between the same parties as the parties to the present cause, and did not involve the same subject matter; that the plaintiffs herein were not privies in blood or estate to any party or parties in that cause, and that the plaintiffs were not bound by the judgment therein. The reply also denied that the defendant in the case of *Beckham v. DeSaussure* was in **possession of the premises** in question at the time of the commencement of that suit, or at any other time. It alleged that before the institution of proceedings in that cause, to-wit, on June 28, 1850, a bill in equity was filed by said Fraser, as executor of Frederick William Davie, wherein Dr. William Richardson Davie, the father of the plaintiffs, Richard S. Bedon and Julia A. Bedon, his wife, the father and mother of the defendants Hyder D. Bedon, William Z. Bedon, Julia Izard, Jeannie B. Farrow, Sarah B. Heyward, Richard Bedon, and Robin C. Bedon, Josiah Bedon, the father of the infant defendants Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon, Hyder D. Bedon, and William Z. Bedon, defendants in this suit, and the said Beckham and William F. DeSaussure, surviving trustees under the will of Hyder Ali Davie, and plaintiffs in the suit mentioned in the answer of Heyward and others, were impleaded as defendants, the subject matter of which action was the title of Dr. William Richardson Davie (the plaintiffs' father) to the said premises, under the will of General William Richardson Davie; that, the said cause having been heard, a decree of the court was duly entered at Columbia, for the District of Richland, on March 19, 1851, whereby the title in fee of the said father of the plaintiffs in the land was confirmed and **he was declared to be in rightful possession** thereof; that that decree stands as the judgment of the court, unreversed and of force, and that the respective defendants in this cause, as parties, or privies to parties, in the cause of *Frederick G. Fraser, Executor v. Dr. William Richardson Davie* and the other defendants therein, were bound, concluded, and determined by the decree therein, confirming the title of the said father of the plaintiffs in this cause to the premises in question.

The present case was tried before a jury. It found, on August 8, 1873, a special verdict, which is set forth in full in the margin. Upon that special verdict, the district court entered a judgment, on the 16th of August, 1873. That judgment recited service of process on the various defendants, and, among others, on the infant defendants, Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon, minor children of the late Josiah Bedon and Mary, his wife, then Mary Wysong, by publication and mailing through the post-office, and the appearance of said Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon, by James B. Heyward, their guardian ad litem, appointed by order of the court on July 28, 1873, and the service of their answer, and the service of the other answer and of the reply. The judgment also set forth at length the special verdict, and stated that the questions of law reserved for argument had been argued, and that it was adjudged that the plaintiffs recover of the defendants (including Alice Bedon and Josiah Bedon, minor children of Josiah Bedon and Mary, his wife, then Mary Wysong) the possession of the real property mentioned in the complaint, and the sum of five dollars for the withholding thereof, and the costs of the action.

The infant defendant Josiah Bedon, having become of age on December 21, 1885, sued out a writ of error from this Court on December 9, 1887, to review the said judgment. The writ was allowed by Judge Simonton, under § 1008 of the Revised Statutes, having been brought within two years after the judgment was entered, exclusive of the term of the disability of Josiah Bedon as an infant. 33 F. 93.

We are of opinion that the judgment must be affirmed on the ground that the question raised by the plaintiff in error was adjudicated conclusively, so far as he is concerned, by the decree in the suit in equity of *Fraser v. Davie*. To that suit Josiah Bedon, the father of the plaintiff in error, and Mrs. Julia A. Bedon, the grandmother of the plaintiff in error, and her husband, Richard S. Bedon, were made defendants. The only title set up by the plaintiff in error is one alleged to derive through his father and his grandmother. The decree in the suit of *Fraser v. Davie* is found by the special verdict in this case to have been entered March 19, 1851, and to have been a decree dismissing the bill. The bill was taken pro confesso against all the defendants. Notice of an appeal from that decree was given, but the appeal was not prosecuted, and was finally abandoned, and the decree remains unreversed.

The reply in this suit states that a decree in the case of *Fraser v. Davie* was duly entered on March 19, 1851, whereby **the title in fee of Dr. William Richardson Davie (the father of the plaintiffs herein) in the premises in question was confirmed, and he was declared to be in rightful possession of said premises**. The special verdict finds that the bill in the suit of *Fraser v. Davie* claimed that the title to the land was not in Dr. William Richardson Davie, but was either in the heir general of Hyder Ali Davie (namely, Mrs. Julia A. Bedon), or in the grandsons of Hyder Ali Davie, the sons of Mrs. Julia A. Bedon, and that the said bill was taken pro confesso against all the defendants, including Dr. William Richardson Davie, Richard S. Bedon and his wife, Julia A. Bedon, and their sons,

Josiah Bedon, Hyder D. Bedon, and William Z. Bedon, and Lewis A. Beckham and William F. DeSaussure, trustees under the will of Hyder Ali Davie.

It is claimed by the plaintiff in error that the court below erred in not finding that the plaintiffs in this suit were concluded by the case of Beckham v. DeSaussure, and in not finding that Hyder Ali Davie took an estate in fee in the plantation, and in finding that Josiah Bedon, Hyder D. Bedon, and William Z. Bedon were not issue male of Hyder Ali Davie living at his death, through their mother, Julia A. Bedon, and in not finding that Josiah Bedon, senior, the father of the plaintiff in error, died leaving issue male in the person of the plaintiff in error, and that the title to the plantation became vested in the father absolutely, in fee, on the birth of the plaintiff in error, and in finding that, as to the plaintiff in error, the decree in Fraser v. Davie determined the right of the possession of the plantation, and was res adjudicata.

The bill of complaint in Fraser v. Davie alleged that, by the will of the testator, the plantation, on the death of Frederick William Davie without male issue, passed to the heirs of Hyder Ali Davie, he having left, as male issue, the sons of his daughter, Julia A. Bedon, who were alive at the time of his death. The prayer of that bill was for the rescission of the lease from Dr. William Richardson Davie to Fraser, on the grounds set forth in the bill.

It is objected by the plaintiff in error that the bill in Fraser v. Davie was filed in Richland District, while the plantation was in Chester District. We perceive no force in that objection.

The case of Fraser v. Davie is reported in 9 Rich.Law 568, note, and that of Beckham v. DeSaussure in 9 Rich.Law 531.

The decree of March 19, 1851, in the suit of Fraser v. Davie was prior to the judgment of September 29, 1856, in the suit of Beckham and DeSaussure, as trustees, against DeSaussure, executor of Frederick William Davie, and as the plaintiffs in the present suit, the heirs at law of Dr. William Richardson Davie, were not parties to the suit of Beckham against DeSaussure, the judgment in that suit was of no force or effect in favor of the plaintiff in error as against the decree in the suit of Fraser v. Davie.

The plaintiff in error therefore has no case, and the judgment is Affirmed.

MR. JUSTICE GRAY was not present at the argument, and took no part in the decision of this case.

"Itemarried I give and devise all the rest and residue of my lands and real estate in the State of South Carolina to my son Frederick William Davie to him and his heirs forever, subject however to the encumbrances mentioned in this will. And it is my will and I do hereby devise that in case of the death of my said son Frederick William without issue male living at the time of his death, then in that case I give and devise the lands and real estate, so devised as above to the said Frederick William to his brother Hyder Ali Davie to him and to his heirs forever, subject however to the encumbrances in this will mentioned. And in case the said Hyder Ali Davie die without issue male living at the time of his death, then in that case I give and devise the said lands and real estate to the eldest issue male of my son Allen Jones Davie then living when such event shall take place; that is of the sons he may have living at my death, to him and his heirs forever, subject to the encumbrances, directed in this will. And should my said son Frederick William have issue male, and such issue male of my said son Frederick William should or shall die without issue male living at the time of his death, then in that case it is my will and I do devise the lands and real estate, so devised and described above first to my son Hyder Ali Davie and his heirs, and then to the eldest issue male living at the time, of Allen Jones Davie, under the same limitations, and on the same contingencies, and in the same order and manner, as above directed and devised, should my son Frederick William die without any issue male living at the time of his death, to them and their heirs forever. And should my son Hyder Ali Davie have issue male living at the time of his death and such issue male shall die without leaving issue male living at his death, then in that case I give and devise the said lands and real estate so described and devised above should they so have vested under the above contingencies in such issue male to the eldest issue male then living of my son Allen Jones Davie being of his sons living at my death to him his heirs and assigns forever."

"Special Verdict"

"We find:"

"First. That the plantation at Landsford, the subject of this suit, was the property of General William Richardson Davie at his death, which occurred on the 5th day of November, 1820, and that General Davie devised the plantation under the residuary clause in his will, dated the 17th September, 1819."

"Second. That the family of the testator at the time of his death, consisted of the following persons:"

"1. Allen Jones (son), born 16th February, 1785, who resided out of the State of South Carolina, married, and who then had issue, three sons and one daughter, the eldest of whom was William Richardson, the father of the plaintiffs in this case, which son, Allen Jones, by a second marriage had issue, five daughters and another son."

"2. Hyder Ali (son), born 29th October, 1786, who resided near, but not with, the testator, married, and who then had issue, one daughter, Julia A. then a minor unmarried, but who afterwards married Richard S. Bedon, and was mother of the defendants, as hereinafter mentioned."

"3. Mary Haynes (daughter), born 25th June, 1790, then unmarried, residing with the testator; afterwards the wife of John Crockett, with issue, two sons and two daughters."

"4. Sarah Jones (daughter), born 12th March, 1793, then the wife of William F. DeSaussure, with issue then born, two daughters, and a son who was born _____ December, 1819, and was called after the testator, William Davie DeSaussure, and which daughter afterwards had issue, another daughter and two sons."

"5. Martha Rebecca (daughter), born 13th October, 1796, then unmarried, residing with the testator, afterwards the wife of Churchill B. Jones, with issue, a son and daughter."

"6. Frederick William (son), born 11th April, 1800, then residing with the testator, an infant and unmarried."

"Third. That, upon the death of General Davie, Frederick William entered into and took possession of the said plantation under the devise in his father's will, and held the same until his death, which took place on the 29th April, 1850, he having had but one child, a son, who died in infancy before his father's death, to-wit, in 1832."

"Fourth. That Hyder Ali died before Frederick William, to-wit, 13th June, 1848, having had issue but one child, a daughter, before mentioned, to-wit, Julia A. who after General Davie's death had intermarried with Richard S. Bedon, by whom she had issue as follows: (1) Josiah Bedon, now deceased, leaving a widow, Mary, now the wife of Doctor R. Wysong, and two children, Josiah and Alice Bedon, minors; (2) Hyder Davie Bedon; (3) William Z. Bedon; (4) Julia, wife of Allen C. Izard; (5) Jeannie B., wife of T. Stobo Farrow; (6) Sarah B., wife of James B. Heyward, the younger (the said James B. Heyward and Sarah B., his wife, being now the true tenants of the lands in question); (7) A. Stobo Bedon; (8) Richard Bedon, and (9) Robin Carr Bedon, the last of whom is still a minor, and all of whom now living are defendants in this cause, and of whom Josiah, Hyder D., and William Z. were living at the death of their grandfather, Hyder Ali, and A. Stobo born after his death, and before the death of Frederick William Davie."

"Fifth. That Hyder Ali, by his last will and testament, a copy of which is made part of this verdict, devised and bequeathed his whole estate, real and personal, to Frederick William Davie, Lewis A. Beckham, and William F. DeSaussure, in trust for his daughter, Mrs. Bedon, and her children."

"Sixth. That Frederick William, during his last illness, sent for Dr. William R. Davie, then a resident of Alabama, to come to him and Landsford to arrange with him for the continued occupation of the lands by the widow of Frederick William after his death; that Dr. William R. Davie did accordingly make a journey to South Carolina, but did not reach Landsford until after his uncle's death; that upon the arrival of the said Dr. William R. Davie from Alabama after the death of the said Frederick William, he entered upon and took possession of the said lands, and, in compliance with his uncle's wishes, leased the same to Frederick G. Fraser, the brother of the widow and the qualified executor of Frederick William, for a term of ten years at an annual rent of 20,000 pounds of ginned cotton; that Frederick G. Fraser, as executor, having thus, in compliance with the wish of Frederick William Davie, secured a lease of the place for a number of years, placed Churchill B. Jones, son of Martha Rebecca Jones and nephew of the said Frederick William, in charge of the place, and the widow, with the said Churchill B. Jones, continued to reside upon the said lands, and, with the said Churchill B. Jones, worked the said plantation in the interest of the estate of

Frederick William until dispossessed under the proceedings in the case of Beckham and DeSaussure against DeSaussure."

"That on the 28th of June, 1850, Frederick G. Fraser, brother of the said widow and the said executor of Frederick William Davie, filed a bill in equity in Richland district praying to be relieved from the said lease on the ground of mistake, as he had since been advised that the title to the said lands was not in the said William R. Davie, but either in the heir general of Hyder Ili or in the grandsons of Hyder Ali, the sons of Mrs. Julia A. Bedon; that to this suit William R. Davie, Richard S. Bedon, and Mrs. Julia A. Bedon and their sons, Josiah Bedon, Hyder D. Bedon, and William Z. Bedon, and Lewis A. Beckham and William F. DeSaussure, trustees under the will of Hyder A. Davie, were made parties, and the bill taken pro confesso against all the defendants."

"That the cause came on to be heard before Chancellor Johnston, who, on the 19th March, 1851, by decree dismissed the said bill; that notice of appeal from this decree was given, but the appeal was not prosecuted, and finally abandoned, and the decree remains unreversed; copies of which lease, bill, and decree are made part of this verdict."

"That William R. Davie, then residing in Alabama, remained in possession of the lands by his tenants under the lease until his death, which took place on the 4th January, 1854."

"Seventh. That sometime after the death of Dr. William R. Davie, to-wit, on the 9th September, 1854, an action of trespass to try title was brought by Lewis A. Beckham and William F. DeSaussure, as survivors of Frederick William Davie, Lewis A. Beckham, and William F. DeSaussure, trustees under the will of Hyder Ali Davie, against William D. DeSaussure, in the Court of Common Pleas for Chester District, and upon a special verdict found it was adjudged that the said plaintiffs, Lewis A. Beckham and William F. DeSaussure, had right and were entitled to the said lands, and that the said plaintiffs should recover against the said defendant, William D. DeSaussure, the said lands, which judgment was, upon appeal, confirmed by the Court of Errors for the State of South Carolina, a copy of the record in which case is made part of this verdict; that under this judgment the said Lewis A. Beckham and William F. DeSaussure obtained possession of the said lands in the year 1856."

"Eighth. That Frederick G. Fraser, executor of Frederick William Davie, departed this life on or about the 1st February, 1852, and that thereupon William D. DeSaussure, who had been named as executor in the will of Frederick William Davie, qualified thereon."

"Ninth. That sometime after the decision of the Court of Errors of the State of South Carolina of the case of Beckham and DeSaussure against DeSaussure, and final judgment entered thereon in the Court of Common Pleas for Chester District, proceedings were had in the Court of Equity for Chester District, by and among the children of Mrs. Julia Bedon for a partition of the Landsford plantation among said children; that under said proceedings the said Landsford plantation was sold by the commissioner in equity for Chester District, and that Churchill B. Jones became the purchaser, paying a portion of the purchase money in cash, and giving his bond, with a mortgage of the premises, for the balance; that thereafter Churchill B. Jones conveyed a considerable portion of said Landsford plantation to Cadwallader Rives and W. D. Fudge, and remained in possession of the remainder himself; that thereafter the Commissioner in Equity for Chester District filed his bill in the Court of Equity for Chester District against said Churchill B. Jones, C. Rives, and W. D. Fudge for a foreclosure of the mortgage given to said commissioner in equity to secure the purchase money; that under said proceedings, a decree of foreclosure was had, a sale ordered, and the premises sold by said Commissioner in Equity, and that at said sale T. Stobo Farrow, as the agent of the children of Mrs. Julia Bedon, became the purchaser, and that under said title the defendants now hold, and that the defendant James B. Heyward, the younger, is now in possession under a lease from T. Stobo Farrow, as said agent of said heirs."

"Tenth. That the said plaintiffs, William R. Davie, Mary Fraser, wife of Stephen McPherson Woolf, John McKenzie Davie, and Allen Jones Davie, are the only surviving heirs at law of the said Dr. William R. Davie, who died intestate, and that the said plaintiffs are citizens of the State of Texas, and are of the ages following, to-wit: William R. Davie, born 15th June, 1843; Mary Fraser Woolf, born 5th September, 1845; John McKenzie Davie, born 24th October, 1847, and Allen Jones Davie, born 31st July, 1850."

"If upon the facts thus found the court shall be of opinion that the plaintiffs are entitled to the land, then we find for the plaintiffs the land described in the plat made by Charles Boyd, dated 17th May, 1813, as mentioned in the plaintiffs' complaint, and which lands are designated and contained within the lines indicated in the said plat by the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, and the islands opposite, and five dollars damages; but if, upon the facts found, the court shall be of opinion that the plaintiffs have no title, then we find for the defendants."

DAVIE FAMILY HOMES

“LORETTA”, town of Halifax, Halifax County, North Carolina



“LORETTA”, home of William Richardson Davie from c1780-1810 in Halifax, NC. This is part of the NC State Historic Halifax site and is available for tours. It is registered with the National Register of Historic Places in 1973.

TIVOLI, town of Landsford, Chester County, South Carolina

No photograph survived of “Tivoli”, the plantation home of William Richardson Davie in Landsford, South Carolina which sat on more than 3000 acres along the Catawba River in the Waxhaws. The house burned sometime after the Civil War, possibly as a result of Union raiders. The burning of Tivoli destroyed many Davie artifacts and records that would have been stored in his home. Archeologists have found the footprint.

His Tivoli plantation is now part of the [Landsford Canal State Park](#) in Chester County, South Carolina.

Hidden beneath layers of history and time, the lost plantation of William Richardson Davie—Revolutionary War hero, North Carolina Governor, and founder of UNC—has been rediscovered.

Using Davie’s own handwritten letters, 1800s maps, and clues uncovered in a recent archaeological dig at Landsford Canal State Park, the search for Tivoli led through forgotten paths and Civil War scars. The once-grand estate was burned by Union soldiers and faded from memory—until now.

In a letter to a friend, Davie described his home:

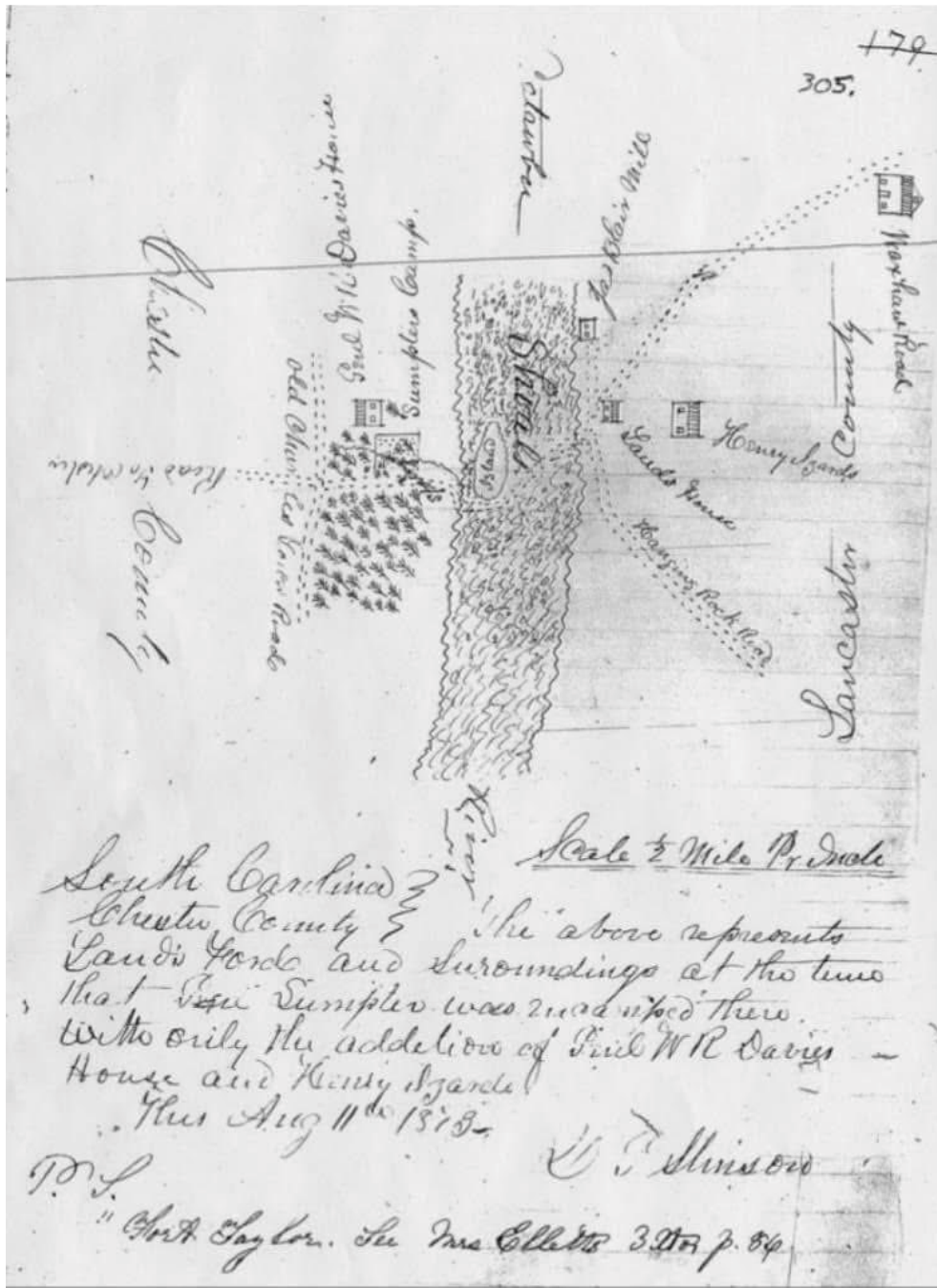
“When you come within a mile and a half of my house, you will probably observe a graveyard... turn up the road leading to my house—the post is not 250 yards from my gate.”

History is calling from the woods of South Carolina... and Tivoli has been found.

The full story, with fascinating details, is now available thanks to UNC’s archaeology team. Dive into the full report here:

<https://archaeology.sites.unc.edu/.../Finding-Tivoli.-An...>
[#WaxhawHistory](#) [#TivoliFound](#) [#LostPlantation](#) [#LandsfordCanal](#) [#RevolutionaryWar](#) [#UNCFounder](#)
[#HistoryUnearthed](#)

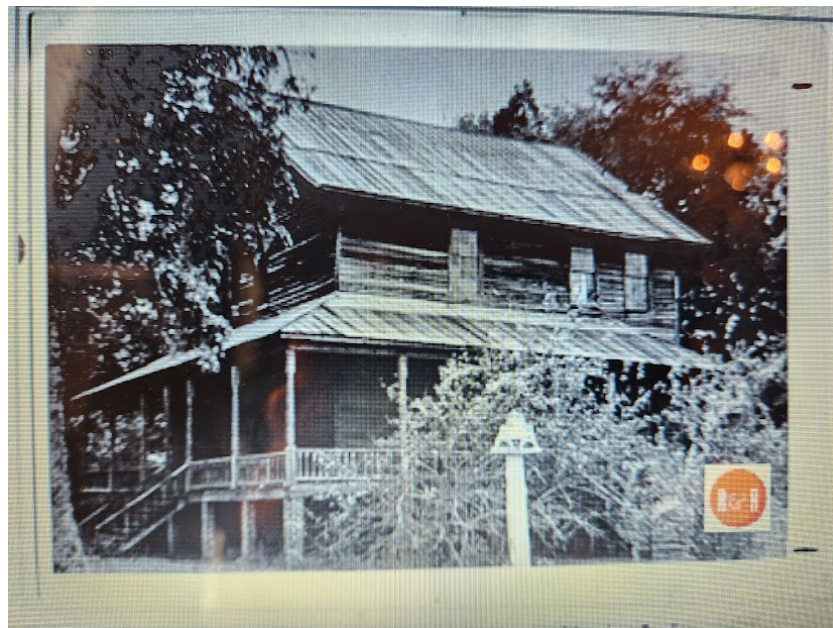
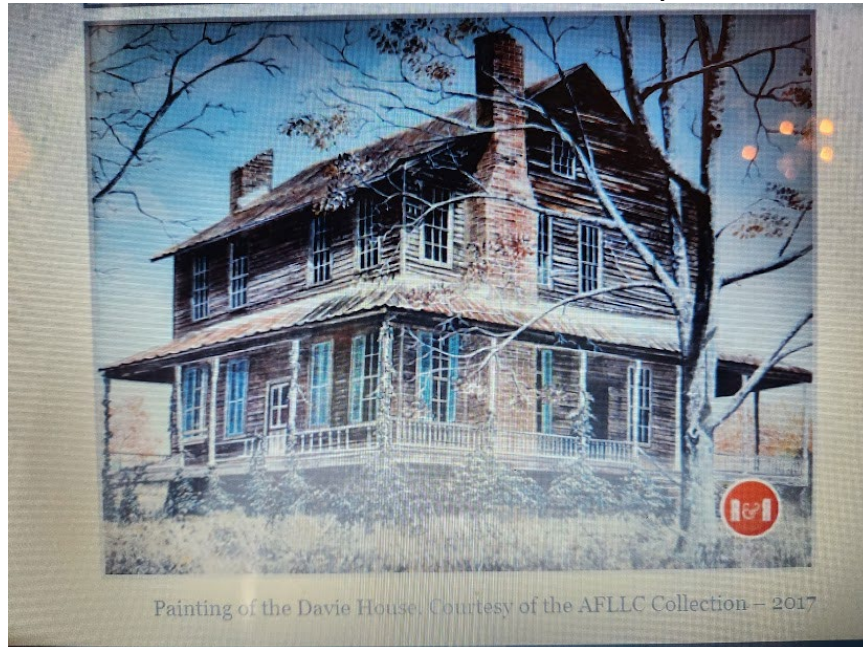
<https://cdr.lib.unc.edu/downloads/j6731915r?locale=en>



Source: Facebook ([20+](#)) Facebook

Resource: FINDING TIVOLI: AN **ARCHAEOLOGICAL SEARCH** FOR WILLIAM RICHARDSON DAVIE'S HOME AT LAND'S FORD, CHESTER COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA by R. P. Stephen Davis, Jr. And Brett H. Riggs Research Laboratories of Archaeology University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, 2003/4. [Source: Finding Tivoli \(unc.edu\)](#)

HOME OF HYDER ALI DAVIE, son of WR Davie, Landsford, SC was located very near to his father's home, "Tivoli".



Home of Colonel William R. Davie III 1843-1921 and wife Henrietta Waltham, son of Allen Jones Davie and grandson of General William Richardson Davie. This home was located near to his grandfather's, William Richardson Davie in the Waxhaws in South Carolina. Around 1899, Davie moved to Texas as a result of a controversial incident involving a death of a Negro and the house was sold to Captain JA Thomas for his daughter and husband, WS Garrison.

A brick was found there with the date 1828.

SOURCES:

	<i>William Richardson Davie, Soldier, Statesman, and Founder of the University of North Carolina, 1756-2006</i> , Semiquincentennial, The North Carolina Collection, The University Library, the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.
	<i>William Richardson Davie</i> , by Blackwell Pierce Robinson, Chapel Hill, The University of North Carolina Press, Copyright, 1957. Volume sponsored by the NC Society of the Cincinnati.
	Old Waxhaw Presbyterian Church, located eight miles from Lancaster, South Carolina. Tombstones for WR Davie, Archibald and Mary Richardson Davie (parents), William Richardson (uncle) and other family members. WR Davie's wife, Sarah Jones Davie is buried in Halifax, NC.
	<i>North Carolina's Revolutionary Founders</i> , edited by Jeff Broadwater and Troy I. Kickler, The University of North Carolina Press, Chapel Hill, 2019, ISBN 9781469651200
	<i>The John Paul Jones-Willie Jones Tradition-A Defense of the North Carolina Position</i> by Elizabeth H. Cotton, Chapel Hill, NC 1966, printed in USA by Heritage Printers, Inc. Charlotte, NC
	<i>Charlotte and the American Revolution</i> , Richard Plumer, History Press, 2011 ISBN 978.1.62619.542.4
	<i>North Carolina Land Grants in South Carolina</i> , Brent H. Holcomb, published by Genealogical Publishing Co. Inc. 1986, Baltimore, MD
	<i>History of Halifax County</i> , WC Allen, published by The Cornhill Company, 1918, Boston, Mass. ISBN 978-1-59641-262-0
	<i>William Richardson Davie – A memoir</i> , by JG de Roulhac Hamilton, published by University 1907, Chapel Hill, NC
	<i>The Governors of North Carolina</i> , edited by Michael Hill, Office of Archives and History, NC Department of Cultural Resources, Raleigh, NC, 2007.
	<i>North Carolina's Revolutionary Founders</i> , edited by Jeff Broadwater and Troy L. Kickler, University of NC Press, Chapel Hill, 2019. Article: William R. Davie: North Carolina's Patriot Partisan by Scott King-Owen.
	<i>Genealogical History</i> by Cadwallader Jones. Printed by Bryan Printing Co. Columbia, SC 1899 (on-line)

EPITATH

The legacy of WR Davie remains.

“Soldier, Jurist, Statesman, and Patriot”

Portrait by Karen Vaughan,
after Charles Vanderlyn, painted 1800 in Paris.

